

THE EUROPEAN TIMES

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Looking for balance: Paddy Ashdown's promise to vote down Labour's tax proposals could win the Liberal Democrats votes from disaffected Conservatives

Ashdown would veto Labour's top tax plans

BY ROBIN OAKLEY, POLITICAL EDITOR

LABOUR will be unable to introduce John Smith's tax package, including the removal of the £21,060 ceiling on National Insurance payments and the introduction of a 50p rate of income tax, unless Neil Kinnock wins an overall majority next Thursday.

In a move which could have a considerable effect on voting behaviour, Paddy Ashdown, the Liberal Democrat leader, confirms today in an interview with *The Times* that

his party would vote against any Labour finance bill implementing the shadow budget tax package.

The Conservatives would be bound to vote against any such bill, so a minority Labour government would find it virtually impossible to push through the shadow chancellor's plans in their present form. A minority Labour government would be forced to reconsider phasing in its National Insurance changes or introducing the 50p tax band for employees earning £40,000 or more.

The Liberal Democrats believe that the Labour tax package would wreck Britain's economic recovery by removing incentives for the middle management, who will be a key factor in helping the country to emerge from the recession. Mr Ashdown says that Labour is "entirely wrong" in suggesting that it can pay for its planned spending increases entirely from the new tax band and the 9 per cent rise in National Insurance contributions for those earning £21,060 or more.

"Imposing 59 per cent tax rates incorporating NICs at £40,000 is very bad news indeed," he said. "In particular hitting middle management, not just middle-income earners, with a 49 per cent tax rate at £27,000 is very bad news."

Mr Ashdown said his party would "seek to use our influence and bargain very hard indeed" to resist Labour's proposed tax increases. The Liberal Democrats are in favour of removing the National Insurance ceiling, but they want to merge the tax and NI systems, graduating tax increases so that the middle-income earners will not be hit so hard.

The party could benefit in two ways from its resistance to Labour's tax plans. First, the Liberal Democrats believe it will reassure Conservative wavering who have been tempted to vote for them, but who might otherwise be frightened back into the Tory camp for fear of Labour's tax plans. They also think that middle-income voters who have been contemplating voting for Labour, despite fears about Mr Smith's tax plans, will now want to support the Liberal Democrats in the hope that the third party will act as a restraining collar on Labour in a hung parliament.

With the weekend opinion polls expected to show Labour's lead trimmed and with the country on course for a hung parliament, Mr Ashdown and his colleagues believe that they can continue their recent advance. They think that John Major's attack on them, as a Trojan Horse party which would let Labour into Downing Street, might backfire on the Tories by encouraging more tactical voting.

In his interview with *The Times*, Mr Ashdown is careful not to give any impression that the Liberal Democrats could do a deal only with Labour. He says that they disagree with Labour on virtually every aspect of economic policy. He makes it plain that his party accepts the case for highly flexible labour markets and therefore rejects Labour's national minimum wage.

Mr Kinnock yesterday insisted that his latest moves on

Election 92, pages 9-12
Peter Riddell, page 16
Leading article, page 17
Letters, page 17
Pound falls, page 21



Jason Donovan awarded £200,000

BY RAY CLANCY

JASON Donovan was yesterday awarded £200,000 damages in the High Court against a magazine that suggested he was homosexual and a hypocrite who lied about his sexual preferences.

The award to the Australian actor and pop star came in spite of one of the strongest warnings to date from a judge to a jury not to go "over the top".

The *Face*, which has a readership of more than 300,000, is now under threat of closure. The publication also faces costs estimated at £200,000. Last night Richard East, Mr Donovan's manager, said that the singer had brought the action to clear his name not to close the magazine and be would begin discussions with the publisher aimed at saving the publication.

The award came after a five-day trial during which Mr Donovan, aged 23, said in the witness box that he was not a homosexual although he believed that everyone should be free to lead their own sort of life.

During his summing up, Mr Justice Drake told the jurors to remember that Mr Donovan's hurt had lasted less than a year and would end with their verdict. He said there were people "out there" with injuries that could never be put right.

Gay slur, page 3

Bookies forecast bumper weekend

BY JOHN GOODBODY, SPORTS NEWS CORRESPONDENT

AN EXPECTED crowd of 60,000 will brave a chilly afternoon to watch the Grand National at Aintree today on a weekend of important sports events that is expected to produce a record turnover for the bookmakers. The National usually attracts bets of £70 million but William Hill said yesterday that with the general election, Boat Race and FA cup semi-finals also taking place, the record was likely to be broken.

William Hill is expecting heavy Grand National betting on the typically-named Party Politics, now 14-1, while Ladbrokes is offering 55-1 against Party Politics winning today and Labour gaining an overall majority in the election. Docklands Express, ridden by the champion jockey Peter Scudamore, is expected to start favourite.

The day is expected to be dry, with the winds less fierce than yesterday and security will be increased for the race, which is likely to be watched on television by 16 million people in Britain and 350 million worldwide. Last year, animal rights demonstrators delayed the start for eight minutes and yesterday they

marched to the Liverpool course protesting against National Hunt racing.

Oxford, who have won 15 of the last 16 Boat Races, will start 4-7 favourites for the 138th Boat Race, which begins at 2.35pm. The BBC will be televising the Grand National and the Boat Race today, and tomorrow will screen the FA cup semi-finals between Liverpool and Portsmouth at Highbury and Norwich and Sunderland, which will be the first semi-final to be played at Hillsborough since the 1969 disaster.

Today, much of Scotland and Northern Ireland will be dry and bright early on, but a little rain will spread to many places later. Wales and the west of England will be dry and bright with some sunshine, but eastern England will have a lot of cloud and there will be a chance of showers.

On Sunday, England and Wales will be dry and bright and a little milder. Scotland and Northern Ireland will be mostly cloudy and there will be rain later.

Forecast, page 20
Sport, pages 30-36

Yeltsin warns Ukraine over Black Sea Fleet

FROM MARY DEJEVSKY IN MOSCOW

PRESIDENT Yeltsin appeared yesterday to raise the stakes in his dispute with Ukraine, threatening to place the Black Sea Fleet under Russian command if Ukraine acted unilaterally to "change its status". He also sent Aleksandr Rutskoi, his vice-president, to the fleet's base at Sevastopol in the Crimea.

Mr Yeltsin's statement, transmitted by Tass, constituted an indirect response to one made by President Kravchuk earlier in the week, when he gave a warning that Ukraine wanted a sufficient portion of the fleet to ensure the country's security. Admiral Vladimir Chernavin, the commander of the former

Soviet fleet, said Ukraine planned to keep 90 per cent of it.

Russia and Ukraine have disputed its ownership since the break-up of the Soviet Union, with Russia insisting that most of the 300 ships should remain under Commonwealth command, as "strategic forces" and Ukraine disputing the term strategic and claiming sufficient ships to form a national navy. Mr Yeltsin's warning came as he was engaged in intense political manoeuvring on the eve of the Russian Congress of People's Deputies, which opens on Monday.

Tough congress, page 15

Salaries in advance beat the shadow budget

BY DAVID YOUNG

MORE than 5,000 high earners in advertising and merchant banking last night received pay packets containing their entire salary for next year. The move was designed to avoid their having to pay higher rates of income tax if Labour wins next week's election.

One merchant bank employee who has signed a loyalty clause entitling him to a bonus of £500,000 on January 1, 1996, was paid the full amount in advance. Tax was deducted at the current 40 per cent higher rate to escape any increase under a Labour government which could be in force by 1996.

Stockbrokers James Capel, Credit Lyonnais-Laing, Smith New Court, and Salomon Brothers, the American securities firm, have already brought forward bonus payments to avoid any tax rises. Several other finance houses have admitted that they paid out bonuses

this year in gold to avoid having to pay higher employers' National Insurance contributions on the earnings involved and allowing employees to defer tax payments until the gold is sold. BHS, the retail group, has also brought forward bonus payments for about 50 of its senior managers so that they could receive them before the current tax year ends tomorrow.

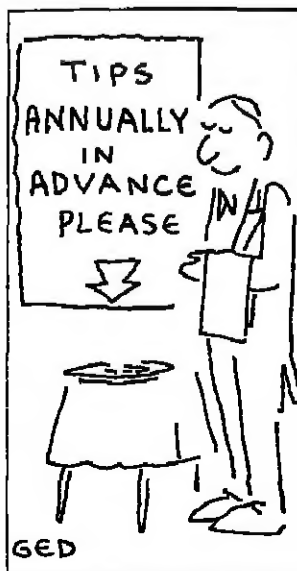
The pay-in-advance schemes were drawn up by tax advisers after a study of Labour's "Shadow Budget." The advertising industry has been especially concerned about Labour's tax proposals because of its high number of earners in the £50,000 to £100,000 bracket. A single person earning £50,000, not unusual in London advertising circles, would be £3,500 a year worse off under Labour's tax proposals.

David Marks, an accountant and partner in Arthur Andersen, financial consultants to companies in the media,

merchant banking and finance, has been the brains behind many of the schemes. They are perfectly legal, because the 1989 Finance Act makes tax payable on the date salaries are paid rather than over the period they cover.

The payments are, however, irreversible. If the Conservatives win the election. But the high earners involved take the view that higher taxes under Labour are more likely than lower taxes under the Tories. Mr Marks said: "A lot of people will be very badly hit by the higher tax rates. The advertising industry will be hit particularly hard by Labour's proposed changes because so many earn significantly more than the national average. As a London-based industry, salaries are higher and it is not renowned for being prudent with its money when it is earning it, so a lot of people have a great deal of debt."

The Confederation of British Industry
Continued on page 20, col 1



THE TIMES: BREAKING THE NEWS

BREAKING THE CHAINS



Freedom has not brought peace for Gerald Ronson and Terry Waite, who have each emerged from incarceration to find new problems at home. In Saturday Review, Valerie Grove talks to Waite and finds a man searching for a fresh role; and on page 23, Martin Waller profiles Ronson as he prepares to sell £1 billion in property to meet his debts

BREAKING THE RULE



In 1642, Oliver Cromwell and Charles I took their argument over sovereignty and parliamentary privilege to the battlefield. The Times is marking the 350th anniversary of the English revolution with a travelling exhibition, and Weekend Times today details many other events commemorating the civil war. Meanwhile, Saturday Review ponders what a decade of fighting did to the national character

BREAKING THE BANK



The taxman isn't always the enemy; sometimes he's simply the referee upholding the rules. In Weekend Money on page 25, we see how families can play the game to avoid paying more than they need — and give tips on what wise investors should do between now and polling day to safeguard their savings

BREAKING THE MOULD



In this vital week for the future of Britain, Times columnists will be pointing the way forward. With Matthew Parris to make you laugh, and Peter Riddell and Ivor Crewe to make you think, The Times offers an unrivalled service up to the election and beyond. There has never been a more important time to keep our wits about you

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Judges say voting for TV award was rigged

BY MELINDA WITTSTOCK, MEDIA CORRESPONDENT

ALLEGATIONS of vote-rigging in British television's answer to the Oscars forced the British Academy of Film and Television Arts yesterday to promise a thorough investigation of the claims at a full meeting of the academy's council on Monday.

Four of the seven members of the judging panel for the best drama series, awarded ten days ago to Granada's *Prime Suspect*, have written to Bafta to query the verdict, claiming that they voted for *GBH*, Alan Bleasdale's political drama on Channel 4.

Sir Richard Attenborough, the film-maker, and David Plowright, the former Granada Television chairman, are among senior Bafta members who will investigate the voting procedures. Richard Price, the Bafta chairman, said last night that a preliminary investigation earlier this week shows that the academy's voting regulations were "scrupulously adhered to".

Results of the secret ballot were double-checked and *Prime Suspect* had been declared the winner "in accordance with the votes cast".

However, a further investigation would be "discussed in detail with all members of the council, including the chairman of the jury concerned". Mr Price said there was no question at present of withdrawing the award from *Prime Suspect*, for which Helen Mirren also won the best television actress award for her starring role.

Tony Byrne, Bafta's director, said: "We have had a suggestion of vote-rigging. Any incident which means the reputation of the academy is called into question is highly regrettable." The jury members were Archie Tait, David Reid, Clive Exton, Herbert Wise, Mark Steyn, Louis Marks and Ross Devensh. Irene Shubik, the creator of *Rumpole of the Bailey* and the chairman of the jury, did not vote. The four protesting jurors wished to remain anonymous.

Mr Wise, a television director, is best known for throwing Ryan O'Neal off the set of *Poor Little Rich Girl*, starring Farrah Fawcett, the actor's wife. Mr Devensh is a South African film director. Mr Marks was the producer of a proposed dramatisation of the Guinness affair, and Mr Reid was the former head of series drama at the BBC. Mr Exton is a dramatist. Mr Tait is a film executive and Mr Steyn is the *Evening Standard's* television critic.

Mr Bleasdale, the writer of *GBH*, said last night: "I don't mind losing in a fair contest. I've had plenty of chances to get used to that in the past. But I can't accept it if cheating is involved." Lynda La Plante, the writer of *Prime Suspect*, said: "Winning the award was the most important moment of my career. But if it is wrong we should go for another vote."

Bafta has always prided itself on its reputation for impartiality and lack of vested interests in honouring the year's best programmes. The vote-rigging suggestions come days after ITV companies threatened to pull out of Bafta altogether, claiming that the voting system unfairly limits the number of programmes that can be considered for one of the four nominations in each category. The companies also say the Bafta voting system favours the BBC, a claim that is denied by Mr Price.



Mirren: best actress for *Prime Suspect*

Dispute deepens on Jersey

BY RICHARD FORD, HOME CORRESPONDENT

A DISPUTE between the government and Jersey parliament worsened last night when the Home Office denied that it had agreed to a six-month reprieve for a judge threatened with dismissal.

Home Office officials and Sir Peter Cribb, the island's bailiff, were understood to be angered at claims made in Jersey that a decision had been reached that the judge would remain in office for six months so that he could bring his work up to date.

Vernon Tomes, aged 61, a senior judge who, as deputy bailiff, is also deputy speaker of the States, the Jersey parliament, has been at the centre of a dispute since he was given an ultimatum to leave office in seven days or resign. The order was lifted so that a delegation of Jersey MPs could meet Sir Clive Whitmore, the permanent secretary at the Home Office, to discuss the case, which has arisen after complaints about the length of time it had taken Mr Tomes to deliver judgments.

Yesterday, senator Dick Shenton said in Jersey: "Mr Tomes has been allowed six months to bring his work entirely up to date. He will continue in office as Deputy Bailiff."

The Home Office, however, insisted that no decision had been made about the future of Mr Tomes. A spokesman said that officials had listened to the views of the delegation and had promised to pass them to the home secretary. It is understood that one of the ideas put forward by the delegation was that Mr Tomes be given six months to complete his judgments and then be allowed to choose his own workload.



Scene of crime: armed police at the TSB branch at Stetford, Greater Manchester, where a female employee locked in a gunman

Gunman flees after clerk locks him in bank

BY RONALD FAIR

A MASKED gunman was locked in the bank he was trying to rob yesterday by the young bank clerk he had ordered to open the safe. Armed police surrounded the building, but the man escaped.

The clerk, a woman aged 22, was confronted by the

raider who pointed a handgun at her when she opened the TSB branch in Stetford, Greater Manchester. She told him that she had no access to the bank's secure areas. He ordered her to open the Speedbank automatic cash dispenser but she told him she could not.

A TSB official in London said that the man then be-

came agitated and the clerk calmed him down and told him that, if she could leave the building, she would get the keys. "When she left the branch, she locked him in the building and then ran to call the police."

The armed response unit of Greater Manchester police surrounded the building, but the man had es-

caped through a back window. Nothing was taken.

Police and the bank praised the calmness and bravery of the young woman yesterday. Her name was not disclosed for her own safety.

The official said: "It was a very brave thing to do and she has now begun to realise what might have happened. She is in a very agitated,

upset state and the police are concerned for her safety."

Police say that the man broke into the bank through a hole in the roof without setting off the building's alarm system. He then lay in wait for the bank to open. Police described him as a white male, 5ft 10in, aged 25-35, and of slim to medium build.

Councils warned over tax register

BY DOUGLAS BROOM, LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRESPONDENT

COUNCILS trying to compile registers to check who is paying the proposed council tax will face prosecution, the data protection watchdog said yesterday.

David Smith, the assistant data protection registrar, said that whatever system of local taxation replaced the council tax, councils would not be entitled to amass information about residents.

Eight councils were prosecuted for contravening the Data Protection Act after the introduction of the poll tax two years ago, prompting the first sitting of the data protection tribunal in its six year history. Although the law specifically permitted the keeping of a poll tax register the councils were convicted for keeping non-essential information about dates of birth and the types of houses in which people lived.

The Labour party and a large number of city council treasurers have said that the council tax will not be workable without an almost complete register of all people living in each council area.

Michael Portillo, the local government minister, has insisted that no such register will be needed for the new tax. Writing in the official journal of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy, Mr Smith said that councils were only entitled to keep information about individuals if it was

strictly necessary. "For properties where the full council tax is payable it is difficult to see the relevance of holding any personal data beyond the name and address of the person liable to pay the tax," he said.

Councils would also be forbidden to sell valuation lists to mailing houses and if they sent out council tax questionnaires to residents they would have to specify in detail how the information would be used.

Mr Smith said that although his comments related to the council tax, the principles also applied to Labour's fair rates plan. "The fundamental rule is that local authorities may ask for and keep only the minimum information needed to carry out their statutory functions," he said.

A nurse sent to prison for ten weeks for failing to pay her poll tax was freed on bail by a judge yesterday pending a High Court challenge to the jailing order.

Deborah Clark, an agency nurse from Stonehouse, Gloucester, was committed to prison on March 19 by South Gloucester magistrates after failing to keep up with a £6 a week payment order.

The magistrates had earlier remitted £150 of her community charge bill and her lawyers argued that having done so it was "inconsistent and unreasonable" to jail her for failing to pay the balance.

Joyce file saved from Paris to go on view

BY BRUCE ARNOLD

A FIFTY-YEAR embargo on what may be the last significant collection of James Joyce papers is being lifted.

The collection will be opened by Albert Reynolds, the Irish republic's prime minister, in a ceremony at the National Library, Dublin, at noon tomorrow. Stephen James Joyce and Alexis Leon, grandsons, respectively, of Joyce and of his secretary, Paul Leon, are to attend.

The papers were rescued from James Joyce's flat in Paris by his secretary after the writer had fled the city on his way to Zurich, which he reached early in 1940, dying there a year later. Joyce had intended his departure from Paris to be temporary, and, because he had left bills unpaid, his landlord appropriated and auctioned some possessions.

Leon went back to the apartment on the rue des Vignes to collect documents. He brought back some other property at the auction, and managed to deposit the papers with the Irish minister in Paris, Count O'Kelly. Leon was then arrested by the Gestapo, and, being Jewish, was interned and shot.

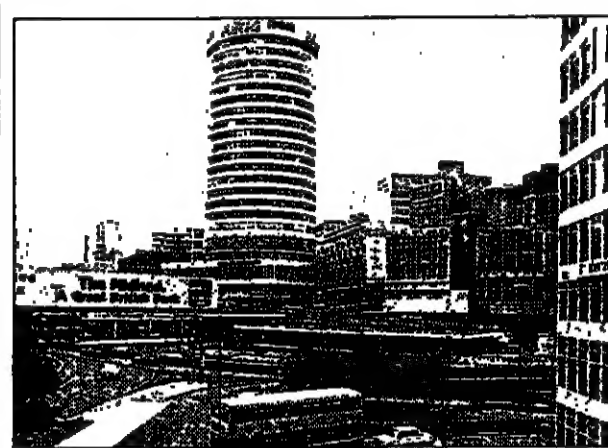
Leon's instructions to the Irish diplomat, in the event of his death, were to transfer the two boxes of papers to the National Library in Dublin, where they were to be held unopened for 50 years from Joyce's death. It has taken a further year since the lifting of the embargo for the papers to be catalogued and made available to the public.

The handing over of the collection was controversial. Joyce's widow, Nora, and his son, Giorgio, tried to recover the papers, and it is understood that lawyers for the James Joyce estate visited Dublin to discuss the contents of the boxes.

Joyce's grandson, who is sensitive about family privacy, has been in Dublin this week discussing the papers with Pat Donlon, the chief librarian. It is understood that some remain under embargo, and others may even have been withdrawn.

There is intense interest in the collection. Samuel Beckett was a close friend of Joyce at the time of the latter's association with Leon and went to Vichy with Joyce when the writer left Paris. Beckett has since become a rival in the hall of fame, one of Ireland's most admired authors, and, unlike Joyce, a Nobel prize-winner. Anything connected with him will add to the value of the collection.

However, the collection is unlikely to contain important manuscripts. Most of the important Joyce material is now in the United States.



Hogging the skyline: Birmingham's Rotunda

Bank offers to save unloved landmark

BY CRAIG SETON

A CHAMPION has come forward to save the Rotunda, the unloved landmark in the centre of Birmingham that is facing demolition to make way for a £500 million redevelopment of the city's Bull Ring shopping complex.

Lloyds Bank, a tenant at the base of the Rotunda, wants the bulldozers stopped and is to present plans for the spherical office tower to be safeguarded and given an expensive facelift that would include a laser-beam display on its roof.

The bank concedes that its desire to save the 18-storey building is driven by commercial rather than aesthetic considerations. The Rotunda was completed in the mid-1960s and has become a visual symbol of the city, although the London and Edinburgh Trust (LET), the developer of the Bull Ring site, compares it to a Coca Cola tin.

LET wants the site of the Rotunda as the main entrance to the proposed new Bull Ring shopping centre, a project it says is one of the most complex being undertaken anywhere in Europe. A public enquiry in Birmingham is at present hearing objections to compulsory purchase orders necessary for the redevelopment to

go ahead. Lloyds Bank, which was founded in Birmingham in 1765, will make its plea for the Rotunda at a hearing next week and put forward plans for a £3.8 million refurbishment, including a new facade.

David Drake, the bank's regional executive director, said yesterday: "From a commercial point of view we have a substantial business there that we want to protect. We believe there is no need to demolish the Rotunda. Under our proposals it could be retained and incorporated within LET's wider plans."

He said Lloyds wanted to remain loyal to its customers and stay in that part of the city centre. It was not happy at the possibility of finding temporary offices until the Bull Ring redevelopment was completed.

LET's Bull Ring design has been on the drawing board for three years. Local community groups have said that it is not "people-friendly". The city council has not objected to the end of the Rotunda and supports the company's latest proposals for one million square feet of shops to replace the existing complex. They include a 30-storey office facing New Street station to act as a new landmark.

£10m for boy who survived car crash

A boy stands to receive nearly £10 million damages from a structured settlement if he lives to the age of 70 after suffering severe brain damage in a road accident in 1982 in which his mother was killed.

A High Court judge adjourned a claim last month by Matthew English, aged 15, for negotiations to turn a guaranteed £510,000 conventional lump sum award into a structured settlement giving him an annual inflation-proof investment income for the rest of his life. Yesterday, Mr Justice Hidden approved the award after being told by David Barker, QC, that the boy would receive a £75,000 lump sum with the balance invested.

If he lived to 70, as medical experts predict, he would receive payments totalling £9,608,560. In addition, Matthew will receive £1,100 out of a total of £40,000 awarded over his mother's death. His father, Benjamin English, aged 40, will receive £35,000 and the balance will be split between his sister Rachel, aged 11, and brother Paul, 12, and Mark, 16.

Matthew and his mother, Irene, aged 30, were knocked down by a car in December 1982. The claim was against the estate of John Hales, of Bungay, Suffolk, who died later from unrelated causes. They were awarded against his insurers, Prudential. The award over Mrs English's death was on the basis that she was two thirds to blame for the accident, near her home at Halesworth, Suffolk, partly because she was wearing dark clothes and was not keeping a look-out.

The settlement means Mr English can return to work as a postman after spending nine years looking after his four children alone. He nursed Matthew through his disabilities, helping him to learn to walk again.

Howard fears

Doctors were concerned last night about the condition of Frankie Howard, who is in intensive care, receiving treatment for a serious heart problem at the Harley Street Clinic. Mr Howard, aged 70, was comfortable, but seriously ill, the clinic said. He was taken to hospital on Thursday from his home in London after suffering breathing difficulties. It is understood that he has not had a heart attack.

Cruelty to baby

A woman was sent to a psychiatric unit for partly smothering her baby granddaughter on at least 15 occasions. The woman, aged 41, from east London, who cannot be named, put her hands over the baby's nose and mouth when left to look after her. Southwark crown court was told. She admitted two sample charges of cruelty and was sent for assessment under the Mental Health Act.

Thief repents

A German tourist who stole a wooden carving of St John the Apostle from Salisbury cathedral two years ago has returned it with a letter of apology. The letter says that the man did not know how to return the statue without detection, so took it back to Germany. The cathedral placed an advertisement in a German newspaper to let the sender know that the statue had been received.

Killing acquittal

Simon James, a plumber, aged 26, of Minchinhampton, Gloucestershire, was found not guilty by Winchester crown court of the manslaughter of Alan White, aged 35, also of Minchinhampton, whose stabbed body was found in a lake near Cirencester in May 1989. Earlier, the jury had cleared Mr James, a former heroin addict, of murdering Mr White.

Rendezvous in St Petersburg

For the comfort of our passengers who have reserved places on the Waterships of Russia programme, we have arranged a direct flight into St Petersburg and in doing so we have been obliged to contract more seats than we require. As a result we have decided to make a small number of seats available on each flight on a new programme that we have called 'Rendezvous in St Petersburg'. This series of visits represents a fraction of the normal cost and exceptional value for money.

The programme is based on a direct Boeing 737 flight from London Gatwick with a seven-night stay at the centrally situated (and confusingly named) Hotel Moscow, on bed and breakfast, with appropriate transfers to and from the airport.

These week-long journeys have been designed for the independently minded traveller who will wish to make their own programme of visits whilst taking advantage of the new openness and freedom to explore the many magnificent and interesting sights. In the Hotel Moscow local agents will be on hand to assist in making any or all travel, theatre and meal arrangements.

We must emphasise that there are only a few seats on each flight and therefore reservations can only be made by making a telephone option on the number given below, to be followed up by a completed coupon and deposit. With such exceptional value we expect demand for these places to be heavy, so we would advise you to telephone as quickly as possible to avoid disappointment.

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New jail will give inmates keys to cells

BRITAIN'S first privately run jail, where prisoners have keys to their cells but not to the front door, begins operation on Monday. The Wolds remand centre on Humberside will take up to 50 prisoners from courts in South Yorkshire next week.

It will build to a maximum of 320 male remand prisoners of all types except the most dangerous, Category A. The £5 million annual contract from the Home Office to run the £32 million jail, 12 miles west of Hull, was won last year by a specially formed division of the Group Four security company.

Jim Harrower, chief executive of Group Four, said yesterday that it wanted to produce a "secure but humane" environment. He believed that the experience of running the jail would put his company in the best position to win the contract for the next prison to be privatised — Blakenhurst, near Redditch, Hereford and Worcester, which is double the size of Wolds and will hold convicted as well as remand prisoners.

Stephen Twinn, director of Wolds, a post equivalent to governor, said: "We have to

Paul Wilkinson reports from the first private prison, which opens its doors to 'consumers' from next week

remember that the prisoners here are not guilty and we can only subject them to the minimum of restrictions. We have planned to get rid of avoidable frustrations. We are breaking with a prison regime of 200 years of ill feeling, broken promises and frustrating tradition."

Mr Twinn, one of only five of the 160 staff recruited from the Prison Service, added that the inmates were as much the company's customers as were taxpayers and the courts. "They are, after all, the direct consumers of our service and it is my experience that they are often first in the queue at the customer complaint desk."

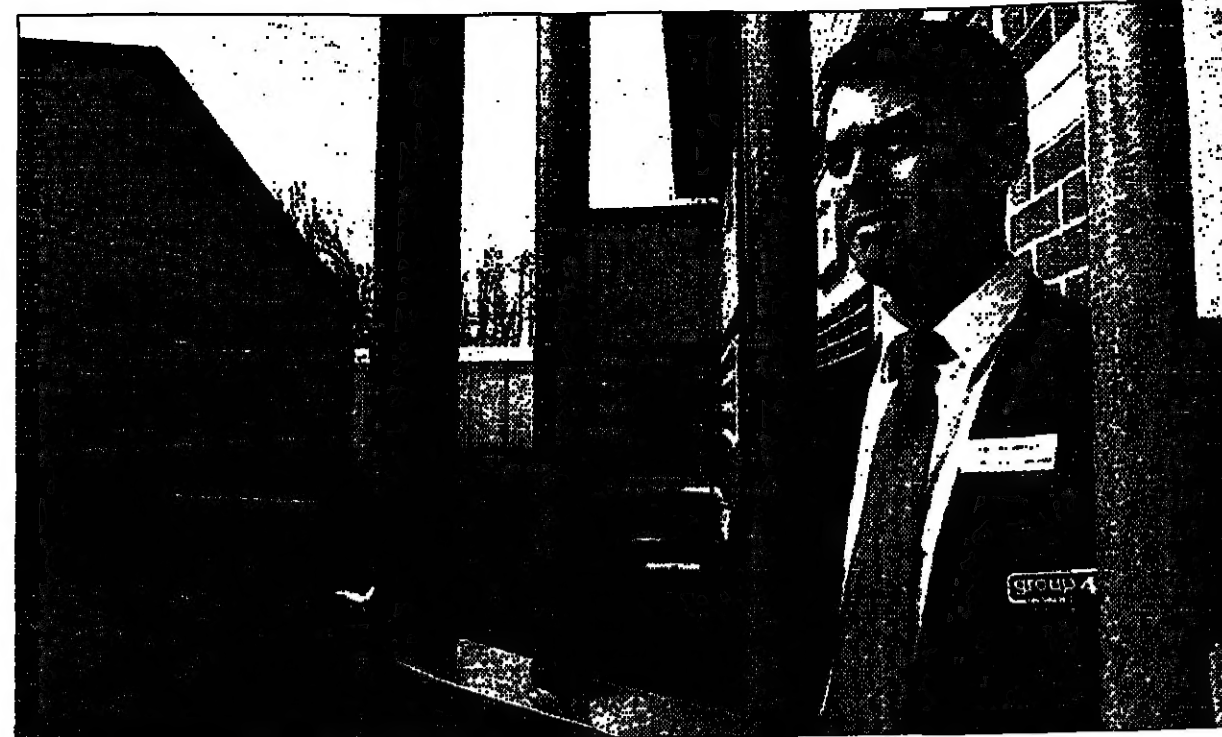
The prison has single cells, each with a lavatory. Rob Foggo, unit manager responsible for overseeing the cell blocks, said that giving each prisoner a cell key would

provide privacy. "No other prisoner will be able to enter his cell if he so wishes." The locks can be over-riden by staff when necessary, and the prisoner is still contained by locked outer doors to the block.

Staff, who will be called prison security supervisors rather than prison officers, will wear uniforms more akin to hotel staff: light grey trousers, matching clip-on tie, white shirt and black blazer with the Group Four logo. All will wear identity badges and the use of first names is encouraged.

Wolds has six blocks with cells built on two levels around an oblong recreation area. Inmates will be able to spend all their waking hours outside their cells, from rising at 6.25am to lights out at 11pm. Up to two hours can be spent outdoors.

Each block has three televisions and a video for recording late-running programmes. There is also a pool table, soft seating and a dining area where meals are brought on heated trays from a central kitchen. The supervisor in charge of each block eats the same meals as the prisoners, in the same dining



Open-door policy: Andy Wainwright, 'custody supervisor', at Wolds remand prison yesterday

area. Catering and medical services have been sub-contracted to private operators.

Prisoners will be able to select four meals a day, including porridge for breakfast, from a weekly menu. There is a choice of two dishes for each meal, plus a vegetarian dish for lunch, tea and supper. Two qualified chefs and a baker head the catering staff.

Other facilities include a gymnasium and games hall. Humberside council is providing staff to run education programmes, and there will be probation officers on full-time duty.

Once inside the brown and red brick 17th walls, topped by an overhanging anti-climb "beak", there is only an occasional reminder of security: primarily, the 19ft mesh fences with razor wire barriers on top, which divide the compound. Inside the blocks, there are more doors than barred gates.

The cells have been furnished with pastel coloured guvets and bedding, matching the paintwork, and towels and toothpaste are provided.

Mr Twinn proposes a compact with the prisoners. In return for good behaviour, there will be extra privileges such as additional visits or increased recreation time.

On the other side of the coin, there is a forbidding segregation block. One floor houses prisoners such as alleged sex offenders, kept apart for their

own safety, while the other holds the punishment wing, including an unfurnished 10ft square room, minus even a bed, for the worst offenders.

Mr Twinn said: "We are offering a safe, efficient and cost-effective service. We will deliver not because we have discovered the Holy Grail but because we have gone round the world and looked at the best of practices everywhere. This is the best there is."

Oil men's helicopter forced to land

An investigation began yesterday into how a North Sea helicopter, like one that crashed north-east of Shetland last month with the loss of 11 lives, suffered engine trouble after leaving an oil workers' "hotel". The pilot made an emergency landing on a nearby platform halfway between Orkney and Norway.

Yesterday's incident involved a Super Puma helicopter with 17 passengers and two crew minutes after it left the Port Regency hotel in the Miller field. The pilot reported trouble with an engine and sent a Mayday signal, but made a single-engine landing on BP's Miller platform, 180 miles off Aberdeen.

The emergency happened on the day of a memorial service in the Kirk of St Nicholas, Aberdeen, for those killed when a Super Puma crashed while ferrying them from the Cormorant Alpha platform to a hotel during a snowstorm.

The aircraft in yesterday's incident was also operated by Bristol, which later said that senior managers were inspecting it. BP said that the pilot had to shut down an engine five minutes after take-off. A rescue operation involving RAF and coast-guard helicopters began after radio contact was lost. A preliminary report by the Air Accident Investigation Bureau into last month's crash found no mechanical failure.

Hoaxer traced

An Irishman who gave the operator his address in a bomb-hoax call was put on probation for two years yesterday by magistrates at Uxbridge, northwest London. Sean Flynn, aged 21, of Northwood, north London, was extremely drunk when traced, Irene Bradshaw, for the prosecution, said.

Bail penalty

The Central Criminal Court has ordered that Joop Alberts, a UN diplomat, forfeit £10,000 bail security after his Dutch-born son, Petrus Alberts, aged 23, failed to appear on a charge of starting a £250,000 fire at the Schiller University in south London.

M3 protest

Six protesters arrested in February after chaining themselves to equipment used to demolish railway bridges for the M3 extension at Twyford Down, Hampshire, will not face charges, police said yesterday.

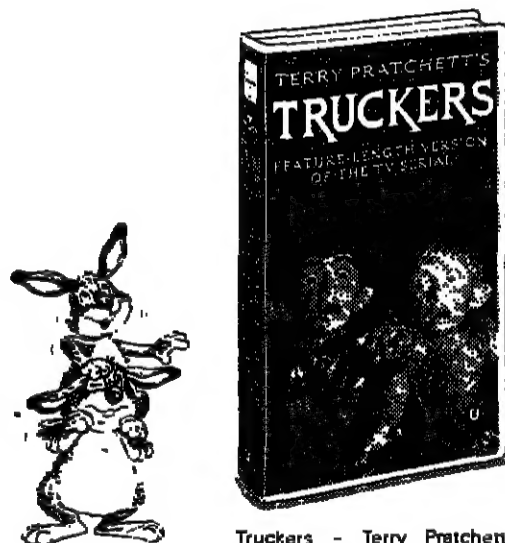
Port extended

A £3 million, 240-yard quay opened yesterday on the Great Ouse at King's Lynn, Norfolk, by Associated British Ports doubles the size of ship that can use the port.

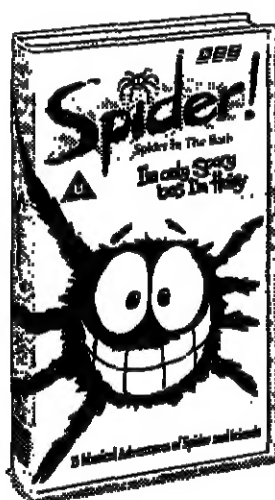
Keats theft

A life-size marble bust of the poet John Keats has been stolen from Hampstead Parish Church in north London.

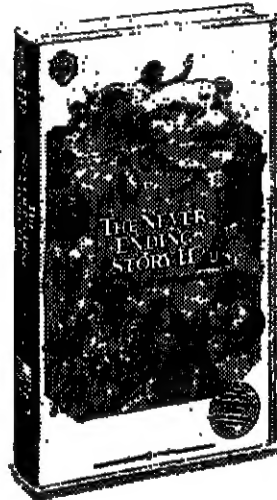
Hop down to WHSmith and see who's starring in our Easter Parade.



Truckers - Terry Pratchett (Cert U).....£7.99



Spider! (Cert U).....£7.99



Never Ending story II (Cert U).....£9.99



The New Magic Roundabout (Cert U).....£7.99



WWF Wrestle Mania VII (Cert PG).....£14.99



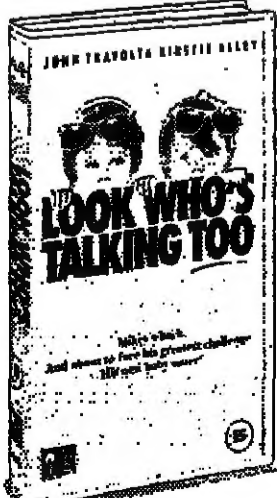
WWF Hottest Matches - Only from WHSmith.....£14.99



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Learn to Read and Write with Rosie & Jim - Stories and Rhymes (Games & Songs also available).....£7.99



Look Who's Talking Too (Cert 15).....£10.99

Increase in women priests

BY RUTH GLEDHILL
RELIGION CORRESPONDENT

NEARLY half of the world's Anglican churches have women priests, according to figures disclosed yesterday.

Of 33 autonomous governing churches and provinces in the Anglican Communion, 13 have women priests and 14 have women deacons. Worldwide, there are two women bishops, 1,342 women priests and nearly 2,000 women deacons. America has 1,031 women priests, the highest after Canada, which has 158.

Five churches and provinces, including southern and central Africa, the West Indies and Scotland, will decide within two years whether to ordain women priests. The Church of England, which in the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr George Carey, has the *primus inter pares*, or first among equals of Anglican primates, will decide at general synod in November.

Jim Rosenthal, of the Anglican Communion secretariat in London, said: "The Church of England is the mother church and is highly respected among all the Anglican churches. We did this survey in response to the number of enquiries we were receiving."

There are nearly 70 million members of the Anglican Communion in 164 countries. They worship in about 64,000 congregations, although the total number of priests is not known.

Scientists aid plants that are feeling blue

BY ALISON ROBERTS

BLIGHTED pansies and ravaged roses may one day be able to tell us, if we had not noticed, that they are feeling under the weather. Scientists have inserted a gene from a jellyfish into a tobacco plant to create a variety that glows blue when in trouble.

A team at Edinburgh University has extracted a tiny amount of DNA from a glowing jellyfish found in the Pacific and inserted it into tobacco, potato and a type of cress. Higher than normal levels of calcium in stressed plants react with a protein made by the gene to produce a faint sky-blue light, detectable by a hand-held sensor.

The development could help farmers. Stress caused by wind or frost can be disastrous and the careful positioning of special plants could indicate when a crop is suffering.

Higher levels of stress trigger greater emissions of light, although it is not visible to the human eye.

Marc Knight, leader of the team, whose research is reported by the *New Scientist*, said: "Indicator plants could work as sensors for various stimuli. The beauty of it is that these plants tell the farmer the plants are in danger before the damage is done." He said that there has been enthusiasm from other scientists. "This is very new and we are only just looking at what it could be used for."

Dr Knight gives an assurance that daffodils are not about to develop triffid-like habits. "None of the plants that have been made have been released, not that they are dangerous. We are strictly governed by the genetic manipulation rules," he said.

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BRITAIN'S FAVOURITE CARIBBEAN CRUISE SHIP

There's more to discover at WHSMITH.

Oil men's helicopters forced to land

An interim report from the FBI says the helicopter crashed in a wooded area about 10 miles from the border. The report says the helicopter was carrying a pilot and two passengers. The pilot was killed, and the two passengers were injured. The report also says that the helicopter was carrying a large amount of equipment, including a radio and a map.

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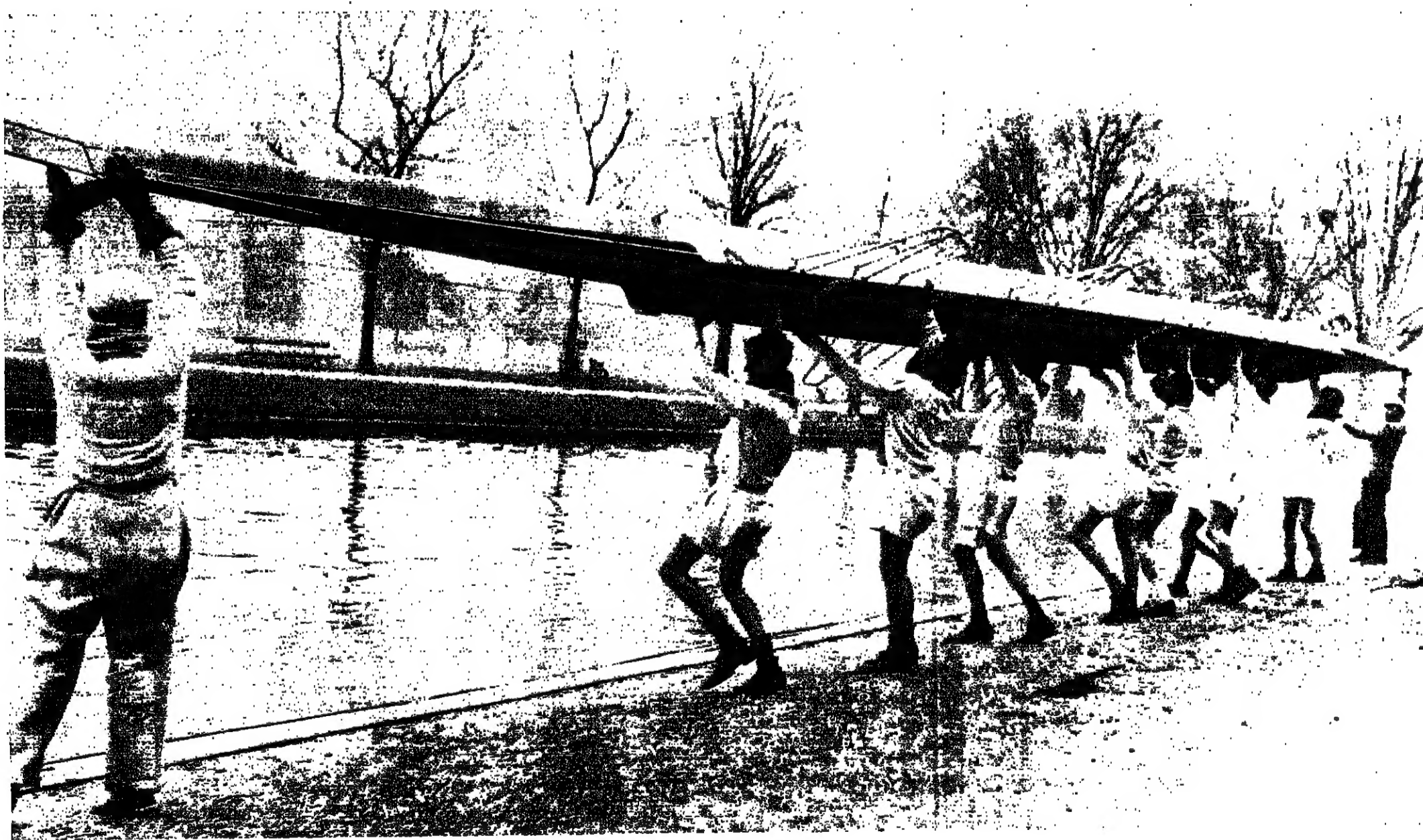
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THE TIMES

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By RICHARD

A BUSINESSMAN
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Explosives case man is granted new appeal

BY RICHARD FORD, HOME CORRESPONDENT

A BUSINESSMAN fighting to prove that he is innocent of a conviction for making explosive devices is to get a second appeal hearing.

The Lord Chief Justice, Lord Lane, ruled yesterday that the case of John Berry should be heard again, in spite of an earlier judgment by the appeal court in 1990 that it could not be reopened. His case was highlighted by *The Times* last year.

Mr Berry was convicted at Chelmsford crown court in 1983 of making an explosive device for an unlawful purpose. The Crown said that he made electronic timers that were designed for use by terrorists in the construction of bombs.

Lord Lane acted after the home secretary requested the appeal court to consider reviewing the case again. The Lord Chief Justice, sitting with Mr Justice Macpherson of Clury and Mr Justice Judge, said that it was entirely right for the home secretary to refer the matter to the court and the case should be heard as an ordinary appeal.

Mr Berry, aged 54, of Bramerton, Norfolk, has fought for a second hearing because at his first appeal no ruling was made on two of his three arguments against conviction. He won on one argument but his conviction was reinstated when the Crown appealed to the House of Lords. When Mr Berry tried

to get the case relisted in 1990, Lord Justice Watkins, the deputy chief justice, ruled that it would be extraordinary if the appeal court could overturn the Lords' decision.

Lord Lane said yesterday that it was not necessary to examine in detail the reasons why the court refused to relist the case. The difficulties in Mr Berry's case had been caused by the "mistake, if indeed a mistake it was", made at the original appeal hearing, when the court made no ruling of two of Mr Berry's three grounds of appeal.

Outside the Law Courts, Mr Berry, who was released from prison on parole last week after serving part of a six-year sentence, said: "I am delighted at the decision. Everything is now pointing in the right direction and, as it will be a full appeal, we will bring forward new evidence to prove my innocence."

At Mr Berry's trial it was said that he had been associated with Geoffrey Smith, a businessman, in the export of the timers to the Middle East for terrorism. Mr Smith, who faced the same charge as Mr Berry, was cleared after a retrial.

In Mr Berry's first appeal, which he won, he argued that the English courts had no jurisdiction over an offence to be committed in the Middle East, that the judge had wrongfully refused to order further details of the Crown's case, and that the verdict was unsafe because terrorism had not been defined during the trial.

The appeal court overturned the conviction after accepting the first argument, but it made no decision on the other two points. While the Crown's appeal to the Lords was being heard, Mr Berry left the country because he suspected that the law lords would restore his conviction. He was expelled from Spain in 1989 and resumed his sentence, which was cut from eight to six years in 1990.



Berry: imprisoned for making bomb timers

Television Licence Fee Increase

Television Licence fees were increased with effect from 1 April 1992. The new fees are £26.50 for black and white and £80.00 for colour.

Licensees who use the Direct Debit or Credit Card payment schemes should note the following.

ANNUAL PAYMENT BY DIRECT DEBIT OR CREDIT CARD

Your next licence will be issued at the new rate. Consequently your account will be debited with the appropriate amount on or immediately after the first day of the month following that in which your current licence expires.

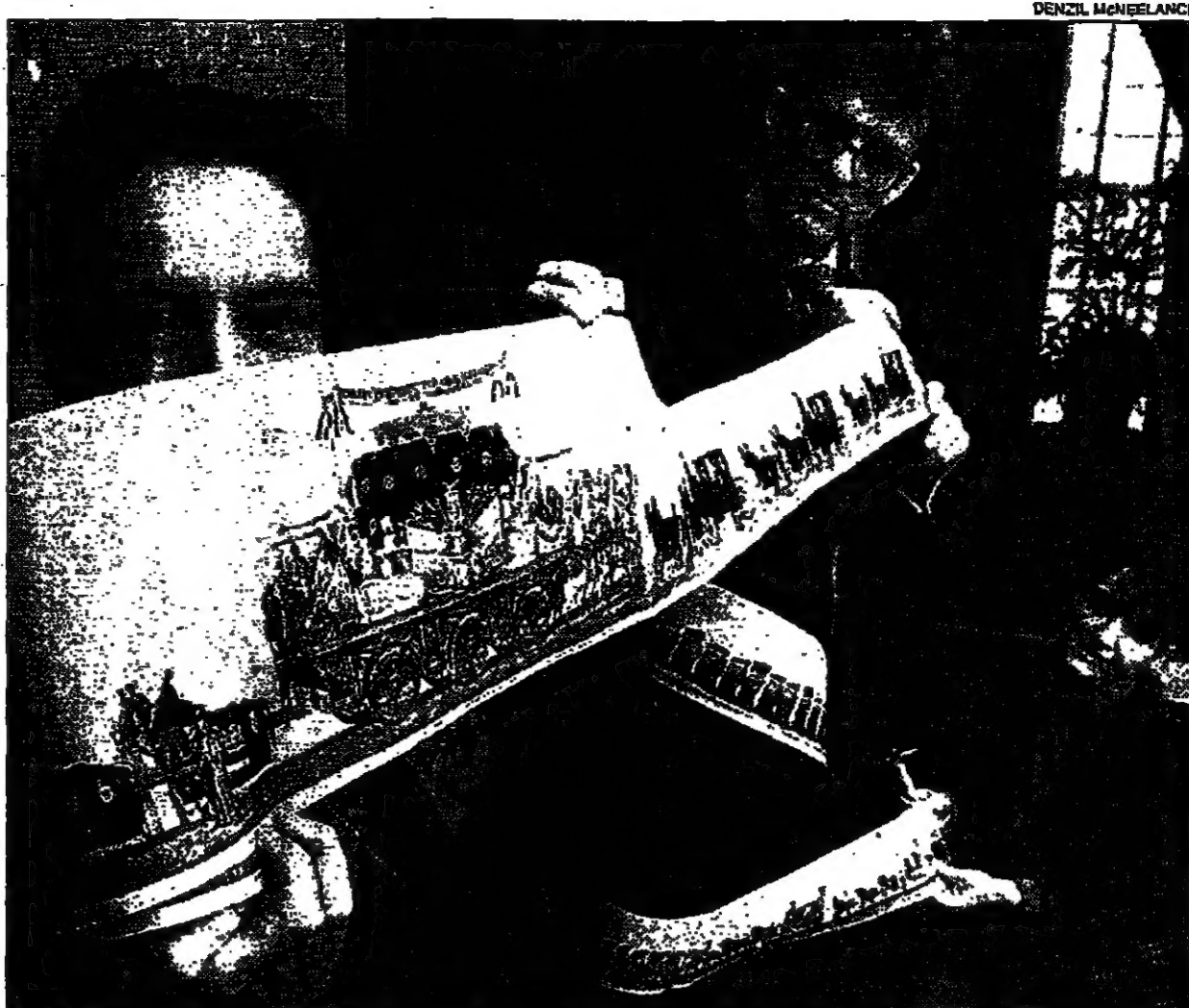
MONTHLY INSTALMENTS BY DIRECT DEBIT

1. If your current licence expires at the end of March 1993, then the monthly instalment will now be 1/12th of the new fee, ie. £2.65 per month for a black and white licence or £8.00 per month for colour.
2. If you have been paying monthly instalments towards your next licence based on the old fee then, on the last day of the month prior to that in which your current licence expires, your account will be debited with an amount equal to the difference between the old and new fees, ie. £1.00 for black and white or £3.00 for colour. Thereafter instalments will be based on the new fee as in '1' above.

QUARTERLY INSTALMENTS BY DIRECT DEBIT

When your current licence expires, your quarterly instalments towards your next licence will be based on the new fee, ie. £21.25 (£20.00 plus £1.25 premium payment) per quarter.

TV
LICENSING



Long and winding road: Phillips auction staff Juliet Drysdale, left, Richard Lloyd and Alexandra Eccles-Williams with a 67ft print of Wellington's funeral procession, expected to fetch up to £2,500

Synthetic 'herb' drug may beat malaria

BY NICK NUTTALL

A MAN-MADE version of a Chinese herbal drug may offer a powerful treatment for malaria, research indicates.

Scientists have been testing the drug, a crude natural version of which has been used in China for more than 2,000 years, on people with early onset of malaria. When used with another malaria drug it appears to cure all victims, the scientists say.

The research, described in *The Lancet*, has been done in Thailand, where malaria kills up to 4,000 people a year and where resistance to standard drugs is rising. Researchers tested artesunate, made from qinghaosu, a man-made derivative of a substance found in the herb *Artemisia annua*, the anti-malarial properties of which were rediscovered 20 years ago.

Of 39 patients given artesunate, followed by mefloquine, a last-resort malarial drug, all were cured in 28 days, their blood free of malarial parasites. Eighty-one per cent of patients on mefloquine alone were cured and 88 per cent of those on artesunate alone.

Villagers drink to water victory

VILLAGERS who boast the best cup of tea in Britain have won the right to keep their private water supply free from chlorine.

A public enquiry by the environment department has backed the residents of Rampisham against West Dorset council, which had insisted that their water, supplied from an underground spring, be chlorinated. Instead, the village will be allowed to use an ultraviolet treatment that will not affect the taste.

At the enquiry in January, residents admitted to the department's inspector that their water occasionally failed to comply with European Community safety rules, but opposed any move that would change its taste. The inspector's report says that there is no evidence that the water has produced any harmful effect.

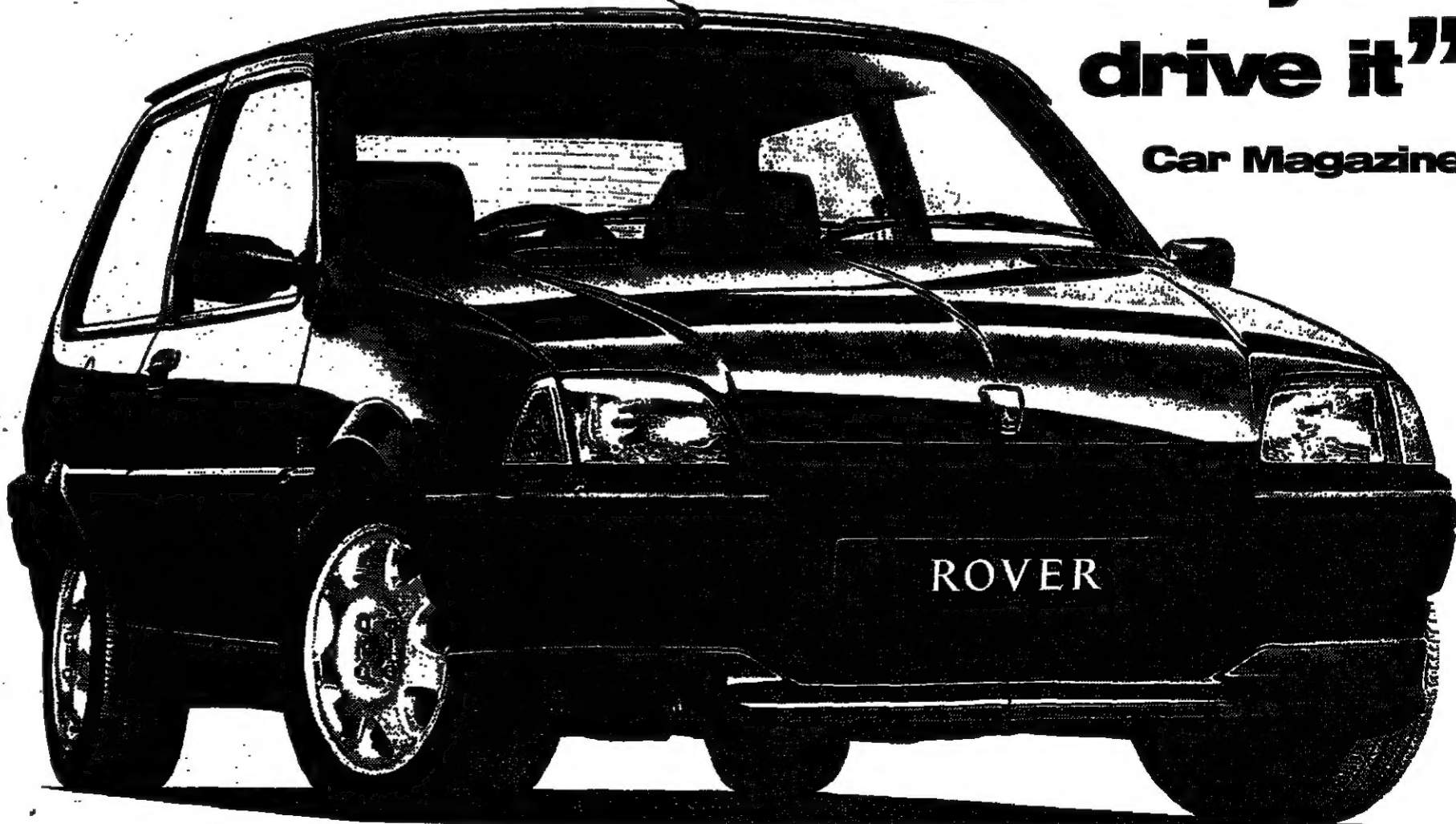
Tina Hayward, sub-postmaster of Rampisham, said yesterday: "It's great news for the village that we can still get our water with no nasty additives, and the tea will taste just as good as ever."

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Car Magazine



Recently, the experts at Car Magazine completed a 50,000 mile, 14 month, long-term test of the redesigned, re-engineered Rover Metro.

Other of their comments included: "The improvement was astounding - enough to take it to the top..."

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The size of classes is growing. Schools are literally falling down. The teaching profession is demoralised. And our children

are less well educated than their European contemporaries.

The Government can change the curriculum, can encourage schools to opt out, can make empty statements about choice,

but ultimately the problem is underfunding.

Investment in education is investment in this country's future.

That's a lesson this Government still needs to learn.

You can choose a better future. Make sure you do.

NALGO

Peter Riddell	16
Leading article	17
Pound falls	21

Commander Paddy scents success in the air

HALFAX BUILDING SOCIETY HAS AN OBLIGATION UNDER THE BUILDING SOCIETIES ACT 1986 TO DISCLOSE THE LIABILITIES OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES INsofar AS THOSE SUBSIDIARIES ARE UNABLE TO DISCLOSE THEM OUT OF THEIR OWN ASSETS. HALFAX BUILDING SOCIETY HAS TO THE EFFECT PROMISED A CONTINUING INDEBTED FUNDRAISER, SAID TO HALFAX INTERNATIONAL (ARVEST) LIMITED "I WILL BE THE PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY OF AN INVESTOR TO DISCLOSE A LIABILITY TO INCREASE THE RISK OF THE COMPANY FROM THE RECEIPT OF GROSS PROFITS THE OFFICE AT WHICH SUCH PROFITS ARE LIMITED TO BE MADE AND THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS OF HALFAX INTERNATIONAL LIMITED IS SITUATED ON JERSEY COTTONS IN THE MOST NEARLY AVAILABLE ACCOUNTS ARE AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION ON REQUEST THE AMOUNT OF PAY BY CAPITAL AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY IS £11 MILLION DEBITABLE MADE WITH OFFICES OF HALFAX INTERNATIONAL (ARVEST) LIMITED IN JERSEY ARE COVERED BY THE RELEVANT PROVISIONS INORDERS UNDER THE BUILDING ACT LIMIT THE BUSINESS OPERATIONS OF HALFAX INTERNATIONAL (ARVEST) LIMITED TO 60 PER CENT AND INORDINATE HOUSE INORDINATE LAW, ST. HILARY JERSEY CHANNEL ISLANDS SA.

Robin Oakley
finds that
the hecklers
are ahead in
laughter poll.

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Proteinuria is a common complication of type 1 diabetes mellitus (DM1) and is associated with an increased risk of cardiovascular morbidity and mortality. The pathogenesis of proteinuria in DM1 is complex and involves both metabolic and non-metabolic factors. The metabolic factors include hyperglycemia, which leads to the formation of advanced glycation end products (AGEs) and the activation of the polyol pathway. The non-metabolic factors include hyperlipidemia, hypertension, and oxidative stress. The combination of these factors leads to the development of diabetic nephropathy, which is characterized by glomerular damage and proteinuria.

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From the South to Labour

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AL SWINGS

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Did the health secretary himself regard an overdose of education and brains as a handicap? "It didn't seem to worry Gladstone or Enoch Powell. In fact, Enoch was even better at Greek than me," he said.

Yogic fly

Conservatives said that Labour's tax plans would hit Londoners harder than people elsewhere. It was Labour's concentration on the issue of unemployment, however, that most closely matched the dominant economic topic in the capital. More than half those polled and in work are more worried about losing their job than they were a year ago.

Labour returned to the unemployment issue yesterday with Tony Blair, shadow employment secretary, saying that London was "the recession capital of Europe". Using figures supplied by British embassies in Europe, Blair said that unemployment in London was "virtually in a category of their own". Over the past year, unemployment in London rose by nearly 54 per cent, he said.



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Listeners of Radio 4's *Today* programme who did not switch off when it ended would have heard how the party, which has printed 12 million copies of its manifesto and advertised on 7,000 billboards, would banish stress, suffering and failure if given the chance to put its unified field theories of quantum physics at the nation's service.



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TALKING TO
BARCLAYS**

Tory press conference

Ministers fear riots if Labour win

BY NICHOLAS WOOD, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

AN APOCALYPTIC vision of a run on the pound, higher interest rates and riots under an incoming Labour government was raised by the Conservatives yesterday as they insisted that theirs was the only party capable of rescuing Britain from recession.

David Mellor, Treasury chief secretary, said that all the engine of recovery needed was the "key of confidence" that would follow the government's re-election. He said that tremors in the City had been triggered by gloomy opinion polls for the Tories and were a forerunner of what would happen if Neil Kinnock won the election.

"Just a whiff of Labour was enough to set everything tumbling on Red Wednesday," he said. "The financial community has no confidence in Labour. They know Labour's promises do not add up. Labour's lethal cocktail of fiscal laxity, tolerance of inflation and economic mismanagement gave the City a bad case of the jitters."

At a London news conference designed to boost the Conservatives' flagging campaign by refocusing attention on economic management, Mr Mellor said that overseas investors would require a risk premium to hold sterling under a Labour government. City analysts expected the price to be an extra 2.5 per cent on interest rates.

Chris Patten, Tory party chairman, said that even the "passing shadow" of a Labour government had given confidence a knock. The reality would be far worse, with higher mortgages and an end to the prospect of recovery.

Michael Heseltine, environment secretary, said that a Labour revival would bring social unrest of the kind now being seen in France. "We are now seeing signs of recovery. Anyone who thinks socialism has got the answers has just got to cast their eyes over the Channel where the French prime minister has resigned and there are riots on the streets of Marseilles," he said.

"All that is a hideous reminder of what happened when Labour was last in power."

Asked if he was seriously suggesting that the election of a Labour government would lead to riots, Mr Heseltine stuck to his guns. "Last time we had a Labour government, we had the winter of discontent. We have seen the dangers of organised labour whether they were in the winter of discontent or Arthur Scargill's National Union of Mineworkers. It was a Conservative government that brought about the changes that were necessary to ensure that the rule of law prevailed and had the guts to stand up to those people who were against such a return to a proper system of democratic government."

Michael Howard, employment secretary, said that there was every reason to suppose that "mob violence" would again disfigure industrial disputes because Labour would allow flying pickets and neuter the power of the courts to enforce the remnants of Conservative trade union laws.

When it was put to Mr Heseltine that the only riots in recent years were over the poll tax, he blamed the disturbances on the "won't pay, can't pay brigade" of the Labour party and the Scottish nationalists.

Mr Heseltine presented the Thatcher years as an era of unprecedented prosperity in which the competitive position of industry had been transformed. "I accept that the last two years have been difficult during a world recession, but essential competitiveness has not been lost," he said.

In remarks aimed at halting the Liberal Democrat advance, Mr Patten cited a Mori survey of businessmen for *The Financial Times*, which found that 80 per cent believed that a hung parliament would delay recovery. "A hung parliament would hang Britain and hang recovery," he said.



Future hopes: Gerald Kaufman and Neil Kinnock at yesterday's news conference, where Labour presented itself as a government-in-waiting

Kinnock sets out plan for first 100 days

BY NICHOLAS WOOD, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

NEIL Kinnock intensified his efforts yesterday to present Labour as a government-in-waiting by unveiling a programme for his first 100 days in power.

A central theme of Labour's campaign has been to burnish the authority of its leader and his senior colleagues by equipping them with luxury cars and imposing backdrops and by presenting their manifesto as a blueprint for national salvation.

The underlying aim is to generate the political momentum that could sweep Mr Kinnock to power next Thursday, although some observers believe that his image-makers overstepped the mark earlier this week by striking such a triumphalist note at the 10,000-strong Sheffield rally. Yesterday, Jack Cunningham, the shadow leader of the

Commons, took the pretence a stage further by naming May 6 as the day of the Queen's speech and by inviting Mr Kinnock to set out his legislative programme for the three months to the summer recess. John Smith would hope to present Labour's first budget by the end of May, Dr Cunningham added.

Mr Kinnock singled out his party's £1.1 billion recovery programme as the way to fill the vacuum left by the government's indecision in the face of the recession and to restore business and consumer confidence. It would stimulate investment in manufacturing industry, jobs and skills, housing and transport. Consumer spending would be boosted by child benefit and pension increases. The shadow Chancellor's budget proposals would help first-time

buyers, the driving force behind the housing market, and bring to life this key component of the economy, Mr Kinnock argued.

"These stimulants to recovery will be accompanied by improvements to the national health service and the education service," he told a London news conference, emphasising the £1 billion boost for hospitals and the £600 million for schools.

The Labour leader promised that by the summer three bills would have cleared their first Commons hurdle. Legislation abolishing the council tax, which Labour regards as "son of poll tax", and replacing it with "fair rates" would be introduced immediately in the new House of Commons assembled.

A bill establishing a Scottish parliament would also be

given a second reading in Labour's first 100 days. A freedom of information bill would complete the legislative trinity, Mr Kinnock said such a measure was an essential component of his comprehensive programme for constitutional change and stronger individual rights.

Mr Kinnock also said that Labour's much disputed plan for a national minimum wage of £3.40 an hour would be mentioned in the Queen's speech and enacted within the first session of parliament.

The Labour leader outlined the approach he would adopt to the British presidency of the European Community, which begins on July 1 and culminates in the Edinburgh summit in December. "Labour will ensure that Britain is in the first division in

Europe," he said, accusing the Tories of dissipating Britain's influence in the EC.

Almost its first act would be to reverse the Tories' refusal to sign the social charter on workers' rights. As early as the social affairs council on April 27, a Labour government would notify its EC partners that Britain intended to sign the document and unblock directives on temporary and part-time work and parental leave. These have been vetoed by the Tories on the grounds that they would impose much higher costs on industry and lose jobs.

"We will take immediate steps to secure the appropriate amendment of the Maastricht treaty and will, at the June meeting of the heads of government of the EC, sign the social charter," Mr Kinnock said.

Unlikely star steps into PR limelight

A shy professor with a daunting brief on reform talks to Mary Ann Sieghart

A less likely man than Raymond Plant to be thrust into the party political limelight can scarcely be imagined. The professor of politics at Southampton University, who for two years has been chairing Labour's committee on electoral reform, is shy and unassuming, most at home discussing with his students the rise of social liberalism in the late 19th century.

Suddenly, he has become the man who may well determine how British government will be elected in the 21st century. Neil Kinnock said on Thursday that, if he won power, Professor Plant's committee would be widened to include representatives of other political parties and lay members, perhaps from the church and industry. The move was seen as a tactical concession to the Liberal Democrats, perhaps even an act of desperation. Professor Plant, though, has been floating the idea since last November, on the ground that a constitutional reform should be made for narrow party advantage.

Until two years ago, the Labour leadership refused even to entertain electoral reform. Mr Kinnock was broadly opposed, but prepared to be swayed. The biggest block was Roy Hattersley, his deputy. But the old Labour objections to reform have receded.

Opponents used to argue that Labour needed a majority in order to enact a radical programme. Now that wholesale nationalisation is off the agenda, there is little in Labour's programme to which the Lib Dems would take exception.

Mr Hattersley and others argued that a move towards proportional representation would be seen as defeatist, an admission that Labour could never garner enough votes to win power on its own. To avoid that accusation, Mr Kinnock set up the Plant committee in 1990 when Labour was well ahead of the Tories in the polls. More than any other factor in the party, it was a move made in response to strong grassroots pressure.

Professor Plant, though, has been a member of the party since he was 11 (he is now 47), had never before become involved in party business. "I am not good at canvassing or getting on soapboxes or anything like that," he says. But he is peerless at dissecting an issue down to its philosophical underpinnings. That task he performed as a fortnightly columnist for *The Times*.

He will not yet disclose whether he supports PR for elections to Westminster. He says: "I had the advantage of substantial ignorance, which gave me a degree of impartiality."

Parties to review soccer safety law

BY PHILIP WEBSTER AND ARTHUR LEATHLEY

THIRD and fourth division football clubs struggling to meet tough new safety standards could be relieved, thanks to the general election. Legislation requiring them to remove the terraces and replace them with all-seater stadiums will be reviewed, whichever party wins next Thursday.

Roy Hattersley, who will become home secretary if Labour wins, promised yesterday to look again at the proposals in the Taylor report that followed the Hillsborough disaster. Some clubs in the lower divisions face ruin because of the demand that their grounds should become seats-only by 1999. Mr Hattersley said that it was unreasonable to stop supporters standing at matches and that he wanted to ensure clubs were not forced out of business.

Ministers quickly moved to stop Labour getting a free run at the football vote. Within hours of Mr Hattersley's intervention, John Major let it be known that he, too, was prepared to rethink the legislation for the lower divisions.

While the general principle of all-seater stadiums was right, he was prepared to consider relaxing the blanket application to the third and fourth division clubs, Mr Major told colleagues.

The government seems unlikely to go as far as Mr Hattersley, who appeared to suggest that some of the higher division clubs might be helped. He said that some first division clubs would have difficulty meeting the deadline of August 1994 by which time all first and second division clubs must introduce full seating.

According to Mr Hattersley, the Taylor working group had said it was possible to have safe standing areas at soccer grounds. "If that is right, and I think it is right, it is unreasonable to insist on having seating everywhere and expect supporters to pay more."

Liberal Democrats £6bn to create jobs

BY SHEILA GUNN, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

A £6 BILLION package to create at least 600,000 jobs in two years through private enterprise and public investment was urged by the Liberal Democrats yesterday. Paddy Ashdown, the party leader, accused the other two parties of talking about tax rather than putting forward serious plans for breaking out of recession.

"Liberal Democrats have put forward an anti-slump plan to break out of the vicious spiral of recession: a £6 billion plan to build schools, modernise the railways, provide new hospitals and homes, all those things that we will need when the recovery comes," he said. He described the party's plans as a point of hope for those who despaired of ever rising out of recession.

Alan Beith, the party's Treasury spokesman, said that the secrets of economic success were well known elsewhere in Europe. They included more emphasis on education and training; more value on the individual; stable exchange and interest rates; and a modern political and voting system.

"We are falling right to the bottom of the European economic league," he said. "We must learn from our Community partners and have policies to take Britain to the top of that league."

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Unlikely
star steps
into PR
limelight

A shy professor
with a daunting
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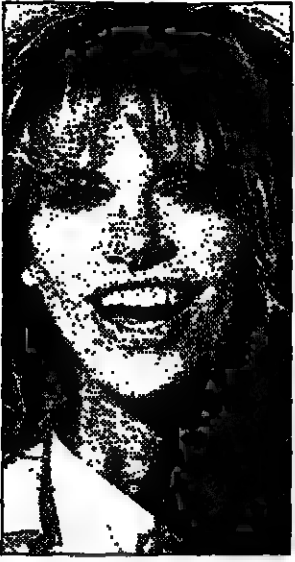
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Clinton claws back support in volatile New York campaign



Simon: warm-up act for Jerry Brown

BILL Clinton, the governor of Arkansas, is so buoyed by the sudden success of his New York primary campaign that key advisers have once more turned attention to the presidential race in November.

Top of the agenda is his choice of vice-presidential running mate: the first choice, according to a senior aide, is Colin Powell, the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, who has no known political affiliation but "is known to disagree with George Bush on a wide range of domestic policies".

In this "scrowy year", to borrow President Bush's phrase, a powerful faction in Mr Clinton's team is convinced that a candidate from outside politics is essential to convince voters of a "commitment to change". The rise in the opinion polls of the potential third-party challenge led

Bill Clinton's camp, now confident of the Democratic nomination, is seeking a non-political running mate, Peter Stothard in New York writes

by the Texan billionaire, Ross Perot, has strengthened the case. A list of prominent Democrat businessmen is now being prepared.

Governor Clinton is also planning an overseas trip next month, probably to Britain. It is dangerous for primary campaigners to go abroad during an "America First" season back home. But in preparation for a race against Mr Bush, some meetings in London, particularly if Neil Kinnock were the new prime minister, would be a boost, advisers say. The Clinton camp is keeping a close watch on the British election.

It hopes a Labour victory would preface the end of the Reagan-Bush era just as Margaret Thatcher's triumph in 1979 ushered it in.

Mr Clinton's confidence yesterday rested on his own success in avoiding new errors and scandals and his opponent's decision to risk alienating Jews by embracing Rev Jesse Jackson as vice-presidential running-mate. Observers doubt whether enough black voters will join Jerry Brown to compensate for Jews who recall Mr Jackson's "Hymietown" slur, in reference to New York, in 1984. General Powell could

be expected to strengthen both Mr Clinton's international credentials and his support among black moderates. It is not known how he would react to an approach.

Spokesmen for Mr Brown yesterday vigorously defended the choice of Mr Jackson, arguing that it was not a new move and was necessary to build a coalition for genuine change. Mr Brown told a rally of students, most of whom were white, "I know it's controversial." But veteran election-fighters, even those close to the Brown campaign, judged there to be a big difference between a commitment to Mr Jackson in Michigan (which, to many New Yorkers, might as well be on the moon) and a front-page picture of the two men in *The New York Times*.

This weekend Mr Clinton faces one last known hurdle, a meeting with Mario Cuomo, the governor of New York, whom he referred to, in taped conversations with Jennifer Flowers, as a *mayfloss*. Aides hope that Governor Cuomo will remain "well behaved".

The past seven days have been some of the most volatile of the campaign year. Last Sunday, many of Mr Clinton's closest supporters thought that New York was lost. By yesterday, however, the *New York Post*, previously Mr Clinton's tormentor-in-chief, had endorsed him, judging that "no single one of the stories disparaging his character, not all of them together, suffice to undermine his candidacy".

Tuesday's dull day on "urban issues". In which Mr Clinton looked indistinguishable from any other big-spending politician, was, it seems, part of a deal with

David Dinkins, the mayor of New York, to avoid having to discuss black crime and AIDS in a forum dominated by Mr Jackson. One adviser remarked: "Having accepted Mayor Dinkins's offer, Governor Clinton could hardly slam inner-city orthodoxies on that occasion."

After Wednesday's speech on foreign policy had won respectful analysis, on Thursday the Clintons went to Wall Street. Imported supporters were placed behind him for the cameras while the real crowd, of hostile bankers and brokers, was allowed to provide background noise. The candidate drew groans with the words: "I have nothing against the stock market."

Hillary Clinton looked cold and defiant. But on television the effect was of a football match with only one set of fans: "another Clinton win".

The would-be first couple had arrived late for its appointment with capitalism, leaving an impatient "time-is-money" audience to listen to records by the noted New York Democrat, Paul Simon.

Over at Greenwich Village's Washington Square, Jerry Brown was even later. His travelling gay-rights guitar duo, known as Murrin, were on stage so long that the kindly crowd screamed: "We'd rather have Bill Clinton!"

Fortunately for Mr Brown, those waiting for him included Carly Simon, the superstar and New Yorker, who was urged on stage, in leather duffle coat and grey dress, to sing. The biggest cheers came for *Anticipation*. By the time that Mr Brown arrived, he was very much the "second billing" — just as he now seems likely to be on Tuesday.

Tripoli imam says lives of diplomats are at risk

FROM CHRISTOPHER WALKER IN NICOSIA AND MARY DEJEVSKY IN MOSCOW

IN AN attempt to step up pressure on foreigners in Libya in advance of the April 15 sanctions deadline, the imam of a Tripoli mosque gave a warning at weekly prayers yesterday that the lives of diplomats from those nations which had voted in favour of the United Nations resolutions were now in danger.

The threat in the sermon, broadcast live by Libyan television from the Moulay Mohammed mosque, came as ambassadors and heads of mission from European Community states held urgent discussions to plan a joint protest after well-organised mob violence against a number of embassies.

The cleric's threat came only hours after Libyan protesters told governments which voted for UN resolution 748 to pull out their nationals. "We say to these countries: evacuate your citizens and companies and end all interests with us," they said in a communiqué also read over Libyan television.

The sermon appeared de-

signed to whip up anti-Western feeling among the Islamic faithful. It was described by diplomatic sources as part of a blatant, government-orchestrated campaign which may not at all times be acknowledged by Colonel Muammar Gaddafi.

Referring to those countries which supported limited sanctions, including a cut in air links and arms supplies, the imam demanded that their embassies be closed, their companies nationalised and their citizens evacuated.

The sermon was followed by a sabre-rattling broadcast on Libyan state radio urging all Arab governments to implement joint defence agreements and mobilise their resources for "the decisive confrontation", the outcome of which would decide the fate of the Arab nation.

In face of the mounting threats, Western diplomats in Tripoli contacted by telephone said there was no sense of panic among the large foreign community. Many of the expatriate workers on high, tax-free salaries which they could not hope to match elsewhere have shown little inclination to leave so far.

The two British diplomats manning the British interests section in the Italian embassy, again protected yesterday by riot police, said that they had received no instructions about leaving.

The Russians, formerly Libya's closest ally, were among the nations singled out for most popular anger. "The former Soviet Union was politically supportive of Libya, so they feel very hurt that we did not use the veto or abstain," one Russian diplomat explained. "We warned Libya that if something happens to our citizens, it will be bad for bilateral relations."

The Russian foreign ministry said yesterday that Libya had apologised for the attack on its embassy in Tripoli and promised nothing of the sort would happen again. The apology came in response to a protest delivered to the Libyan charge d'affaires in Moscow on Thursday.

According to Sergei Yastrebzhensky, the new Russian foreign ministry spokesman, the Libyan side had insisted the attack did not reflect Libyan policy towards Russia. He said the Russian embassy in Tripoli had suffered "serious damage" in the attack, which followed Russia's vote for sanctions against Libya in the security council.

Pressure on Gaddafi increases

BY MICHAEL BRYNION
DIPLOMATIC EDITOR

BRITAIN and its European partners were yesterday insisting on guarantees from the Libyan authorities over the safety of diplomats and foreigners in Libya, and said they would keep up pressure on Colonel Muammar Gaddafi through the United Nations.

Douglas Hurd, the foreign secretary, said in a BBC Radio 4 interview that the Libyan demand for a withdrawal of foreign missions did not appear to be official policy but had come from demonstrators. The situation was still "confused, uncertain, unsatisfactory".

France, Russia and others protested about the attacks on their embassies, and Libyan diplomats in Europe received protests in most Western capitals. Libyan authorities have stepped up security outside the damaged embassies.

Diplomats said yesterday that Colonel Gaddafi appeared to be surprised by the UN's stance, having believed a face-saving formula would prevent him having to hand over the Lockerbie suspects. He is said to fear a military strike, and was preparing to turn over the two wanted men, but came under pressure from Major Abdel-Salam Jalloud, his deputy, who is related to one of the suspects. Diplomats said that Major Jalloud, the strongman of the regime, might attempt a coup if Colonel Gaddafi complied with the UN's demands and that might bring a more revolutionary fundamentalist government to power.

Since the UN vote on sanctions, Libyan intermediaries have made no more proposals for a face-saving formula. Western diplomats say that Colonel Gaddafi has put himself in a corner from which he cannot escape without losing face or power. They doubt that increased pressure would force him to give in.

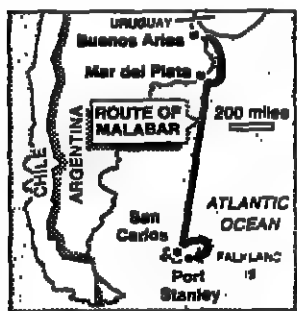
Islanders spurn hand of peace

An Argentine peace boat that sailed to Port Stanley found a hostile reception, Gabriella Gamini in Buenos Aires writes

AFTER braving 1,800 miles of some of the world's roughest waves and gale force winds, the *Malabar* was not allowed to dock at its final destination and forced to turn back. The Argentine sailing boat had left Buenos Aires on February 19 on a mission to the Falkland Islands, where it arrived on March 3, in what the crew called "an interchange with the islanders to get over the war". But they were not welcome.

"We decided to head to the Malvinas as a sign of friendship, ten years after the conflict between Britain and Argentina. It was to prove that the Argentine people want to re-establish some link with the islanders," said Ruben Seijas, one of the nine crew members on the *Malabar*. Malvinas is the Argentine name for the Falklands.

After leaving Argentina on February 19, the ten-metre long, wooden sailing boat was forced to seek shelter from a storm for four days at Mar del Plata. The boat sighted land again on March 3 as it approached the Bay of San Carlos. Three days sailing later, it hugged the coast and arrived just off the islands' capital, Port Stanley, where the crew of eight Argentinians and one British



translator, Paul Clark, had hoped to deliver some 300 letters from Argentinian primary school children asking for pen pals in the Falklands.

But the *Malabar* flying its Argentine flag, was met by the Falkland Islands harbour patrol, ordered to anchor on a buoy in the outer harbour of Port Stanley and then asked to turn back towards the Argentine coast immediately.

"They ordered us to pull down our flag and fly the British one. One of the patrolers pulled the Union Jack from his pocket and told us to raise it immediately," recalls Señor Seijas. "They thought we were trying to land by force to make a statement about how the islands belong to Argentina."

In 1989, another Argentine sailing boat, the *Patagon* had evaded radars and sailed



Dead remembered: bereaved Argentinians in Buenos Aires yesterday paying their respects to those they lost in the Falklands war ten years ago

through a 200 mile exclusion zone to arrive at Port Stanley, but was then turned back. Since the renewal of diplomatic relations between Britain and Argentina in 1990, the exclusion zone has been reduced to 12 miles. "Our trip was not meant to be belligerent. We wanted to meet some Falkland islanders and have some kind of communication with them, to improve our relationship," said Señor Seijas. "Since the war ten years ago there has been so much animosity between us, we thought we'd try to establish an interchange."

He says he went on the trip because he felt angry at the animosity caused by the Falklands conflict. Among the crew were two Argentinian television cameramen and one Falklands conflict veteran. "His trip was meant to get rid of the guilt which he felt after the death of 15 soldiers under his command in a war which he claims had been a bad mistake for Argentina," he said.

The *Malabar*'s captain, Antonio Lopez, had done the trip before on the *Patagon*. "He had failed then and wanted to achieve it now, since he felt that relations had improved," Señor Seijas said. The crew claims to have sailed around the islands to-

wards Port Stanley for three days without being intercepted by other ships. "We could have landed at any spot, but wanted to request authority. We kept radioing our positions but never received a reply. Then one morning we heard the local radio reporting our arrival. It said we were not welcome and would not be allowed to dock."

Seijas says the local radio station reported that the Falkland Islanders had done a poll to see what local feelings were towards the intruders. "Apparently there was a majority who felt we should not be allowed to dock, so that decision was taken," he said.

Mr Malman offered the standard argument in drug cases that little fish must be used to catch big ones, but Mr Rubino countered that the indictment "stinks from here to Washington". The case was "based on what someone said that someone said that someone said about General Noriega", he added.

A unanimous verdict is required on each charge. If he is convicted on any, General Noriega's lawyers plan to begin an appeal process that could take years. If acquitted, he would be sent to Tampa, Florida, where he faces separate charges of marijuana smuggling. In Panama, where there has been little change for the better since Mr Bush ordered the American invasion, the general faces still more charges, including murder.

Noriega remains a danger to Bush

FROM MARTIN FLETCHER
IN WASHINGTON

GENERAL Manuel Noriega, the former Panamanian dictator, has long since been usurped by President Saddam Hussein of Iraq as America's number one villain. But he is still dangerous to President Bush.

The jury in his seven-month trial on drug charges finally began its deliberations yesterday, and his acquittal in this election year would greatly embarrass a president who in December 1989 dispatched 25,000 US troops to Panama to capture him.

In a last dramatic flourish on Thursday, Frank Rubino, the principal defence lawyer, walked over to General Noriega, who was wearing uniform and listening on headphones to a Spanish translation. In a clear assertion that he viewed the trial as political, Mr Rubino told his client to stand up, draped his arm round his shoulders, and asked the jury: "Are you going to find him guilty of being a military dictator?"

Panama's self-styled "maximum leader", who claims to have found God during his 29-month incarceration in Miami, is facing ten charges of accepting millions of dollars in return for making his country a safe haven for Colombia's Medellin cocaine cartel. He can receive a sentence of up to 160 years in prison if he is convicted.

Summing up for the prosecution this week, Myles Malman denounced the general as "nothing more than a corrupt, crooked and rotten cop" who had put "tons and tons of powdery white death" onto the streets of American cities. But Mr Rubino pinpointed the weakness of the prosecution's case when he called its principal witnesses "the scum of the earth". Eighteen of them were convicted offered deals to testify. These included reduced sentences and generous financial rewards.

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Mandela asks West to patrol townships

Johannesburg: Nelson Mandela, the president of the African National Congress, has called for an international monitoring group to be deployed in black townships wracked by political violence (Gavin Bell writes).

Mr Mandela was speaking to reporters after touring Alexandra, on the east side of Johannesburg, where at least 11 people were killed and more than 30 wounded in two days of clashes this week between ANC supporters and Zulu militants of the Inkatha Freedom party.

Accusing Pretoria of being unable or unwilling to curb the fighting, he said: "We want an international, independent monitoring group because the government is not using the powers it has." The ANC plans to submit its proposal to the Organisation of African Unity.

Nurses walk out

Tokyo: About 80,000 nurses from some 750 hospitals throughout Japan deserted their posts between 30 minutes and half a day to hold rallies supporting their demands for more pay, higher staffing levels and fewer night shifts. (Reuters)

Support wanes

Nairobi: Support for a two-day general strike called by the Forum for the Restoration of Democracy, Kenya's main opposition group, appears to be waning after riots here and elsewhere in the country in which police shot and wounded three people. (Reuters)

Roh opposed

Seoul: Thousands of students, shouting for the overthrow of President Roh Tae Woo, demonstrated in cities against alleged vote-rigging in parliamentary elections. They said there would be a nationwide anti-government spring campaign. (AP)

Coup marked

Conakry: Guinea marked the eighth anniversary of military rule by legalising 17 of 35 political parties which have applied for registration. Alassane Rene Gomez, the interior minister, said. The applications of seven parties still have to be examined. (AFP)

Arabs killed

Gaza: Three Arabs accused of collaborating with Israel were found dead after earlier clashes between Arabs and Israeli security forces in the occupied Gaza Strip. In the West Bank, a Palestinian activist wanted by Israel was found stabbed to death. (Reuters)

Delhi accused

Delhi: The Indian government has placed the north-eastern border state of Nagaland under direct rule to try to impose political stability, provoking the opposition to accuse it of interference and "gross constitutional impropriety". (Reuters)

Penalty levied

Tokyo: The Mitsubishi company, which had no art dealership licence when it bought two Renoir paintings for £15 million in 1989, has been ordered by the Tokyo public safety commission to suspend its antiques business for a week as a penalty. (Reuters)

Cold front

Port Stanley: An iceberg measuring 35 by 20 miles which broke free from the Antarctic coast last August is heading towards the Falk-

Li Peng sails serenely through his public humiliation

FROM CATHERINE SAMPSON IN PEKING

AFTER weeks of backstabbing behind closed doors, China's annual parliamentary session ended yesterday with inscrutable smiles, a solitary outburst of heckling, and another important victory for Deng Xiaoping, the senior leader, aged 87. Li Peng, the prime minister, sat serenely on a podium at the front of the Great Hall of the People as more than 2,000 deputies voted to approve 150 revisions to his work report. Although the prime minister did not face a vote of no-confidence, the extensive amendments, engineered by the Mr

Deng, amounted to much the same thing.

Foreign journalists strained from the gallery with the help of binoculars to read the expression on Mr Li's face, but learnt little about his state of mind. The revisions included — most painfully for the prime minister — an attack on left-wingers or hardliners, the category in which he himself is placed by many people. Suddenly his supporters vanished into the woodwork. Only ten people voted against the revisions, and another 27 abstained; 2,583 voted in favour.

The closing session erupted just once into something vaguely reminiscent of *Today in Parliament*. As the vote was announced on the approval of the controversial Three Gorges Dam, Huang Shunxing, a deputy, stood up and shouted his objections, angrily waving a sheaf of papers.

Leaders seated on the podium ignored him, and while excited foreign journalists rushed up to interview him, reporters from official Chinese publications pretended nothing was happening.

This was unusual behav-

iour in China's traditionally docile parliament, and it transpired that Mr Huang was no ordinary deputy. He defected from Taiwan in the 1970s, and therefore enjoys more lenient treatment from the authorities. He staged a similar protest against the dam in 1988, and has told reporters that he is "rather upset" that he is the only deputy ever to stand up and be counted among its opponents.

Indeed, 177 deputies voted against the dam, and 664 abstained, which meant that a third of the deputies did not vote in fa-

vour. Many deputies are concerned that the project, which will cost at least £5.8 billion and will necessitate the resettlement of more than a million people, will prove to be a big mistake. Proponents of the dam, including Mr Li, say it will provide a seventh of China's energy needs and will help prevent flooding on the lower reaches of the Yangtze River.

As the vote was announced, deputies broke into loud applause. It was, however, unclear whether they were celebrating the approval of the dam or expressing their support for the bold opposition.



Deng: he engineered report's amendments

سنة من العمل

Yeltsin sets stage for tough congress

Russia threatens to seize Black Sea fleet

FROM MARY DEJEVSKY IN MOSCOW

IN A day of hectic politicking in Moscow, President Yeltsin yesterday threatened to take the Black Sea fleet under Russian command if Ukraine persisted in claiming the larger share of vessels. He also accepted the resignation of

Gennadi Burbulis, a leading member of the government who has been the target of merciless criticism from the opposition.

The two moves appeared to be part of Mr Yeltsin's effort to optimise his support and

settle as many separate lobby-groups as possible before the opening of the Russian Congress of People's Deputies on Monday. The congress is likely to be evenly balanced between supporters and opponents of Russia's reform programme. Mr Yeltsin will need every vote he can get.

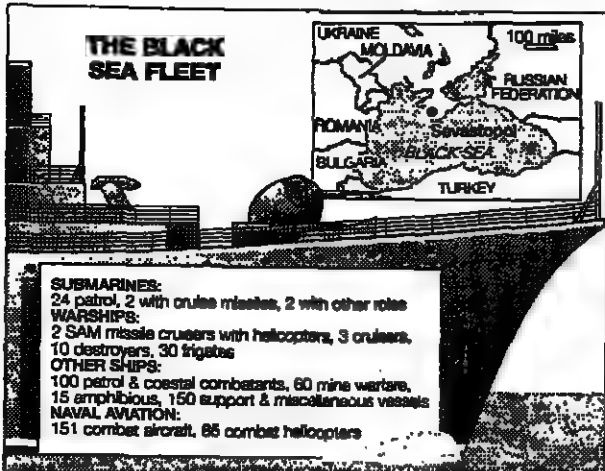
Yesterday's developments came after the replacement of Yegor Gaidar as finance minister on Thursday, which allowed the opposition to claim a small victory and removed the radical finance minister from criticism next week. Mr Gaidar retained his post as first deputy prime minister and his role as economic reform chief, leaving the balance of Mr Yeltsin's team intact.

The resignation of Mr Burbulis strengthens the position of Mr Gaidar, who is now the only first deputy premier. Mr Burbulis, a former philosophy professor from Mr Yeltsin's home town of Yekaterinburg — formerly Sverdlovsk — is denounced by many outside the president's immediate circle, partly because of his closeness to Mr Yeltsin and partly because of his outspoken manner and anti-communist views.

As first deputy prime minister, Mr Burbulis looked after politics, a responsibility he can well fulfil in his post as state councillor, which he retains. His sacking had been demanded by several mildly reformist political groups as their price for supporting the government and its reform programme at the congress.

Mr Yeltsin's forthright statement on the Black Sea fleet, and the dispatch of Aleksandr Ruskol, the vice-president, to its Crimean base, Sevastopol, can also be seen as part of the pre-congress positioning. Earlier this week, as talks appeared to be failing, President Kravchuk of Ukraine, had insisted that his republic would take as much of the fleet as was sufficient to ensure its security.

Had Mr Yeltsin left Mr Kravchuk's claim unanswered, he would have been backed on Monday by the many Russian deputies with military connections who believe that the Russian leadership has been too soft with Ukraine and other republics over the division of the former Soviet armed forces. As violence increases in Moldavia, with its predominantly Russian enclave of Trans-Dniester, Mr Yeltsin could not afford to leave his stance unclear. Two days earlier he had issued a decree placing the 14th army, which is stationed in Moldavia, under Russian jurisdiction. This appeared to be an attempt to clear up the army's status and keep the troops out of the conflict, but it may also have been directed at congress.



THE BLACK SEA FLEET

SUBMARINES: 24 patrol, 2 with cruise missiles, 2 with other roles
WARSHIPS: 2 SAM missile cruisers with helicopters, 3 cruisers, 10 destroyers, 30 frigates
OTHER SHIPS: 100 patrol & coastal combatants, 60 mine warships, 15 amphibious, 150 support & miscellaneous vessels
NAVAL AVIATION: 151 combat aircraft, 85 combat helicopters

MOSCOW NOTEBOOK by Bruce Clark

Ghoully show takes over park

Not in their darkest nightmares can the former masters of the Soviet Union have imagined the fate that would befall the Exhibition of Economic Achievements, a piece of sprawling Moscow parkland where wide-eyed visitors from the remotest provinces would come to marvel at their country's greatness.

Barely a couple of years have passed since the authorities stopped renovating the pavilions where the successes of the communist state in every field from space exploration to the breeding of rabbits were triumphantly displayed. But already the exhibition centre's grandiose spires, columns and monuments to socialist realism look like some freak survival from another epoch.

As though to drive home the triumph of capitalism, many of the pavilions have been taken over by the brassy new commodity exchanges that have supplanted the Communist party at the apex of economic power and are often run by precisely the same power-hungry individuals. Dotted around the half-finished, half-grotesque monuments are large signs advertising the sale of "American consumer goods". In the makeshift emporiums they tout, dollars are in and banknotes, bearing the likeness of Lenin, very much out.

So the park, known as Vay-Day-Ea-Kha from its Russian acronym, was perhaps a natural home for a distinctly ghoully international fair devoted to a phenomenon that communists used to regard as an evil peculiar to capitalism: crime and its prevention. A brass band played cheerful ditties and impeccably groomed young ladies were on hand to dish out brochures. But there is only so much you can do to beautify an exhibition whose main items are guns, bullets, helmets, tear-gas canisters and flak-jackets.

While the main exhibitors and organisers of the fair, known as Mil-pol-92, were French and German, one of the largest stands was set up by Israeli Military Industries. Here fans of the Kalashnikov were offered an impressive range of sub-machineguns from the Uzi family. But who are the exhibition's target customers? First, police forces all over the former Soviet Union who often find themselves in the frontline of small ethnic wars.

Second, the huge number of private security firms providing Russia's hot new rich with superior forms of protection against a wave of violent crime.



Cabinet roles: Bernard Tapie, left, the millionaire Marseilles socialist who was appointed minister for urban affairs in Pierre Bérégovoy's new French cabinet yesterday, and Ségolène Royal, a former deputy who becomes minister of the environment



Italian voters swayed by fears of political chaos

FROM JOHN PHILLIPS IN ROME

ITALY'S election campaign ended yesterday with Giulio Andreotti, the prime minister, nervously watching a performance of Verdi's *Requiem* at the Rome Opera as if it might somehow augur defeat for his embattled Christian Democrats.

Pundits agree that the outcome of the polls tomorrow and on Monday is more unpredictable than in any political contest held in Italy since 1948. The Christian Democrats repeatedly have said that Italy could become ungovernable if the electorate

does not return Signor Andreotti's ruling alliance of Socialists, Social Democrats and Liberals with another absolute majority.

Polls suggest the Christian Democrats' appeal to avoid political chaos, echoed by the Socialists, has persuaded some Italians tempted to cast protest votes for the opposition Republican party, the devolutionist League of the North and the Rete (Network) anti-Mafia movement. But disillusion with the political class in power since the second world war was not dimin-

ished by Christian Democrat and Socialist squabbling during the campaign.

Benito Craxi, the Socialist leader, is favourite to be prime minister in a deal that would see Signor Andreotti, or Arnaldo Forlani, his deputy, replace President Cossiga in July. But the Christian Democrats indicated they would seek the support of the former communist Democratic Party of the Left (PDS) if the Socialists try to block electoral reform.

Strong support for the league and Umberto Bossi, its fiery leader, in the north means the Christian Democrats do not expect to match their score of 34 per cent at the last election in 1987. The Socialists are unlikely to better their previous score of 14 per cent. A Christian Democrat slide to 30 per cent could deny the ruling parties a majority even if the Social Democrats and Liberals retain their shares of 3 per cent and 2 per cent respectively in the 630-seat Chamber of Deputies.

Both the Republicans, who expect to improve significantly on their 1987 showing of 3.7 per cent, and the PDS, which hopes to garner 17 per cent, would demand more radical institutional reforms than Signor Andreotti wants as a price for entering a widened coalition. Signor Andreotti became a life senator last year and is not standing for re-election.

Audiences hooked by sex queen's campaign

FROM PAUL BOMPARDI IN ROME

IN AN election campaign both bizarre and uncertain, Moana Pozzi, Italy's queen of erotica, has attracted the biggest television audiences of all the candidates.

Tall, blonde and gorgeous, she can illustrate the platform of her Party of Love in clear terms, and in better Italian than many traditional politicians. By next week she will probably be in parliament.

The party is based at the offices of a booking agency for pornographic stars outside Rome. One room displays posters of the agency's actresses in poses that leave

little to the imagination. The other is decorated with a mural depicting naked men and women sleeping in the shade of friendly trees or frolicking across rolling green fields.

Signora Pozzi, in flat shoes and a sensible dress, receives visitors. "We are a party of the centre," she explains, "with particular interest in abolishing censorship, legalising prostitution, sexual education in schools and protecting the environment. If elected we will join with anyone on these issues, but my personal feeling is to work with the Radicals and the Greens."

Bérégovoy wins quick approval

FROM PHILIP JACOBSON IN PARIS

PIERRE Bérégovoy, the new French prime minister, yesterday announced his cabinet team after weeding out ministers judged surplus to requirements because of age and incompetence or the stains of scandal and suspect political allegiance.

Encouraged by an opinion poll indicating that half the French approve of his appointment, M Bérégovoy appears to have taken aboard the lessons of the ten months in office of Edith Cresson, his predecessor, who resigned on Thursday. He insisted on the right to select his own team.

Although no new centrist notables could be persuaded to accept jobs with a general election only a year away, the new line-up is designed to convince an electorate that its message has been understood after the Socialists were badly defeated in recent regional and local elections.

Six new names feature in M Bérégovoy's list, two of them women. Ségolène Royal, aged 38, becomes environment minister in place of Brice Lalonde, of Generation Ecologique, and Marie-Noëlle Lienemann, aged 41, becomes housing minister.

Bernard Tapie, the Marseilles millionaire, becomes urban affairs minister as a reward for beating off the challenge of Jean-Marie Le Pen and the National Front in the regional campaign in

the Côte d'Azur. As accomplished a political brawler as M Le Pen, M Tapie, aged 49, is not a Socialist party member, but M Bérégovoy said he was a "man of action, a fighter", against racism.

Lionel Jospin lost his portfolio as education minister to Jack Lang, the Socialist's man for all seasons, who remains minister of culture and Elysee Palace spokesman. Roland Dumas, the veteran foreign minister and M Mitterrand's closest ally, stays in office and Pierre Joxe, another loyalist, remains defence minister. Jean-Louis Bianco, the president's former chief of staff, retains the transport ministry.

To replace himself in the finance ministry, M Bérégovoy appointed Michel Sapin from the justice ministry. It is widely believed that the new government will stand or fall on its success in persuading the French that, despite rising unemployment and growing social tensions, good times will come soon.

Kozo Watanabe, Japan's trade minister, yesterday told a news conference that Mme Cresson's departure was a good thing and welcomed her replacement. "The new person is better than someone who had been criticising Japan from morning till night."

Wolfgang Münchau, page 22

Marcos to make his final trip

Frank Malabed, undertaker to the late Ferdinand Marcos, the Philippines dictator, will fly to Hawaii next week to prepare the body of the former president for its final homecoming. "I have to wash and clean the body thoroughly, change the casket, and then we come home," he said.

The Marcos family wants to bring the body home on April 12 with burial scheduled for nine days later. Imelda Marcos, his widow, has promised a "simple soldier's funeral".

Prince Edward is to tour the South Pacific in July. He will visit Tonga, Western Samoa and the Cook Islands.

Ringo Starr, showed he has lost none of his wit when he announced a forthcoming world tour. When an executive from the tour's sponsor Alberto VOS, maker of hair care products, spoke about Ringo's audience, he quipped: "A lot of them are bald."

Danny DeVito is directing Hoffa, a fictionalised account of the life of Jimmy Hoffa, former leader of the American Teamsters union. The film focuses on his life, not his unexplained disappearance in 1975. Jack Nicholson plays Mr Hoffa, who is presumed dead.



Peace charmers: two women soldiers of the UN force in Croatia wave to local residents on arriving in Zagreb yesterday

Serbs lay siege to Bosnia town

FROM TIM JUDAH AND DESSA TREVISAN IN BELGRADE

BOSNIA-Herzegovina's descent into war gathered pace yesterday as Serb militiamen continued their assault on the northern town of Bijeljina.

The Belgrade news agency Tanjug said dozens had been killed and barricades had appeared around the Serbian stronghold of Banja Luka. There were also shootings in the southern town of Mostar and in Bosanski Brod on the Croatian border.

Alija Izetbegovic, the president of Bosnia, claimed that an upsurge in violence was being staged in an attempt to deter European Community foreign ministers from recognising Bosnia on Monday. But there were fears yesterday that the fighting was taking on its own momentum.

Fikret Abdic, a Muslim member of the Bosnian presidency who tried to get into Bijeljina, was held at gunpoint before being turned back by the Serb militia leader who goes by the nom de guerre Arkan. Although Bijeljina is mainly Muslim, the surrounding area is Serbian. The buildings which Serbs claimed to have "liberated" included the town's mosque, from which, they said, Muslim snipers had been firing.

The Yugoslav army and the Bosnian police have avoided involvement in the Bijeljina fighting which, on the Serbian side, appears to be led by Arkan's militiamen. Arkan had said that once United Nations peacekeeping troops were deployed in Serbian-

controlled areas of Croatia he would either return to his pre-war job of pastry shop-owner or move to Bosnia. He is reputed to have links with Serbia's interior ministry. A month ago Croats and Muslims, who comprise 61 per cent of Bosnia's population, voted overwhelmingly for independence. Serb leaders have threatened war if Bosnia is recognised before the republic is divided into ethnic regions.

General Satish Nambiar, the commander of the UN peacekeeping force for Yugoslavia, has insisted that the deployment of his troops will not be delayed by the fighting in Bosnia. The force is headquartered in Sarajevo, the Bosnian capital.

East German ghost returns to infuriate former viewers

In a surprise comeback, the BBC-trained "red Goebbels" provided an unwelcome reminder of the bad old days, Anne McElvoy writes from Berlin

KARL Eduard von Schnitzler, despised by citizens of the former East Germany for his propagandist television shows, has made a surprise and unwelcome comeback. To the dismay of viewers who thought that they had seen the last of him in 1989, he has returned to their screens.

Herr von Schnitzler, known as the "red Goebbels" for his ability to twist facts and his vicious attacks on the then West Germany, was featured in a 45-minute documentary late on Thursday night. He was allowed a long peroration on the ills of the united Germany in the familiar style of his former weekly *Black Channel* commentary.

The *Black Channel*, initiated in 1961 by Walter Ulbricht, the East German leader of the time, to counter Western propaganda after the building of the Berlin Wall, was the programme East Germans loved to hate. Herr von Schnitzler, a communist who came from a wealthy aristocratic family, even became part of the language. In East German parlance a "Schnitz" was the unit of time it took to leap from an armchair to press the off switch whenever his face appeared on screen.

This time his sermons were directed at the new Germany's ambitions in Europe. "The iron battle for domination of the continent has broken out in full," he proclaimed. "The conquest of East Germany was Bonn's first step on the road to total domination of Europe." He blamed the Bonn govern-

ment for the dismemberment of Yugoslavia and the break-up of the Soviet Union, and accused Helmut Kohl, the chancellor, of supporting the move from "quiet distant Bonn on the Rhine" to the "Reichs-capital Berlin" in order to control territory extending to the Urals and the Black Sea.

Captured by the Canadians and sent to Britain as a POW during the second world war, Herr von Schnitzler caught the eye of Hugh Carlston-Greene, then director-general of the BBC, and was trained to take over as director of the British-run North German Radio after the war. To the dismay of the Western allies, however, he began to use the station for pro-Soviet propaganda and soon defected to the East.

Several politicians, including Jörg Schwabbe, the leader of Thuringia's Christian Democrats, had called for Thursday's programme to be suspended. *Super*, the mass-circulation newspaper, ran the news of his reincarnation on its front page and criticised the television company that made the film for "greasing the red Goebbels' socialist palm" with DM3,500 (£1,200) to sit in front of the camera again. After the broadcast the station's switchboard was jam-

med by viewers phoning to complain.

But the programme at least gave East Germans a topic of debate. "I thought I was seeing a ghost," said one viewer with a shudder. Another admitted being amused by the broadcast, "now that he is a harmless relic of the bad old days".

Herr von Schnitzler was one of East Germany's privileged elite, allowed to travel freely to the West while proclaiming from his studio chair that the desire of his countrymen to travel was mere "lust for adventure which could be more properly satisfied in the building of our socialist fatherland".

In the programme he defended the border troops he was once wont to describe as "my godchildren" and in whose company he and his wife spent every Christmas. Excerpts from his 1,519 commentaries showed him praising Ulbricht — "he is the leader of our council of state; we love him" — and the fortified border — "for the first time in our history Germany's imperialists have been brought to a halt".

He blamed the collapse of East Germany on the regime's failure to fight Western influence and said that the class struggle would continue regardless.

Albanian president resigns

Warsaw: President Alija of Albania, the great survivor of communism in Eastern Europe, bowed to the inevitable yesterday and resigned (Roger Boyes writes).

The move came a day before the convening of the new parliament. Free elections last month swept aside the former Communist party, giving the Democratic party a two-thirds majority.

Dead honoured

Moscow: The Russian Orthodox Church's synodical commission is to investigate the death of the last tsar and his family — a preliminary step to canonisation. It also designated February 7 a day of mourning for victims of the bolshevik revolution.

Turkey pressed

Brussels: The Portuguese presidency of the European Community will ask Turkey for an explanation of its actions against the country's minority Kurds, a diplomat said. Germany had wanted a stronger statement condemning repression (AFP).

Editor named

Prague: Jaroslav Koran, aged 50, the journalist who served as mayor of Prague immediately after the fall of the communist regime, has been appointed editor of the Czechoslovak edition of *Playboy* magazine, the CSTK news agency reported (AFP).

Clifford Longley

Uncovering the secrets of the KGB prelates

For two decades the joke in international church circles was that every third archbishop in a visiting Russian Orthodox delegation was from the KGB. The sport was to guess which one was there to watch the other two — although it hardly seemed to matter. It was obvious to everybody that the Soviet authorities had a vested interest in allowing some leeway for church representatives to travel abroad.

Although the World Council of Churches was a favourite Orthodox (or KGB) destination (or target), there is no hard evidence that they got any return for their modest efforts, or did any damage. The WCC often adopted policies the conservative churches of the West thought irritatingly left-wing — humanitarian support for African liberation movements, financial aid to black or anti-racist movements in the West — but it needed no Russian encouragement to do so.

The other favourite Soviet religious cause was peace, or rather "peace". Again, the presence of Russian Orthodox delegates at international church peace conferences, even third of them were on the KGB's books, did nothing to alter the conferences' platitudinous, left-of-centre outcomes. Churchmen are supposed to favour peace, so favouring peace and coming from the Soviet Union was an unremarkable combination. And if such conferences never attacked the Soviet Union for not being peace-loving, then neither did the General Synod of the Church of England.

The verdict on the Russian Orthodox Church's participation in international church affairs during the Soviet period, therefore, need not be a harsh one, even if its role was marked by a certain degree of bad faith. Reflex indignation at its compromises with communism is easy from the depths of a Western armchair, forgetful of motives and means. But rendering unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's implies such compromise, which is often impossible without denying the hands.

The approach adopted by Russian churchmen in their overseas dealings may throw some light on the history of their relations with the Soviet authorities at home, which is currently causing much heart-searching and recrimination in Orthodox circles. At the WCC headquarters at Geneva and elsewhere, the Russians seemed interested only in staying out of trouble, not drawing too much attention to themselves, being useful when they could do so uncontroversially, and being friendly but never too open or trusting.

These are classic survival tactics. Such insincerity as circumstances dictated they should adopt towards their Western hosts was probably cancelled out by the insincerity of their relationship with their Soviet masters. The one adjective which came to mind in dealing with senior Russian Orthodox personnel was "wily". But is there not a Gospel text telling the apostles that survival in a hostile world required them to be as cunning as serpents?

Now Holy Russia is back in fashion. The state authorities have started to bestow favours on the Orthodox church as never before, in an attempt to fill the spiritual hiatus caused by the end of communism. But the opening of the KGB's books and the revelation that some churchmen were secret policemen has so angered the church's young turks that there have been calls for senior resignations.

There is not much evidence of a deliberate Catholic policy to take advantage of Orthodox embarrassment over Soviet collaboration, though the Orthodox leadership, Russian and Ukrainian, is intensely suspicious of "papal aggression". The Catholics mainly belong to a Byzantine-style "Uniate" church which has never been accepted by the Orthodox. Its claims for the return of church property (confiscated by the state after 1946) have recently led to confrontations in the street in several towns.

The choice — to bend or to defy and suffer — faces all churches under state pressure, from Jesus's dealings with Pilate and the early church's dealings with the Roman Empire onwards. When persecuted, churches tend to split: some are acquiescent, some defiant. Once the pressure relaxes, however, the antipathy between those whose paths have diverged often intensifies. There is anger among those who emerge from the shadows, guilt among those who cooperated. But there is no sin in survival, only in betrayal. It has not been proved so far that the Russian Orthodox Church betrayed either its beliefs, its members or its friends. And the Uniate Catholics were never among the latter.

After all the campaigning the most likely election result is a hung parliament, says Peter Riddell

Swinging to the centre

RIDDELL ON THE ELECTION

defensive, despite his soapbox. Neil Kinnock has projected the image of a leader ready for office, while Paddy Ashdown's energy has helped make his party a serious political player again.

What might happen over the next few days to affect the result? The campaign has so far been free of smears, scandals or gaffes, in spite of rumours that a shock story is about to break which will change everything. The main risks to the parties are: that Mr Major will sound too strident; that Mr Kinnock will appear too triumphalist (as he did to television viewers of the mammoth rally in Sheffield on

Wednesday); and that too much of the Liberal Democrat campaign rests on Mr Ashdown.

Otherwise, the election will be decided by whether Labour can sustain its "time for a change" message, or whether the Tories' counterattack on taxes, inflation and interest rates finally strikes home. The Tories will seek to contrast Mr Major's strengths with voters' doubts about Mr Kinnock. The Liberal Democrats will stress their moderating influence on the other parties.

Will the polls affect the result? Wednesday's polls showing a big Labour lead produced a sharp drop in financial markets. The Tories hope that the prospect of a Kinnock government will frighten wavering voters back to the fold, especially those who have recently switched to the Liberal Democrats — hence the current arguments that Mr

Ashdown is acting as a Trojan horse for Mr Kinnock.

Many of the final exchanges will therefore be shaped by the parties' standings in the batch of polls in tomorrow's papers.

So who is going to win? Unless there is a sudden shift of opinion, the odds are on a hung parliament. Labour is set to be the largest single party: it will require a reversal of its recent slippage to gain an overall majority. A small shift could make the Tories the largest party, but a swing unprecedentedly large for the last few days of a campaign would be required for the Tories to gain a clear overall majority.

What would happen in a hung parliament? The Tories would be seen as the losers. Not only would at least 50 or 60 MPs have lost their seats, but the party would have fewer

options than Labour. The only group that might offer even tacit support is the official Unionists, so the Tories need to be within 10 seats of the 326 needed for an overall majority to have any hope of staying in office.

Clearly the winner after gaining more than 70 seats, Labour might hold office with only 300 to 305 MPs. Labour's conciliatory gesture over electoral reform has been rejected by Mr Ashdown in view of Mr Kinnock's refusal to state his own views and to promise legislation. But the Liberal Democrats may find it hard to vote against a compromise Queen's Speech, since the party's large contingent of Scottish MPs, already under pressure from the nationalists, may not be willing to oppose a Scottish parliament.

Labour may have most of the cards in a hung parliament. Mr Kinnock believes that all that matters is getting a foot in Downing Street. At present, therefore, while the Tories may still hold onto office, the advantage lies with Labour.

Ben Macintyre celebrates the minutiae of social history while reading a study of fish and chips

Humble fish and chip suppers have suddenly been accorded a central role in our national history. *Fish and Chips and The British Working Class, 1870-1940* by Dr John Walton of Lancaster University, may not elicit a title, but it does for the working man's dinner what has already been done for the pencil, the cigar, the weather, the round bracket and much more besides. Dr Walton has taken what might otherwise be a historical footnote, and squeezed a portion of social history out of it.

The impact of fish and chips, he says with a determinedly straight face, has been unjustly neglected. Through much of the later part of the last century and the first part of this one, Britons apparently derived much of their protein and fat from fish and chips, the food was so popular during the first world war that the government issued fish-fryers with extra-cooking fat to keep the home fires, and presumably hearts, burning.

The fact that in 1914 Bradford had its own fish and chip inspector may be a matter of the most profound indifference to you, but to Dr Walton it is an explanatory key to working-class life. "I have looked in particular at the relationship between fish-fryers and government," he says. That there was, indeed, such a relationship is one of the most surprising aspects of this book.

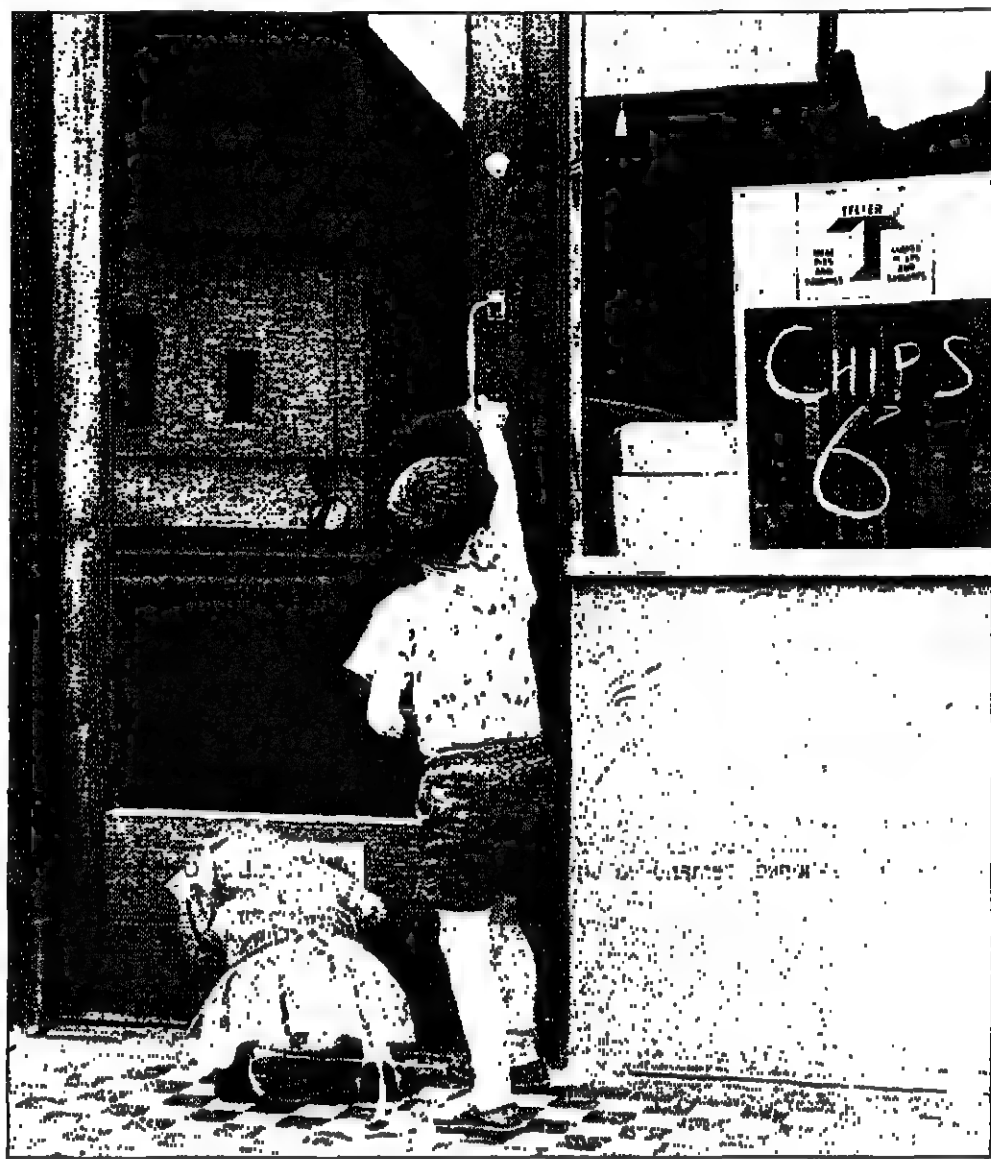
It makes dyspeptic reading, but it follows a long and honourable tradition of mole's-eye history. In 1929, the French historians Marc Bloch and Lucien Febvre brought out the first issue of *Annales d'Histoire Economique et Sociale*, probably the most influential journal of the century. Bloch and the *Annales* school argued that history must be bolstered by other disciplines — ethnology, sociology, linguistics, geogra-

phy, medicine — and that present concerns can and should be used to illuminate history. "We know more about the past," Bloch said, "than the past has seen fit to tell us." The *Annales* effected a quantum shift in historiography, away from *histoire événementielle* towards *la longue durée* — history, in a sense, from the bottom up.

The route from the *Annales* to the history of fish and chips has more slip-roads than a cartway, but it has also led to some remarkable scholarship. In Britain, Richard Cobb's brilliantly detailed and absorbing reconstructions of French life and culture through the stories of ordinary people are among the best modern examples of such deep-mine history. R.N. Salaman's *History and Social Influence of the Potato* is a monument of tuberculous research and remains an essential text for the study of Irish history.

By teasing out the nature of everyday lives, history gains often unexpected depths and insights. The discovery, for example, that some half of the recruits to the British army in the Boer war suffered from rickets helped to draw the right into a consensus in favour of social reform and improving the general health of the British working man. Similarly, the excavation of a single burial ground at Sutton Hoo, containing Swedish coins and Byzantine ware, has helped to show that the Dark Ages were, for East Anglian kings at least, thoroughly cosmopolitan.

At its best, grass-roots history illuminates time and place in a way that the parade of great events and the doings of great men and women seldom can; but at their worst such studies are the monomaniacal wanderings of the obsessed collector, often owing more to gimmickry than scholarship. It is, it seems, too easy to pick an area of human behaviour, a pastime or



Take with a pinch of salt: today's academic paper may be tomorrow's fish and chip wrapper

utensil, to invent an alliterative title (say, "Corns, Carburcles and Cunicles: A History of Chilropody"), and follow the subject through in massive, but not necessarily illuminating detail. Too rarely does extrapolation from the particular (or parochial) to the general produce the kind of headline-grabbing conclusions — of the "Roman Empire collapsed from lead in water pipes" variety — that the

authors may hope for, and there is often a compensating tendency to inflate findings at ground level into elevated theory, to explain, for example, the invasion of the Eastern hordes as a function of the invention of the stirrup.

A.J.P. Taylor famously argued in his *English History 1914-1945* that frustration within the working class was partially the result of a lack of

condoms. "Birth control", he wrote, "became more erratic with each step down the social scale": the working classes relied largely on *coitus interruptus* or abstinence, while the middle classes had access to more sophisticated and, Taylor argued, more satisfying methods of birth control. "The restraint exercised by the lower classes in their private lives may well have contributed to their lack of

enterprise elsewhere." As a theory it is more delicious for being unprovable.

Similarly, the latest claim of nutritional historians suggests that the Chartist movement in Lancashire may have lost its impetus due to an excess of oatmeal in the daily diet, for oatmeal contains vitamin B, which has a calming effect on the temperament.

But in one respect, fish and chip history represents the triumph of the footnote, where the minutiae are no longer in small print, but the text itself. Footnotes, said Dr Johnson, "are often necessary, but they are necessary evils". As a confirmed codicilophile, I would argue the reverse: they are unnecessary pleasures. Whose heart does not leap at the sight of a thin trickle of text surmounting a great wodge of notes? Fair enough — practically nobody feels that way; but a good set of footnotes should contain the out-takes of history, in which lurk all the facts too rude, bloody or downright peculiar to warrant inclusion in the narrative. Gibbon wrote: "My English text is chaste, and all licentious passages are left in the obscurity of a learned language" — but he did not resist the temptation to include them.

Take the footnotes to A.J.P. Taylor's theory on the sexual frustrations of the proletariat, which furnish the irresistible information that the principal British manufacturer of condoms had produced some 100 million by 1950, but that most contraceptives were imported from Germany, until that form of economic intercourse was interrupted by the second world war.

Whether a footnote warrants as in the case of fish and chips, 200 pages and £35 worth of analysis is another question. For although incidentally intriguing, Dr Walton's conclusions may be reduced to a single, rather unsurprising fact: British working people like their fish and chips. This stands as a shocking indictment of our unimaginative national cuisine, but as a grand historical conclusion it is, perhaps, small fry.



...and moreover

PHILIP HOWARD

In the beginning was the word. But in the end there is just the cliché. This election is a fox in the deep-litter henhouse of dead metaphor, scattering feathers and squawks to blot out the eternal electric light. We cannot expect politicians and journalists in the hurly-burly of an election campaign, speaking and writing at high pressure, to coin brand new metaphors. That takes time, and thought and a touch of poetic lateral thinking, the ability to see and hear things on more than one level at the same time. It is work for poets and punsters, not for politicians, who seem designed to be grey men and women, in plinking earnest. But we should perhaps take more care with our old metaphors and clichés that we are hurrying around to blot out the light and deafen the chickens. If you listen carefully to what is being said, you hear things to make your feathers stand on end.

Take the very fashionable metaphor about getting the economy moving out of recession again. "Kick-start", which is widely used by politicians of all levels, from teenage scribblers to old Vesuvii. Strictly ideological monetarism is to economics as Scientology is to science. But this cliché-metaphor is absurd when you stop to think about it. What has the British economy to do with riding a motorbike, especially since motorcycles these days have Japanese names like Kamikaze

rather than English names like Norton.

For those who are not motorcyclists, the definitive description of a kickstart was given in *The Motorcyclist's ABC* of 1916: "A kick starter is fitted to a machine for the purpose of allowing the engine to be started whilst the rider is in the saddle by a downward kick of a pedal." By definition and intention, a kick-start is something sudden and violent that happens in the stamping of a foot. It is therefore a most inappropriate metaphor to apply to a national economy, which takes years, or at the very least months, to turn in any direction, for better or worse. Economists, who drive the most metaphorical and unhurried (and unreliable) of vehicles, are to hot-rodders as hairy caterpillars are to cheetahs. To try to kick-start an economy is as sensible as throwing squibs to shift Everest. The metaphor has the snap of a sudden effective action dear to politicians seeking election. But it is not the way that political economies work. They are already moving, not stationary like the motorbike. It is a peculiarly unsuitable metaphor, which nobody who stopped to listen to what he was saying could use. Its popularity shows it is fox in hen-house time.

Much of language is metaphor, which has become set into cliché over the years, so that it passes through the mind without causing a ripple. Consider the word arm, meaning the limb that fastens your hand to your

shoulder, and also in the plural, instruments of offence in war, arms as weapons. Both meanings come from a vanished Indo-European root *ar-* meaning to put together, join, or fit, with cognates all over the shop from Hittite to Sanskrit. The metaphor of the weapons is derived from the arm that is fastened onto your shoulder, because when men started fighting each other, they originally did it with things held in their hands and wielded by their arms, such as swords and spears and clubs and battle-axes. *Pugnare*, Latin for to fight, comes in a similar metaphor from *pugnus* a fist. *Art*, *article*, and many other words are descended from this old *ar-* root. Arms as weapons were an anthropomorphic metaphor. When guns came in, the metaphor was still half-alive, so that it sounded rude, and so they were given an explanatory prefix as firearms: weapons usually held in the hands that work at a distance with fire and a loud bang. The metaphor has faded further now, so that we can refer without a flicker of awkwardness to intercontinental missiles as arms, although even Hercules would not be able to pick one up in his arms, and arms control, keeping order in a class of excited young waving their arms in the air. By similar, daft anthropomorphic metaphor, we refer to stages of even large yacht races as legs. If we thought exactly about our metaphors, the election would be a much quieter affair.

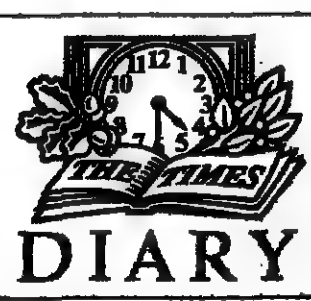
Shady business

WHOEVER wins the boat race this afternoon, Cambridge and Oxford dons are at war over the origin of their respective colours. Cambridge academics say that Oxford stole their dark blue from Trinity, Cambridge, Oxford has his back with the support of Richard Brunell, the boat race's official historian, claiming that the dark blue comes from Christ Church, Oxford.

The row still simmers almost 160 years after Oxford first wore dark blue striped shirts at the first race in 1829. The duty porter at Christ Church was adamant yesterday: "Oxford blue comes from the university coat of arms." But Brunell, a former Oxford blue, insists that it is Christ Church blue. He angrily dismisses the claims that Oxford borrowed its dark blue from Trinity, Cambridge.

"Oh yes, they most certainly did," retorts Denis Lawrence, the President of First and Third Trinity Boat Club, three generations of whose family have been Trinity men. "Originally Oxford asked annual permission to race in our colours. Then we made it permanent. But scores were evened when Wadham College at Oxford went and stole Cambridge blue as their colour."

Be all that as it may, Trinity have always been boat race troublemakers. In the first race in 1829 they refused to wear the pink shirts favoured by their fellow crew-members — and rivals — from St Johns. A compromise was reached with a pink ribbon. At the second race in 1836, it was agreed to wear a neutral white — until at the last moment a Christ's man decided that a touch of colour was required to rival Oxford. He ran to



the nearest haberdasher, it is said, and returned with light blue ribbon. Denis Lawrence of Trinity says it was a deliberate imitation of Eton blue, Trevor Gardener, a former university treasurer, who now runs the Friends of the Boat Race, has an alternative theory. The light blue that has become universally known as Cambridge's colour was all the haberdasher had in stock at the time.

Peace platform

IN CASE OF a hung parliament, the United Nations is standing by to step in and help negotiate the peace. Next Friday evening, less than 24 hours after the polls have closed, Neil Kinnock and Paddy Ashdown are due to share a platform at an environmental rally in London organised by the United Nations Association. Both have promised that whatever other talks they may be involved in by then, they intend to be present.

"Mr Kinnock gave us his word, even after the election had been announced, that he would be there," says Philip Ruhemann for the organisers. "He has told us he will speak for about half an hour. Mr Ashdown has also pledged to be there. Perhaps they will negotiate on our platform. The UN does have something of a record in these things after all." However,

Kinnock may have to call for reinforcements. Also on the platform will be Des Wilson, the Lib Dem campaign manager.

● Kiri is Kanawa may soon be ousted as the best-selling soprano. Florence Foster Jenkins, famous as "the worst opera singer in history", has been re-released on CD, enabling perfect reproduction of her appalling voice. "Florence was a cult figure," explains Michael Deacon of the record company RCA. "Two thousand people were turned away when she sang at Carnegie Hall in 1944. She never over hit the right note, and her rhythm was terrible. She never disappointed her followers, and she is in great demand. Her dreadful singing is a wonderful after-dinner talking point. Was she laughing at the people who had paid to hear the worst singer in the world, or were they paying in order to enjoy the pleasure of laughing at her?"

God bless laryngitis

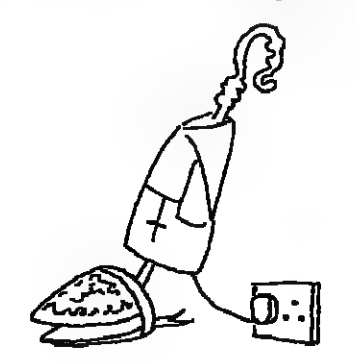
ARE their voices going to hold out? All three party leaders are showing signs of croakiness, and yesterday the doctors were full of good advice. Not that Neil Kinnock, for one, takes much notice. David Garfield Davies, chairman of the British Association of Performing Arts Medicine, who works at the post-trauma voice clinic at Middlesex hospital, was consulted by the Labour leader after his voice cracked at the end of the 1983 election. "I saw him eight years ago at the clinic, but he doesn't seem to have taken in my advice. He still gets too excited."

Of the three leaders, only Paddy Ashdown currently has a professional voice coach, and according to the experts, it shows. Kinnock is rated the worst. "He is a shouter. What he does to his voice is like

putting paraffin into the engine of a sports car," says Victor Madvern, the actor and voice coach. The advice is to avoid clearing the throat and gargling. "When the voice is tiring, it is much better to yawn or sigh for relief," says Davies. Downing Street seemed unconcerned about the prime minister's voice. "We are too busy fighting an election to worry about that," said a spokesman.

Drudgery divine

PETER BALL, the new Bishop of Gloucester, was planning to rise at 5am as usual this morning to do a spot of vacuuming around the palace before his enthronement in the presence of Prince Charles. He says the chore, a part of his daily religious ritual, and today will be no different. "I am a simple shepherd rather than a glorious prelate," he says, and he will emphasise the point by turning up not in



a bishop's finery but in a humble monk's habit. The purple cassock and mitre will be adopted only at the very last moment of the ceremony. Only then will he be distinguishable from the Bishop of Truro, his identical twin brother Michael, who will also be dressed in a grey monk's habit.

GED



QUESTION OF IDEOLOGY

Next week's general election is widely regarded as devoid of ideological choice. The Tories, having unceremoniously dropped the author of Thatcherism in 1990, smartly moved towards the centre. The Labour party, smarting from wounds inflicted on it in three defeats, has performed a similar shift. Reading the election manifestos is to plough through sludge of more than usual density. Not surprisingly, the Liberal Democrats are emerging as minor heroes of the campaign, the party of "We told you all so."

All parties tend to behave thus at elections: they certainly did before Mrs Thatcher's ideological douching in 1979. In addition, John Major and Neil Kinnock have had electoral reasons for policy convergence at a time of recession. They have shed themselves of policies, for instance on poll tax or defence, which had been talismans of party ideology but which psephologists told them were liabilities. They have shed themselves of the extremist label, often sadly associated with ideology in politics. Hence the contrast with the fierce elections of the 1980s.

For the Conservatives, this contrast has been the more noticeable because they are in government and have changed leader. Mrs Thatcher brought them to office in 1979 on the basis of a grand idea: that a modern democracy was by no means ungovernable. It could reform its productive capacity, manage its money and sustain its growth, but it could do so only if it ended the idea that the public sector was a free lunch and ensured that internal and external trade were determined in the market place.

By the end of the 1980s, Mrs Thatcher had lost her battle to retain Britain's independence of monetary manoeuvre. She had defied the unions and instituted important public sector reforms, but the great welfare state institutions remained mostly intact and she had lost her own office. But in the process she had laid down clarity of vision as essential to the practice of Conservatism. She knew where she was going, however hard the road. Even among her opponents, she instilled an awkward sense that there was truth in her message and necessity in her medicine.

What now of Mrs Thatcher's inheritors? Much is now made of the distance that John Major and his colleagues have put between themselves and Thatcherism. They drained their tank of her petrol a year ago, yet they are still dithering on whether to refill with leaded or unleaded. Mr Major has found it strangely hard to choose between Burke and Hayek. Grand strategy does not come easy to him. His God is in the details. His followers are unsure where he stands on further privatising health and education, on making public utilities truly competitive, on revisiting Britain's moribund constitution.

A reason for this is that Mr Major has been led along his political learning curve not by the hair-shirt prophets of Conservatism in opposition but by the centralist mandarins of the Treasury and Downing Street. After the experience of Nigel Lawson, Whitehall's insouciant aversion to the private sector has guided Mr Major ever deeper into the slough of recession, evincing from him the phrase (applied only to the private sector) that must haunt him. "If it isn't hurting, it isn't working." Asked about philosophy, Mr Major answers in the newspeak of a Treasury briefing paper. Majorism, like socialism, has come to be about jam tomorrow.

Yet for all this, the sensible observer distinguishes the surface noise of party politics, the mumbling and scratching as an election approaches, from the continuing themes. That Mr Major has for the past year struggled just to "keep things ticking over" does not render him impervious to grand design should his freedom of manoeuvre be restored by a new mandate. The Tory party remains committed to the reforms instituted

by Mrs Thatcher and to the ideology underlying them. Should it win this election, there is no doubt that privatisation will be resumed. So too would the striving for lower taxes on incomes and savings, for lower trade barriers and against anti-competitive subsidies. Such Toryism remains rooted in Mrs Thatcher's antipathy to the establishment and her opposition to interest group protectionism. It has no link with that of the 1970s, of the Heath government's search for national consensus on the fixing of wages and prices. It remains distinctive.

Labour comes nowhere near such an outlook. The party may have recovered from the shock treatment of Thatcherism and the equal and opposite shock of the collapse of socialism in Eastern Europe. The Labour philosopher, Stephen Lukes, wails that "the socialism we have lost is not only a theory of institutional design for an entire socio-economic system, but the very idea of such a theory". But just as Labour leaders were keen to downplay the significance of such Marxist roots, so they might now downplay the significance of their abrupt decay. Labour too has an election to fight. Labour too has to put on its best suit of clothes.

The Labour leadership remains, in its ideological essentials, what it has been since it won four elections in the decade 1964-74. It is the party of organised labour and of collective action: of the aspirations of a planned public sector and its multifarious beneficiaries. One of Mr Kinnock's achievements at this election has been dramatically to expand the range of such beneficiaries, from blue and white collar workers into the realm of the great professions, to doctors, dentists, academics, teachers, scientists, artists.

Mr Kinnock has acknowledged such elements of "gas and water" Thatcherism as might have appealed to the Webbs, for instance local authority tendering. He has quietly welcomed some wing-clipping of union power. But there has been no clear statement of Labour ideology since the writings of Tony Crosland. The immaculately packaged Mr Kinnock has not permitted himself the merest hint that markets might more efficiently advance the prosperity of rich and poor alike. If asked for an ideology, he says he wants to "empower the poor", to grant positional goods to all now deprived of them.

Here is no ideological guide to government but merely a declaration of interest. If asked to allocate the gains of growth between public or private sector, Mr Kinnock offers no contest. In him is vested the requirements of those whose incomes depend on the state. Paying these incomes and maintaining unrationed, demand-led public services (pensions, hospitals) means levying taxes on individuals and companies who must compete with nations that maintain no such services. On this fiscal conjuring trick, Labour is silent. Small wonder that the new Labour party wants to rush to the protectionist bosom of high-cost European social policies.

Labour's ideology appears today as profoundly, to some reassuringly, conservative. It is that of a Whig restoration. The beneficiaries of Labour rule would be the once-great grandees of the public spending booms of the 1960s and 70s: the big cities, Scotland, the public sector unions, the incorporated professions, the civil service. The radical teeth that Labour bared in the 20 years after the war have mostly been drawn (only those for constitutional reform still having some bite). Mr Kinnock's Labour party would be a return to the comfortable habits, and the rivalries and jealousies, of the pre-Thatcher years.

Thus does this election pit Tory radicalism against Labour conservatism. Paradox has always offered the best prism of politics. But to suggest that there is no choice is surely nonsense.

CROWNING MERCY

What passions should the sight of a Cavalier's sword or a Roundhead's helmet stir in the English soul? Three hundred and fifty years after king and parliament joined battle at Edgehill, *The Times* is supporting a travelling exhibition of armaments from the English Civil War which will tour the country until the end of May. Yet, more than three centuries after Charles I was beheaded outside the banqueting hall of Whitehall, historians are still trading common room blows over what the war was all about.

There are plenty of theories on offer in the historical shopping-mall. Older historians traced in the conflict the inevitable rise of the House of Commons and the first stirrings of liberal democracy, while Marxists choose to interpret it as England's very own bourgeois revolution. In the last 20 years, a school of revisionists, led by Earl Russell, has successfully stripped the war of its political glamour. For them, the battles of 1642-51 had less to do with principle than with factional crises: an unwelcome influx of Scots to court on James I's accession in 1603, and by the unpopular ascendancy of the Duke of Buckingham, Archbishop Laud and the Earl of Strafford in Charles's reign.

Most members of Parliament, the revisionists say, were a dreary lot, more committed to the freedom from arrest which their status conferred than to the fight against Stuart absolutism or arbitrary taxation. So many MPs had their noses in the Stuart trough that the king/parliament division was mostly artificial. Thus England stumbled happily into war simply because Charles's reckless foreign policy had overstretched the nation's resources, because the king failed to keep Ireland or Scotland on a tight leash, and because the exotic company he kept at court provoked an irrational fear of papism. Scarcely the stuff of national legend.

This uninspiring orthodoxy, now current in most sixth form and university courses, neglects the grand idea in history. The MPs

who objected to Stuart taxes and the men who led Cromwell's New Model Army to victory at Naseby in 1645 may not have been political scientists but they left an indelible mark upon British political culture and its unwritten constitution.

The stakes were certainly seen as high by the participants. That the Stuart kings were attracted by continental despotism is clear enough from James I's own *Basilikon Doron* and the absolutist tracts of supporters such as Lord Chancellor Ellesmere. This fatal fascination provoked in its turn a riot of pamphlets and letter-writing exploring the role of kingship, sovereignty and liberty, the pinnacle of which was the Petition of Right of 1628, condemning the evils of arbitrary government. Alongside the bloody clash of steel raged a far more productive war of words, "a search for a doctrine of responsible government" as John Morrill puts it in today's *Times* Saturday Review.

From this paper battlefield emerged in the late-17th century a nation committed to the sovereignty of Parliament, opposed to arbitrary taxation, standing armies and martial law, and edging towards religious tolerance. The Cromwellian republic failed. But later kings who pushed their luck, such as James II and George III, faced far tougher ground rules. Small wonder that the people of England seemed less moved even by the clamour of the French Revolution than they were by the rise of Napoleon.

With becoming English discretion, this anniversary will probably generate many works of scholarship and few fireworks. But the enduring influence of the English Civil War cannot be in doubt, especially in an election week which tacitly celebrates the values to which the conflict played midwife. If nothing else, today's party leaders may be grateful that things are not as heated as they were in 1649. In those days, after all, the penalty for neglecting Scotland — or for pushing up taxation — was nastier.

Giving health service reforms a fair chance to work

From Lord McColl of Dulwich and 645 others whose signatures have been submitted to *The Times*

Sir, We are all doctors, nurses or health-care professionals. We wish to make the following points:

1. The NHS reforms should be given a fair chance to work as they are already providing improvement in the quality of patient care and are also, through greater efficiency, enabling more patients to be treated with less delay.

2. By allowing money to follow the patient, hospitals will be able to treat more patients without exceeding their budgets.

3. The reforms have affirmed the principles on which the NHS was founded, that its services are available to everyone regardless of means and will continue to be funded out of general taxation.

4. It is desirable to devolve decision-making within the health service down to local centres. This is an important principle of the reforms, especially the trusts, which remain an integral part of the NHS.

5. The success of GP fundholding has already been confirmed. The initiative should be extended now to give all GPs the opportunity to obtain better hospital services for their patients.

Yours sincerely,
McCOLL,
House of Lords,
April 2.

From Dr M. J. Rooney
Sir, Like many of my fellow health professionals, this election campaign has intensified the frustration I feel with our politicians.

A non-party-political debate is needed to discuss what level of health care the nation wants to provide and how and by whom it is to be provided and funded. The present debate on health services only to further political careers. Truth and objectivity were the earliest casualties of this undisciplined battle.

Few of us welcomed the new GP contract, the recent NHS reforms, or the way they were implemented. However, we have worked hard to carry them out and in the process spent much from the public purse. We now need a period of stability and evaluation leading to a national evolution of the NHS, not another abrupt round of politically inspired changes.

Yours etc.,
MICHAEL ROONEY,
Oaktree Cottage, 3a Flowerly Field,
Woodsmoor, Stockport,
Greater Manchester,
March 29.

From Professor Roger Jones
Sir, In "Peril at the gates of paradise" (*Life & Times*, March 23) David Selbourne pointed out the distinction between reality and the political game and described how the general election campaign trivialises and distracts attention from matters of public concern.

The health debate is now focused on waiting times for surgery and the impact of the internal market. These matters are important and raise issues of funding, competence and organisation. But in a sense they are

distracted from much wider concerns about the health of our population, which is influenced by environmental, social and political factors.

We have little to be proud of: mortality rates for coronary heart disease and lung cancer are unacceptably high and overall mortality rates are highest in the most deprived areas of the country. Causal links between disease and premature death and poverty, social deprivation and unhealthy lifestyles are inescapable.

In this context waiting list initiatives are at best cosmetic: it is no more appropriate to seek to improve the health of the nation by building more hospitals than it is to improve standards of living by building more homes. Our understanding of the causes of common disabling and fatal diseases is imperfect, but we know enough to know that not enough is being done to prevent them.

Yours faithfully,
ROGER JONES,
University of Newcastle upon Tyne,
Department of Primary Health Care,
School of Health Care Sciences,
Framlington Place,
Newcastle upon Tyne,
April 2.

From Professor Sir Dillwyn Williams

Sir, Many of us who work in the NHS regret the way in which it has been politicised in this election campaign. The forward in the government's white paper, *Working for Patients*, of three years ago, defined three aims: "to extend patient choice, to delegate responsibility to where the services are provided, and to secure the best value for money".

It is clear that attempts to meet the latter two aims have led to patient choice being restricted rather than extended. Whether the delegated responsibility is being exercised wisely is unproven. It is impossible to say whether the best value for money is being secured. Despite the huge sums spent on management and accounting rather than on direct patient care, costs remain at present largely a matter of guesswork.

A realistic assessment of the outcome of the NHS reforms must be that in the short term they have led to muddle, waste, bureaucracy but some benefits. The long-term effect is unpredictable. In my view the biggest danger is the fear that the emphasis on the market and the application of business principles may turn the caring professions into businessmen and women who judge success and failure by the balance sheet alone.

A health service where decisions about the use of money to provide resources are taken by the doctor when he or she is consulted by the patient may lead to economy at the expense of standards of care.

A health service where the transformation of money into resources is decided centrally may encourage caring attitudes, but may discourage the economic use of resources.

A middle way is possible, but rebuilding the consensus that is essential for a stable and successful

NHS must involve the public, the professions and politicians of all parties, not just the rushed implementation of political theory.

Yours faithfully,
DILLWYN WILLIAMS,
Orchard House,
Boverton, South Glamorgan.

From Mr Ray Whitney

Sir, Those attending the carefully timed special conference of the British Medical Association report, March 27, to vote against the government's National Health Service reforms were following the tradition of that organisation. The BMA has regularly opposed welcome and much needed reforms to our health-care system at their introduction, only to embrace them warmly a few years later once their benefits (to the medical profession) have become clear.

This pattern was seen in 1911 when Lloyd George's National Health Insurance Bill proposed a "medical benefit" which provided for a minimum level of medical care for the poorest in the community.

It was repeated when Aneurin Bevan introduced his National Health Service Bill in 1946. The BMA only accepted the much criticised "surrender" to Bevan when, in his words, he "stuffed the doctors' mouths with pound notes".

Readers tempted to point out that the Conservative party voted against the second reading of Bevan's Bill should recall that the party's health spokesman emphasised at the time that the Conservatives advocated a "national, comprehensive, 100 per cent health service" on the lines set out in the 1944 white paper of Henry Willink (also a Conservative). Needless to say the BMA had also opposed the white paper.

The government's NHS reforms are increasingly recognised as successful both by the public and by a growing percentage of the medical profession. On past form, it will take another year or two before the BMA again catches up with history and recognises the improvements now being realised in health care.

Sincerely,
RAY WHITNEY (Conservative candidate for Wycombe),
150a West Wycombe Road,
High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire.

From Mr David Gullick

Sir, In the 18 years of my service on the staff of the BMA, the aggregate periods of office of Conservative and Labour administrations were roughly equal. During those years I knew of, or took part in, several discussions between ministry and professional spokesmen about the intolerable

lengths of hospital waiting lists. But despite these best efforts, the problem remained unsolved; and strange as it may seem, the gross total of patients-in-waiting was much the same as the figure of 925,663 you publish (report, March 26) — year in and year out.

Yours faithfully,
DAVID GULLICK
(BMA Secretariat 1958-76),
1 Heathrow Road,
Wetwyn, Hertfordshire,
March 26.

the Labour benches — about whether defence strategy has been properly thought out and well presented, about its strategic rationale or how far it is Treasury-driven, about procurement and the future of defence industry, and about its impact on those who matter first and foremost — our armed services.

It was from the Labour benches in the week before the dissolution of Parliament that the prime minister was reminded of the recent barrage of criticism from the Select Committee on Defence over the government's handling of the army cuts, and the genuine fear among members on both sides of the House that the outcome will be overstretch in peacetime and a dangerous shortage in times of tension.

Yours faithfully,
PATRICK DUFFY,
153 Bennethorpe,
Doncaster, South Yorkshire,
April 1.

From Mr Nick Herbert

Sir, It has taken Neil Kinnock just two weeks to depart from Labour's manifesto pledge to allow a free vote on hunting (report, April 2). Scenting electoral advantage, he now commits a Labour government to ban the sport. Labour have also promised to leave shooting and fishing unrestricted. Why on earth should over four million shooters and anglers believe them? Quite apart from the breathtaking hypocrisy of the pledge, it may soon be broken.

A survey of the last Parliament showed that half of Labour's MPs were opposed to shooting and a third could not even find it in themselves to support angling, preferring merely to be "neutral" on one of Britain's most popular participatory sports.

Mr Kinnock may regret the day he sought to make political capital out of animal welfare. The only people for whom it will be an election issue are the millions who see a threat to their sport. A far bigger concern for most voters will be whether Mr Kinnock and his party can be trusted to keep their promises.

Yours faithfully,
NICK HERBERT,
Lyndhurst Cottage,
Hatfield Broad Oak, Essex.

Too much faith in opinion polls

From Mr John Cunningham

Sir, As the chief executive of a company which spends many hundreds of thousands of pounds on market research and its analysis, I am concerned about the misinterpretation of market research techniques in the current general election campaign and the preoccupation with what are for the most part statistically insignificant differences.

Polling is an entirely valid market research technique which has a remarkably high degree of statistical accuracy for most applications, but in this election far too much is being expected of it.

On samples of 1,000-1,500, the margin of error on responses of about 40 per cent is plus or minus 2.5-3 per cent — i.e., any figures which are less than 5-6 percentage points apart are within the margin of error and cannot be said to be significantly different.

There is still a 1-in-20 chance that the real figures could lie outside the range of plus or minus 3 per cent. To be virtually 1-in-20 certain, one must accept a wider margin of plus or minus 3.8-4.7 per cent; that would eliminate virtually any statistical significance in the difference between Conservative and Labour support so far in the campaign.

It can therefore be positively misleading for political commentators to talk, for example, of one party improving its lead by one or two percentage points. Successive response rates are in effect identical in statistical terms and most of the comment on poll results can only be conjecture.

There are several other reasons for judging the polls with circumspection. A poll may well reasonably reflect overall national opinion, but the distribution of that opinion over 650 differing constituencies can be varied and uneven: the 80-180 constituencies polled may not be representative of opinion elsewhere in the country and although the polls seek to reflect the views of the whole voting population, the whole population never actually votes (in the ten elections since 1955, between 21 and 28 per cent of the electorate never got to the polling station).

Many potential voters in this election may have disfranchised themselves in order to avoid poll tax. The Registrar General, in the context of the 1991 census, is already on record as saying that the shortfall of those registered, whilst less than 2 per cent, would be larger than the 0.5 per cent (250,000 people) unrecorded in the 1981 census.

The shortfall on the electoral register, which is much less stringently supervised and enforced than the census, could well be 2-3 per cent — up to 1.5 million voters. Whom would they have voted for, assuming that they would have voted at all? And how many of them have already given their opinions in a poll?

Yours faithfully,
JOHN CUNNINGHAM
(Chief Executive),
Mintel International Group,
18-19 Long Lane, EC1,
April 2.

Outside elephant

From Lord Glendevon

Sir, Your science editor reported (March 26) the discovery of an outside elephant in the Nepal jungles by Colonel Blashford-Snell. This elephant "broke into the camp and snapped the chains of a domestic female elephant" which was rescued just in time.

When my father, Lord Lintilhgow, was Viceroy of India he visited Nepal in December 1938. He wrote to the King on the eve of his arrival as follows: "I hear from my camp that four nights ago a wild tusker entered the elephant lines... and choosing a likely looking young lady elephant took her away with him. Quite unabashed she returned to duty next day."

Could it have been the same elephant up to his tricks over 50 years later?

Yours faithfully,
GLENDEVON,
House of Lords,
March 27.

Saving graces

From Mr J. Allan Denholm

Sir, I thought it might be of interest to readers to hear of the West of Scotland ecumenical grace (letters, April 2):

O Lord heap blessings on the soup,
Heap blessings on the novies,
Heap blessings on the Papes and Joves,
The Muslims and Jehovists,
Heap blessings on all gathered here,
On absent friends and strangers,
And if you have any blessings left,
For God's sake bless the Rangers.

Yours faithfully,
J. ALLAN DENHOLM,
Greencroft, 19 Colquhoun Drive,
Beardsden, Glasgow,
April 2.

From Mr Peter O'Hare

Sir, There is a certain topicality about the politicians' grace: "For those whom we are about to deceive may we forever be truly thankful".

Yours faithfully,
PETER O'HARE,
9 Cherry Tree Close,
Anstey, Leicester,
April 2.

Coming pages

Mr W K Robertson and Mrs M B Baxter
The couple were married in 1954. Mr Robertson was a member of the Royal Air Force and served in the Middle East. Mrs Baxter was a member of the Royal Navy and served in the Mediterranean. They have three children and live in London.

Mr D J Robinson and Mrs C M Hitchcock
The couple were married in 1958. Mr Robinson was a member of the Royal Air Force and served in the Middle East. Mrs Hitchcock was a member of the Royal Navy and served in the Mediterranean. They have three children and live in London.

Mr M M M. Station and Mrs J J. U. Roke
The couple were married in 1960. Mr Station was a member of the Royal Air Force and served in the Middle East. Mrs Roke was a member of the Royal Navy and served in the Mediterranean. They have three children and live in London.

Mr J A. de R. Wates and Mrs N. L. Ophio Wates
The couple were married in 1962. Mr Wates was a member of the Royal Air Force and served in the Middle East. Mrs Ophio Wates was a member of the Royal Navy and served in the Mediterranean. They have three children and live in London.

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OBITUARIES

HARRY ORLINSKY

Harry M. Orlinsky, biblical scholar, died in Baltimore, Maryland, on March 21 aged 84. He was born in Ontario, Canada, on March 14, 1908.

IN 1954, searching for the most reliable biblical scholar to examine four Dead Sea Scrolls offered for sale, the Israeli government approached Harry Orlinsky for his advice. He examined the scrolls in a New York City bank, concealing his identity as Israel's representative, and then sent the code word to an unlisted number to indicate the authenticity of the scrolls. It was only one page in a life which was filled with remarkable achievements as a scholar and human being.

Orlinsky was the outstanding Bible scholar of his time, called to New York's Jewish



Institute of Religion by its founder Stephen S. Wise in 1943. Previously, Orlinsky had taught at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem and at the Baltimore Hebrew College, later University.

Any room or lecture hall lit up when Orlinsky walked through the door. His sense of humour and his uncanny awareness of a hidden flaw in many texts presented to him often led him into battles with other scholars which he thoroughly enjoyed. It was Orlinsky, in his *Ancient Israel* (1954, reprinted 1972 as *Understanding the Bible Through History and Archaeology*), who cheerfully challenged the European scholars who posited a confederacy of tribes in pre-monarchic Israel, a sacred league resembling a Greek amphipoly. He slew other sacred

bulls as well, although not always supported by his colleagues. Thus, he questioned the approach which saw "universalism" as the centre of the prophetic teachings, and he seriously questioned the "Suffering Servant" in Deutero-Isaiah. This study, published in 1964, stressed that the notion of such a servant, innocent and dying for others, was not known in Jewish thought until the first century.

He took another controversial, though substantiated, position when he challenged the St Mark's Isaiah Scroll from the Judean desert, indicating its unreliability as a text and that this scroll was copied from memory and was unreliable.

It was not profitable to quarrel with a scholar who served as a president of the Society for Biblical Literature (1970) and who served as the only Jew on the Revised Standard Version translation of the Bible for the American Protestant community (in 1952). In 1962, when the Jewish Publication Society of America (JPSA) published its translation for the Jewish community, Orlinsky was the editor-in-chief. Again, when the New Revised Standard Version translation appeared in 1990 for a united Christian community, Orlinsky, again the only Jew, had taken an active part in the translation.

His own work ranged from studies of the Greek Septuagint to the Book of Job. All of his work benefited from an easy, persuasive style and original insights buttressed by solid research. Always, he was surrounded by disciples who were encouraged to disagree and to challenge the master.

In 1991 the Hebrew Union College-JIR, honoured Orlinsky with the Dr Bernard Heller Prize, citing his role in establishing an interdisciplinary approach of archaeology, philology, comparative linguistics and comparative religion in the study of the Bible.

He was concerned with and involved in Israel, and enjoyed politics. New York City was a good background in providing the excitement he needed. He was "street-wise" and enjoyed being so.

Paul von Henreid, Austrian-born stage and screen actor who worked for many years in Hollywood, died in Santa Monica on March 29 in his eighties. He was born in Trieste, probably on January 10, 1908.

A SCENE in Paul Henreid's second Hollywood picture, *Now Voyager* (1942), in which he lit two cigarettes and handed one of them to Bette Davis, instantly established his screen style and popularity. From this time on, he was generally typed as the suave, elegant, aristocratic — if characteristically somewhat gloomy — Continental lover. His next film appearance, however, as the stoical resistance fighter in *Casablanca* (1943), was to guarantee his permanent place in Hollywood mythology.

In the next two decades he played in some 27 films. In *Song of Love* he was Robert Schumann, in *Last of the Buccaneers* Jean Lafitte, and in *Deep in My Heart* Florence Ziegfeld. He co-starred with Bette Davis again in *Deception* (1946). Few of his roles from the later years remain particularly memorable. In 1969 he returned to Britain to play the General in Bryan Forbes' and John Huston's film *Guinevere*. The *Madwoman of Chaillot*, he made a final cameo appearance in John Boorman's *Exorcist II: The Heretic*, in 1977.

In 1952 Henreid turned director with *For Men Only*, giving himself a somewhat narcissistic role as a professor who campaigns against brutal initiation rites in his college. Subsequent pictures as director were *A Woman's Devotion* (1957) and *Dead Ringer* (English title, *Dead Image*, 1964). In this last film he created a ripe melodramatic vehicle for his former co-star Bette Davis, now in her late fifties: she played a dual role as twin sisters, one of whom does away with the other. The film also provided a role for Henreid's daughter Monika, who survives him.

Like so many actors, Paul

PAUL HENREID



Paul Henreid with Bette Davis in *Now Voyager*, 1942.

Henreid left some uncertainty about his exact age. He was born on January 10, but reference books disagree whether the year was 1905, 1907 or 1908. His father was the Viennese banker Count Carl von Henreid, and Henreid (as he later called himself for professional purposes) claimed the name and title of Paul George Julius Bernhard Ritter von Wasel-Waldingau.

He studied in Vienna at the Maria Teresa Academy and the Institute of Graphic Arts. While working as a designer in a publishing house he attended night classes at the Konservatorium, where he was spotted by Max Reinhardt's managing director, the future film director Otto Preussner, who engaged him for Reinhardt's theatre.

One of his early stage appearances in Vienna was playing the young Emperor Franz Josef in madrigal performances of the musical *Cissy*.

by Herbert and Ernst Marischka, which drew heavily on songs by Fritz Kreisler. His co-star on those Viennese afternoons was Hedwig Kiesler, later to be known as Hedy Lamarr. Josef von Sternberg later filmed *Cissy* as *The King Steps Out*, but used Franchot Tone and Grace Moore in the leading roles.

Subsequently Henreid played in two films directed in Germany by Erich Engel, a Reinhardt disciple and frequent collaborator with Brecht. The star of both films, *Hohe Schule* (1934) and *Der Kommandant* (1935) was Rudolf Forster, whose dashing elegance was perhaps an influence on the young Henreid.

In 1935, anticipating the precarious political future, Henreid moved to Britain. The English stage was not at that time particularly hospitable to emigrés, but with his

aristocratic good looks, Henreid began to land film roles. His walk-on in Herbert Wilcox's *Victoria the Great* is not credited. Under the name of Paul von Henreid, however, he had a featured part in Carol Reed's *Night Train to Munich*, as a Nazi villain masquerading as a Czech patriot.

After one more film in Britain, playing Max von Stauffel in Sam Wood's *Goodbye Mr Chips*, Henreid decided to emigrate to the United States. He had a success on Broadway in *Flight to the West*, and was thereupon signed by RKO, definitively adopting the name of Paul Henreid. His first Hollywood appearance was with Michèle Morgan and Alan Ladd in *Joan of Paris*, the story of a young heroine of the resistance.

Henreid, who married Elisabeth Gluck in 1936, was granted American citizenship in 1946.

RAFAEL VALLS

Rafael Valls, barrister and diplomat, died on March 30 aged 80. He was born on January 19, 1912.

RARELY, if ever, can an English barrister have practised with unmatched expertise in his own sphere and yet also achieved the highest legal and diplomatic distinctions in another country. Rafael Valls, who advised on Spanish law for almost 60 years, did so.

He was born in England in 1912, the son of a high-ranking official in the Bank of Spain. After schooling at Chatham in the Rosa College, Madrid, he completed his education at Stoneyhurst. He then won the Blackstone prizes to enter the Middle Temple, where he was called to the Bar in 1933. He was subsequently called to the Spanish Bar, but chose to practise for most of his life from the Temple. There passed through his chambers the great corporations, royalty, nobility and more ordinary folk who had property or matrimonial problems on which they needed help. He served them all unflinchingly.

Rafael maintained a close connection with Spain. As early as 1940, he was appointed legal adviser to the Spanish Embassy. In 1965, he became a doctor of laws in Madrid. In 1975, he retired from the English Bar to take up a full-time diplomatic appointment at the Spanish Embassy in London.

During his time, he served no fewer than ten ambassadors in London. The continuity he provided, together with his depth of wisdom and experience, made him a cornerstone of the embassy. His influence and reputation were such that behind the scenes he played a valuable role in helping to secure the smooth transition from the Franco regime to the restoration of the monarchy. He was a delegate to the negotiation of many legal conventions and author of many articles on Spanish law.

It is not only the Spanish authorities who had cause to value his abilities. Many UK citizens seeking to acquire property or to settle in Spain remember gratefully the free

advice he dispensed from the embassy. It could not have come from a better source and was given with the humanity which is a hallmark of the finest lawyers.

His more lucrative practice brought its rewards. He was not extravagant or ostentatious, but he had a penchant for Rolls-Royces. These conflicting characteristics had their hazards. One Saturday morning, he set out to Marks & Spencer to seek good value in a pair of shoes. This involved passing the show-rooms of a well-known Rolls-Royce dealer. A gleaming new Corniche was displayed in the window. The temptation proved irresistible and somewhat diminished the saving on the pair of shoes. He was a civilised man, who loved music and sailing.

Rafael was honoured by Spain and his titles were impressive. He became HE le Don Rafael Valls y Carreras LVO, Marques de la Fuente Olivares, Marques de la Culina, Knight Grand Cross of Civil Merit and Knight Commander of the Order of Isabella the Catholic.

But more impressive than even his titles were his hard



work and professionalism. Raf, as his friends affectionately knew him, had charm, kindness, wit and gentleness. He encouraged his younger colleagues. He also had courage which he displayed both in his sorties into Spain to give advice during the Civil War, and in the way he met death. He is survived by his wife, Diana, whom he married in 1947, and two sons.

REAR-ADMIRAL GARTH WATSON

Rear-Admiral John Garth Watson, CB, admiral superintendent of Rosyth dockyard, 1963-6, and later secretary of the Institution of Civil Engineers (ICE), died on March 31 aged 78. He was born on February 20, 1914.

GARTH Watson was one of the Royal Navy's most innovative electrical engineers for a quarter of a century during and after the second world war. Among his most significant designs was the propulsion system for the Porpoise and Oberon classes of diesel-electric submarines, still used in the Unholy class now coming into service. While based at the ship design department in Bath he was also responsible for a revolutionary new high voltage electrical generation and distribution system for the CVA-01 class of aircraft carrier. But in this respect his energy was wasted.

Although the first of the three new carriers had been ordered, to replace those like the ageing *Eagle* and *Ark Royal*, the contract was cancelled in the 1960s amid scepticism over the future for big ships. The need for Watson's development vanished with it.

His most valuable work in the second world war, however, was carried out before he had joined the uniformed service. As a clever young Admiralty employee, he was posted to a team being assembled in 1939 to deal with the new threat from magnetic mines.

Although the theory behind the magnetic mine was well-known, the Germans had perfected it in secret and had caught the Royal Navy by surprise when they deployed them. Alarmed, the Admiralty launched an emergency research programme to develop new minesweeping equipment, as well as a degaussing system for reducing the magnetic signature of ships' hulls.

The researches helped by the recovery of an intact mine from mudflats in the Thames estuary where it had been dropped by parachute by the Luftwaffe. A number of leading scientists were



drafted in, while Watson was involved in experimental work and trials.

Until then he had followed in the footsteps of his father, an electrical engineer working in Coventry. Garth had gone to University College School, Hampstead, then to Northampton Engineering College, London — now City University. He had also joined the Territorial Army as an officer in the Hertfordshire Regiment. But he had to resign his commission in the late 1930s when he accepted his research job with the Admiralty.

He did not join the navy until 1949. The technological advances during the war persuaded the navy to establish in 1946 its own electrical branch for the first time, incorporating radio and radar. Watson was an early recruit, transferring to the uniformed service with the ready-made rank of commander after taking a radio course at HMS Collingwood, the electrical school in Fareham. Fellow officers were to include his younger brother, now Vice-Admiral

Sir Philip Watson. Garth Watson gained some sea-going experience in the early 1950s, serving in destroyers and a cruiser in the Home Fleet. But most of his subsequent career was spent ashore. In staff jobs or at one of the royal dockyards — Devonport, 1953-55, and Gibraltar, where he was superintendent electrical engineer, 1957-60. After two years as assistant director of electrical engineering in Whitehall, he went on his last appointment to Rosyth. He retired from the navy in 1966.

Watson then began a second career as secretary to the Institution of Civil Engineers, applying himself with equal energy and initiative. During his 12 years at the helm, ICE membership rose from 38,000 to 57,650 while its annual turnover soared from £368,000 to £2,785,575.

Two-thirds of its income came from a commercial company, Thomas Telford Ltd, established with Watson as managing director to handle magazines and other publishing. Its flagship was the weekly magazine *New Civil Engineer*, whose independent editorial policies broke new ground for a professional journal of its kind.

Watson, a courteous man of great integrity, who expected the same meticulous performance from subordinates, retired once more in 1979 — only to set himself up as a writer and historian. His publications included *The Civils*, a history of the ICE, and *The Smeatonians*, a book about the Smeatonian Society, an exclusive engineers' dining club whose president Watson became in 1987. He also contributed to the *Encyclopaedia Britannica*.

Among his many professional involvements, he was a liveryman of the Engineers' Company and the Guild of Freeman and a fellow of the Institute of Directors. His outside interests included deep water sailing (he belonged to the Royal Thames Yacht Club) and his local church.

He is survived by his wife, Betty, their two sons and a daughter.

Roger Chapelain-Midy

ROGER Chapelain-Midy, a painter and designer whose works decorated the French National Theatre and the ocean liner *France*, has died of a cerebral hemorrhage aged 87. He was born in Paris on August 24, 1904.

In addition to mural in several prominent public buildings, Chapelain-Midy designed sets and costumes at the Paris Opera. He illustrated books, including the complete works of André Gide, *The Flowers of Evil* of Baudelaire, and an edition of A

Thousand and One Nights. He also produced theatrical sets, including, on one occasion, a décor for Mozart's *Magic Flute* at the Paris Opera.

Chapelain-Midy, who had his first solo exhibition in 1930, was a professor at the national school of fine arts in Paris from 1955 to 1975. He was an ardent defender of the figurative style, an admirer of 18th-century masters such as Poussin, and remained aloof from more modern art tendencies.

Among his many awards was the Carnegie Prize in 1958.

April 4 ON THIS DAY 1893



Vigilance by port authorities was the most important factor in preventing outbreaks of the disease at home, and the writer noted with satisfaction that in the previous year when between 30 and 40 cases of cholera had been brought to our shores there had been no extension of the disease at all. In any case he believed that the bulk of the British people were now living in conditions in which the disease could not thrive.

CHOLERA

Anticipations of the reappearance of cholera in Western Europe this spring are being realised. At Lorient, on the French coast between Brest and Nantes, it has caused nearly seventy deaths in the course of the last fortnight, and the epidemic seems to be extending. The French authorities, in accordance with their usual practice, have kept the outbreak secret as long as possible, but it has now become too important to be hushed up any longer.

There is no accurate record of the numbers of non-fatal cases, but as the type of the disease in France during the last year or two has been much milder than in Russia and Germany, we may, perhaps, reckon three attacks to a little more than a naval arsenal, and exports to a handful of little more than a few cargoes of agricultural produce. But the reappearance of cholera on the Continent in epidemic form, after it has slumbered through the winter, is decidedly disquieting, nor is it without significance that this has occurred at one of the most southern points which it touched last year, and, therefore where the summer comes earliest. Fortunately, our sanitary defences, which satisfactorily bore the tests to which they were exposed last autumn, have been considerably improved during winter.

Latest wills

Mr Ralph Leonard Emmanuel Dreschfeld, of West Mersea, Essex, former Attorney-General of Uganda, left estate valued at £380,944 net.

Mr Graham Paul Nicholls, of Edmondridge, Kent, left estate valued at £2,326,772 gross, net nil. Other estates include (net, before tax paid):

Mr Vernon Arthur Toddall, of Ottery St Mary, Devon, £913,791. Mr Sidney Aboudy, of Hampstead, London, £1,246,846.

Miss Margaret Jessie Graham-Campbell, of Cambridge, £531,173. Mrs Marjorie Frances Chapman, of Mootown, West Yorkshire, £705,790.

Mr John Philip Deacon, of Clacton-on-Sea, Essex, £507,354. Elizabeth Primrose Doves, of Frinton-on-Sea, Essex, £506,549.

Miss Alexina Lindsay Fitzmaurice, of West Sussex, £1,043,998. Mr Ernest George Harding, of Oadby, Leicestershire, £634,263.

Mr Victor Robin Joseph, of London NW3, £1,054,000.

Weekend birthdays

TODAY: Mr Peter Amemborough, headmaster of Charterhouse, 54; Dr John Beth, diplomat, 78; Mrs Margaret Dupont, tennis champion, 74; Brigadier Anne Field, former director, WRAC, 66; Mr J.M. Fleming, former chairman, Vauxhall Motors, 62; Mr Trevor Griffiths, playwright, 57; Lord Inchyra, 57; Earl Jellicoe, 74; Colonel Sir Bryce Knox, former Lord Lieutenant of Ayrshire and Arran, 76; Viscount Leathers, 84; Professor David Melville, Director, Middlesex Polytechnic, 48.

Mr Tim Newell, governor, Grendon Prison, 50; Mr Paul Parker, footballer, 28; Mr Anthony Perkins, actor, 60; Mr Ian Robertson, director, National Army Museum, 49; Mr Dave Sexton, football manager, 62; Dame Catherine Tizard, Governor-General of New Zealand, 61.

TOMORROW: Professor John Ashby, master, University College Oxford, 56; Miss Jane Asher, actress, 46; Mr Michael Bryant, actor, 64; Baroness DeLaet-Smith of Alterm, 76; Mr Tom Finney, footballer, 70; Lady

Weekend royal engagements

TODAY: The Prince of Wales will attend the enthronement of the Right Rev Peter Ball as Bishop of Gloucester in Gloucester Cathedral at 2.20.

Prince Edward, as Chairman of the Duke of Edinburgh's Award Special Projects Group, will open the Partnership for Youth Day at the Metropolitan Police Cadet School, Hendon, at 10.15.

The Duchess of Gloucester, as Patron of the London College of Music at Ealing, will attend a concert at the Church of St Barnabas, W5, at 7.30.

TOMORROW: Princess Margaret, as Patron of Tenovus and Tenovus-Scotland, will attend an opera gala at the Glasgow Royal Concert Hall at 7.25 in aid of Tenovus-Scotland.

The Duchess of Gloucester, Colonel-in-Chief of the Royal Army Educational Corps, will attend a church service at Eliburn Palace at 11.00.

Service dinners

RAF Officers of No 600 (City of London Squadron) Royal Auxiliary Air Force held their annual dinner last night at RAF Biggin Hill to mark the closure of the station. Flight Lieutenant R.M. Oliver presided.

The following have been installed as officers of the Framework Knitters' Company for the ensuing year: Master, Mr Jeremy Ridge; Upper Warden, Mr Robert Wessell; Under Warden, Mr Peter Osborne.

The following have been elected officers of the Furniture Makers' Company for the ensuing year: Master, Mr David Ross; Senior Warden, Mr David Perring; Junior Warden, Mr Raymond H. Leigh.

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Ashdown veto on Labour tax plans

Continued from page 1

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● WEEKEND MONEY 25-28
● SPORT 30-36

THE TIMES BUSINESS

SATURDAY APRIL 4 1992

BUSINESS EDITOR JOHN BELL

MONEY

Profile

Gerald Ronson remains a rough and often abrasive tycoon of the old school, despite attempts by Gail, his wife, to overlay this with a patina of sophistication. The support of Gail has sustained him through the Guinness affair, his sojourn in Ford open prison and now the troubles at Heron International. Page 23



Survival guide

Investors should not be panicked into selling everything if there is a Labour victory in next week's general election but those who will pay more tax should use their tax breaks. Page 25

Share service

The Times is launching a low-cost share selling service for privatisation stocks in association with Hambros. Details and the application form for The Times Portfolio Dealing Service. Page 26

Who cut up your Access... the sorcerer's apprentice?

GED

Auction lines

A guide to government auctions, which promises great bargains for those bidding for items that have been seized from taxpayers who have not paid their bills or from bankrupt companies, is not telling its readers anything that is not already public knowledge, government departments say. Alan Davies, whose company auctions items on behalf of the Metropolitan Police, says that some of the examples in the handbook are misleading. Page 27



Big brother

Information on 50 million savers will start being passed to the Inland Revenue. For the first time, the interest earned on all savings and current account will be sent to the Revenue. Page 27

True value

The building societies ombudsman can now investigate cases involving valuations of properties by staff surveyors. The societies will not appeal against the High Court ruling. Page 26

No surrender

Surrendering a life assurance policy is not always the best option and policyholders will get roughly double the value if they pay it up and benefit from the terminal bonus. Page 26

Election worries take toll on pound

By COLIN NAKBROUGH

THE pound was worst-hit of the leading currencies by the advancing mark, as concerns about next week's general election continued to undermine market sentiment for sterling.

At the official London close at 4 pm, the pound stood at DM2.8386, almost a penny down from Thursday. But it was up over a cent at \$1.7420, as the American currency retreated. Sterling's trade-weighted index was up 0.1 at 90.

Concern about the election outcome pushed shares prices down further. The FT-SE 100 closed at 2,382.7, down 22.7, slightly above its worst. The key three-month inter-bank rate was steady at 11 per cent, still anticipating a half point rise in base rates after the election.

A surprise announcement that Portugal will join the European exchange-rate mechanism on Monday prompted Norman Lamont, the Chancellor, to reaffirm Britain's commitment to the present central rate for the pound, despite the entry of the escudo to the parity grid.

The dollar fell against the mark, depressed by the release of disappointing American data. The rise of 19,000 in American non-farm payrolls in March suggested the economy might not be recovering as strongly as other indicators show.

Dealers see no sign of serious sterling difficulties. Paul Chertkow, chief currency analyst at Citicorp, said that he expected sterling to ease further towards DM2.83 by the eve of the election.

THE POUND

US dollar 1.7420 (+0.0118)
German mark 2.8386 (-0.0097)
Exchange index 90.0 (+0.1)
Bank of England official close (4pm)

STOCK MARKET

FT 30 share 1851.4 (-15.2)
FT-SE 100 2382.7 (-22.7)
New York Dow Jones 3211.54 (-22.58)
Tokyo Nikkei Ave 18559.71 (+273.68)

INTEREST RATES

London: Bank Base 10 1/4%
3-month interbank 11 1/4%
3-month eligible bills 10 1/4%
US: Prime Rate 8 1/4%
Federal Funds 4 1/4%
3-month Treasury Bill 3.96-3.94%
30-year bonds 10 1/4%
30-year bonds 10 1/4%

CURRENCIES

London: New York \$1.7420
Paris: DM2.8386
Swiss: Sfr1.5259
FF: FF8.1159
Yen: Yen232.12
Index: 90.0
ECU: ECU20.717646
ECU1: ECU1.363444
London: ECU1.363444
London: ECU1.363444

GOLD

London: Gold \$340.25 pm-340.80
Gold \$340.85-341.35 (195.50-196.00)
New York: Comex \$340.95-341.45

NORTH SEA OIL

Brent (May) \$18.55 bbl (\$18.35)

RETAIL PRICES

RPI: 136.3 February (1987=100)
Drops: midday trading price

Ronson pleads with banks for more time to repay his company's debts

Heron pledge to sell £1 bn in property assets

By MARTIN WALLER

GERALD Ronson's Heron International, one of Britain's biggest property groups, is to sell its entire investment portfolio, with a value of £1 billion, between now and the end of the decade. Mr Ronson has made that pledge to bankers whom he is asking to support a financial restructuring.

Heron met the banks yesterday to present its plans for a financial rescue, after property revaluations left it in apparent breach of banking covenants.

Mr Ronson is asking the banks, and the holders of bonds worth £450 million, to give the group more time to repay its debts. Heron as a whole has £1.3 billion of borrowings, including the bonds, but £325 million is owed by Heron Corporation, the British arm, which is not in breach of covenants. These debts are not involved in the restructuring.

Heron has written £300 million off the value of its investment property portfolio. Preliminary estimates indicate that the group's net worth has slumped in the past year from £585 million to just over £100 million.

Accounts for Heron International, a private company, for the year to March 31 will show that the group about broke even at the trading level but that interest payments left a pre-tax loss of around £100 million. The previous year, Heron's pre-tax profits slumped to £2 million after £65 million of interest payments.

The group has written off £450 million in the latest financial year, including a £130 million fall on the value of American properties. That brings the total written off in the American property market to £400 million over the past four years.

Mr Ronson, who was sentenced to a year's jail and fined £5 million for his role in the Guinness affair, is keen to avoid being viewed in the same light as other high-profile entrepreneurs who have come to grief. He has assembled a rescue team headed by Price Waterhouse, the accountancy firm, to draw up the plans for the refinancing before the group is technically in breach of its covenants. Price Waterhouse

has indicated that there are no "black holes" in the group's finances and the review provides a sound basis for progress.

There was no formal reaction from the banks last night other than the formation of a steering committee to oversee the restructuring. Joining the three lead lenders - Barclays, the National Westminster and the Bank of America - are Manufacturers Hanover, now part of Chemical Bank, and Royal Bank of Canada.

A Barclays spokeswoman said the meeting was comprehensive and detailed and the banks would now consider their response. Initial soundings indicated that they thought the meeting had been helpful.

Heron says no property sales will take place this financial year, given the state of the market. They will be made over the next seven. The group has a wide-ranging portfolio in Britain, including London's Victoria Place shopping centre, but it has eschewed the City and Docklands.

Property worth about £300 million is in America and the rest is split roughly equally

between Britain and mainland Europe. "Heron has no intention of selling its properties under 'fire sale' conditions," a statement emphasised.

No firm details are being given, but Heron wants maturity dates on some bank and bond debt to be extended. All such debt will be divided into A and B categories. Interest on A debt will be fully serviced and the borrowings repaid out of cash flow and the proceeds of the property sales. B debt will have interest rolled up; only when A debt is repaid will B debt holders see their money again.

The proportions of A and B debt the banks receive will be the subject of negotiations with individual banks. Bondholders would receive 60 per cent A bonds and 40 per cent B bonds, both tradeable instruments, but they could prove tougher than the banks.

Mr Ronson commented: "We have put forward in our proposals a solution which, with the support of our banks and bondholders, can result in a successful outcome for everyone."

Business profile, page 23



Under pressure: Gerald Ronson outside Heron's London headquarters

Caution advised on Lloyd's action

By JONATHAN PRYNN

LLOYD'S members' agents have been advised to take "a cautious approach" to drawing down the deposits of loss-making Gooda Walker names because of court evidence that Gooda Walker syndicate 290 "may be tainted".

Elborne Mitchell, the City solicitor acting for the 80 members' agents with names on syndicate 290, sent the advice to the agents after an affidavit lodged with the Commercial Court on Wednesday suggested there may have been irregularities in some of the transactions of the syndicate.

The irregularities came to light during an investigation of the Gooda Walker syndicates on behalf of C&W Run-Off, appointed to manage the winding-up of the syndicates. They indicate that the profits of syndicate 290 may have been improperly overstated.

Members of syndicate 290 are among 820 names who have made an application in the Commercial Court for an injunction against drawdowns of their deposits to pay for huge losses.

According to the Elborne Mitchell letter, the evidence contained in the affidavit, "has, in our opinion, for the first time given the names an arguable case in respect of Gooda Walker". The firm advises that names on other syndicates are "unlikely to obtain an injunction" but admits that "without doubt the further evidence, the timing and the manner of its disclosure has been damaging".

Lloyd's said on Wednesday that the evidence contained in the affidavit would not hold up the drawdown procedure.

Former Maxwell executive is ordered to pay £7m

By OUR CITY STAFF

A FORMER Maxwell executive was ordered in the High Court to pay £7 million to the administrators of three of the late Robert Maxwell's private companies.

Mr Justice Hoffmann granted a declaration that Sheldon Aboff is liable to account for £6.6 million received from the three companies between June and November last year, plus interest.

Arthur Andersen, the administrator, alleged that the American businessman had taken part in a share support operation for the Maxwell public companies. Mr Aboff was not in court, or represented, yesterday.

Mark Phillips, counsel for Arthur Andersen, administrator of London & Bishopsgate Group, Robert Maxwell Group and Bishopsgate Investment Trust, told the court that Mr Aboff, who was chief executive of Thomas Cook USA and senior vice-president of the Daily News in New York, had received seven payments from the companies that were used to buy shares in Maxwell Communications Corporation or Mirror Group Newspapers.

In each case, the transaction was carried out on the directions of either Robert Maxwell or Kevin, his son, in breach of their duties as directors, he claimed.

It was alleged that Mr Aboff, a close associate of the Maxwells, knew the transactions were part of a share support scheme, or had been done in breach of the Max-

wells' duties as directors. "There was no basis on which Mr Aboff could have concluded that he was entitled to such substantial payments from any of these companies," counsel said.

The judge also ordered an enquiry into what had happened to the shares and any profit that might have been made from them.

A spokeswoman for the Serious Fraud Office declined to say if the SFO was investigating the alleged payments to Mr Aboff.

She said: "We are continuing a five-pronged investigation and we are in contact with all the parties involved." In New York, Mr Aboff's lawyer said that he was not aware of the High Court ruling.

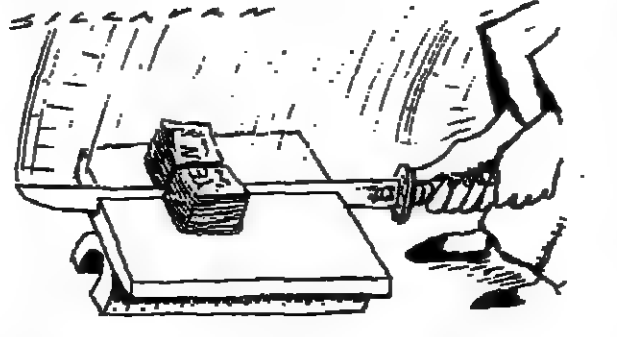
Tokyo bosses tighten their belts

FROM JOANNA PITMAN IN TOKYO

LEE Iacocca would not like to be reminded, but when times get tough in Japan the Japanese tighten their belts. And the chairman is expected to set the example.

Two of the Japanese behemoths of the world electronics industry announced yesterday that, due to falling profit expectations, their top executives will take a pay cut to demonstrate just how serious they consider Japan's economic slowdown.

The chairman, vice-chairman and president of Fujitsu, which has suffered falling demand in its central computer and semiconductor businesses, will receive 35 per cent less salary this year. Almost 20 other senior executives have agreed to accept



15-25 per cent pay cuts and 4,700 Fujitsu managers have had their increases delayed. Toshiba has announced similar cuts.

Fujitsu recently revised its profit forecast for fiscal 1991 down to ¥60 billion (£260 million) from ¥100 billion. Japan's once apparently invincible corporations have all been rewriting profit fore-

casts, or in some cases, losses, amid a daily barrage of gruesome economic statistics. Profits are expected to fall at least 10 per cent.

Their work ethic of collective responsibility is in stark contrast with that of America where executives continue to pay themselves huge salaries whatever the performance of their companies. While

Chrysler was losing billions of dollars worth of business in 1991, Mr Iacocca, its former chairman, paid himself \$4.65 million and received \$718,000 worth of Chrysler shares.

In Japan, managers whose companies are doing badly resign. And they have a very different idea about what senior executives should be paid. The American model, whereby chairmen receive 160 times the pay of an average worker, is judged to be unfair and socially divisive. Japan's chief executives earn \$300,000-\$400,000 a year and pay a top income tax rate of 65 per cent. The present gloom, which has prompted many businessmen to label the expected 3.5 per cent economic growth "a recession", will result in lower bonuses for all workers.

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Li Ka-shing opens talks on buying O&Y assets

FROM LULU YU IN HONG KONG

LI KA-SHING, Hong Kong's wealthiest businessman, is interested in buying some assets from Olympia & York, the troubled Canadian property company.

Mr Li, who is the chief of the Hutchison Whampoa group with interests in property, hotels, telecommunications, energy and container terminals, disclosed that he was interested in making acquisitions from the Reichmann family, which owns Olympia & York.

He would not say what assets he was looking at, but admitted he was in discussion with the Reichmanns. He added: "I don't know what we will buy or what company we

will use to make the purchase. But we are interested."

His son, Victor, who looks after his property investments in Canada, is understood to be talking to the sellers.

Speculation is rife that the tycoon will expand his investments in Canada by acquiring Olympia & York's 74 per cent stake in Gulf Canada Resources.

The oil exploration company could complement Mr Li's investment in Husky Oil, another Canadian petrol operator in which Mr Li's family and companies have a combined 95 per cent stake.

But some analysts believe Mr Li might be more interested in Olympia & York's commercial properties in America.

Last October, Mr Li bought a 49 per cent stake in a 39-storey office building in New York's financial district from the Reichmanns.

Olympia & York has delayed for a week, from April 6 to 13, its planned meeting with its bankers. It has promised to produce financial proposals at the meeting.

It is thought that Mr Li might be reluctant to put more money into the troubled oil industry in North America.

His flagship company, the Hutchison group, last year wrote down HK\$763 million (£56.6 million) for its 45 per cent stake in Husky because of severe losses arising from falling oil and gas prices. Further provisions are expected to be made for this year.

Mr Li is to step down from the board of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp and its parent, HSBC Holdings, next month.

The move paves the way for Mr Li to make acquisitions from Olympia & York because it removes any conflict of interest that arises from the fact that Hongkong Bank is a leading lender to the Canadian firm, with a well secured exposure of around US\$700 million.

Mr Li, aged 64, has been a non-executive director since 1980 and non-executive managing director since 1985.

Write-off shrinks Invesco profits

BY JONATHAN PERRY

INVESCO MIM, the fund management group headed by Lord Steven, has written off more than half its 16 per cent stake in the troubled Drayton Consolidated investment trust.

Drayton Consolidated is managed by Invesco and specialises in investment in small, unquoted companies, a sector that has been hard hit by the recession. It admitted in February that it had lost £20 million on an investment in Alma Holdings, a Scottish sweet-maker now in receivership. Some institutional shareholders in Drayton have since called for the removal of Invesco as managers. A review of Drayton's assets and reconstruction proposals is being drawn up by Cazenove and County NatWest.

The £13 million writedown on the Drayton stake has been recorded as part of a £16.6 million exceptional item. Previously, Invesco took profits on investments below the line, as extraordinary items. The rest of the provision relates to loans to the trustees of the company's employee share options trust.

The exceptional provisions resulted in a 23 per cent fall in pre-tax profits for the year to December 31, to £14.5 million from £19 million. The writedowns mean that Invesco has had to pay £8.3 million from reserves to hold the dividend for the year at 6p. The final payout was maintained at 3.7p.

Profits before exceptional items were up from £22.4 million to £31.1 million. Profits in North America increased from £18.3 million to £26.9 million. Ratan Engineer, finance director, said the American operations had benefited from the booming mutual funds market. Funds under management in America now account for 60 per cent of the group total of £31 billion. Group turnover rose from £1.74 to £2.8 billion.

Profits from European and Pacific investment management climbed 27 per cent from £8.1 million to £10.3 million, reflecting cost savings in the UK, expansion of continental European operations and entry into the investment trust market in Japan.

Dalgety appoints a new chairman

BY GILLIAN BOWDITCH

DALGETY, the Golden Wonder group, has had a boardroom shuffle ahead of the retirement of Maurice Warren, its chief executive, which is due next year, a replacement is found.

The new chairman will be John West, a non-executive director of Dalgety since June 1990. Mr West, aged 64, who is currently chief executive of Bridon and Christian Salvesen, will replace Sir Peter Carey, aged 69, who retires on September 1.

Also retiring from the board in June are Bryan Fawcett, an executive director responsible for the group's agribusiness, and Sir Christopher Laidlaw, a non-executive director.

Richard Clothier, aged 46, chief executive of Dalgety's pig implementation company, and Paul Kirk, aged 45, chief executive of Dalgety Agri-



Wheel deal: Anne Evans, managing director of Elm Energy and Recycling (UK), at the ground-breaking ceremony

for Britain's first power plant to be fuelled by old tyres. The plant, at Eppingham, near Wolverhampton, is

being developed at a cost of £49 million and will generate electricity from next year, consuming 8 million tyres a year.

Bérégovoy prepares to lose financial virtue

BY WOLFGANG MÜNCHAU, EUROPEAN BUSINESS CORRESPONDENT

PIERRE Bérégovoy, the new French prime minister, evidently has a sense of irony. As finance and economics minister, he has chosen Michel Sapin, a lawyer, aged 39, whose main contribution to the world of finance has been a collection of antique coins.

With the single currency less than five years away, M Sapin might soon be able to add the French franc to his collection.

The appointment of M Sapin, a distinguished junior justice minister in the previous government, suggests that the brain behind French economic policy is still the old one: M Bérégovoy himself, arguably the best finance minister France has ever had.

The apparent continuity does not necessarily imply that French economic policy will remain the same. When John Major became prime minister, Britain abandoned the balanced budget concept. In 1963, when the legendary Ludwig Erhard became German chancellor, the country's economic policy faltered and his chancellorship ended in recession. M Bérégovoy might turn out to be another Erhard. He is a brilliant finance minister, whose end-of-



Sapin: antique coins

career promotion does little other than to accelerate the downfall of his government.

In his first speech as prime minister, he has indicated that he might be prepared to abandon the tough fiscal policy he has previously fought tooth and nail to sustain.

Prime ministers have different agendas. M Bérégovoy is the fifth socialist prime minister in the fifth republic, who has taken over at a time when his party has been in power for 12 years. Now the party is in trouble, its popularity at rock-bottom: the economy is weak and unemployment is close to 10 per cent. M Bérégovoy, the prime minister, promises an expansionary policy to re-

duce unemployment — something which, as finance minister, he would have described as imprudent. The uncertainty displayed by France's financial markets yesterday suggests that all is not well.

The implications are interesting for the rest of Europe, and especially for the Maastricht agreement to limit public borrowing to 3 per cent of gross domestic product. France is at present Europe's most solid economy, with inflation of less than 3 per cent and public borrowing well below British and German levels. Britain and Germany have increased borrowings for different reasons: France, the last of the big countries to keep the European average down, is now following in the same direction.

For the next British government, this is good news. It means borrowing can rise substantially and still remain below the European average. The Italians could join the single currency. The 3 per cent agreed at Maastricht could be amended to, say, 5 per cent. And everybody, except for the dying breed of monetarists, will be happy.

New cabinet, page 15

Gloom at Atlas hits the shares

BY PHILIP PANGALOS

SHARES in Atlas Converting Equipment, which makes machinery to slit rolls of specialist plastics and paper, dived 203p to 580p after the company announced higher full-year profits with a gloomy trading statement.

The news took the City by surprise as Atlas had said, at the interim stage, that it anticipated sales growth for 1992. But the USM-quoted company now says that the last six months have seen a slowdown in the order intake and enquiry level in all of its markets.

This was particularly so for larger Atlas machines and vacuum metallisers, where the machines in question tend to be built specifically to customers' orders. Atlas said that increases in capacity will enable the company to shorten the time between orders and delivery, but the current order book indicates that the group will be manufacturing at a reduced level during the second half of 1992.

The statement accompanied a 21.1 per cent advance in pre-tax profits to £5.67 million in the year to end-December, on turnover ahead 26.7 per cent to £48.5 million. Final dividend is raised to 14p (13p) giving an increased 21p (19.5p) total.

Tough budget in Poland

FROM ROGER BOYES IN WARSAW

THE Polish government yesterday presented to parliament a tough budget bill that is supposed to win back international credibility and drag the country out of recession.

But the promised spending cuts are sure to trigger social unrest and further erode the shaky foundations of prime minister Jan Olszewski's government.

Mr Olszewski worried international lending organisations in March when he presented an economic programme that suggested he was ready to spend his way out of Poland's very deep recession. But the budget presented yesterday is certainly not a free spending charter, and providing the budget deficit is kept below 5 per cent of growth domestic product, it has the backing of the International Monetary Fund.

Poland lost much of its tax income when thousands of state-run factories plunged into the red because of the recession. Meanwhile, social

welfare spending soared to pay for over 2 million unemployed.

The present budget tries to save some money for the state by ending the automatic indexation of public sector salaries, abolishing some disability pensions, obliging teachers to work 25 per cent longer weeks, scrapping cheap rail and bus fares, and tightening up dole payments.

It also attempts to increase revenue by, for example, charging fees for some medical services. The prices of coal, electricity, water and council house rents are set to increase steeply. Petrol tax will go up from 50 per cent to 70 per cent, which is the European average.

The budget, to be debated in parliament for the next four weeks, is thus profoundly unpopular. Average income in the state sector is still around £120 a month. Yet prices are almost equivalent to those in the West. A three-bedroom house in central

Warsaw can now cost some £150,000 — London prices in a country that still has no mortgage system.

The cuts, though deemed necessary by the finance ministry, are likely to add to popular disillusion with market reform. Some measures will banish any impression that Mr Olszewski's government is concerned with caring and welfare. Over 2.5 million of the country's 38 million people received disability pensions, said Andrzej Olechowski, finance minister. "If you take this as an indicator, we have the highest number of handicapped people in Europe."

There was thus a need for much more rigorous assessment of disability and other social security payments.

For all the belt-tightening contained in the budget, many economic experts were sceptical yesterday that the government would be able to keep to its promise to restrain the budget deficit.

BUSINESS ROUNDUP

Steetley spent £8.9m on its bid defence

STEETLEY, the building materials group, spent £8.9 million on its unsuccessful defence against the bid from Redland, its last profit figures as an independent group show. It also spent £1.1 million attempting to set up a joint venture with Tarmac. The venture was referred to the monopolies commission, leaving Steetley vulnerable to the bid from Redland.

Steetley ran up £17 million in extraordinary items in the year to December, with £7 million, net of tax, to cover withdrawing from its built-up magnesia refractories. Pre-tax profits slumped from £85.2 million to £34.1 million. Shareholders who took Redland shares in the bid will receive the Redland final dividend of 16.75p, equal to 14.75p for each Steetley share formerly held. The 9p final dividend from Steetley, indicated during the bid, is under review.

Funds generated from operations were £56 million and internal capital expenditure for the year totalled £31 million. Net borrowings at the year end were £222 million, resulting in a gearing level of 67 per cent.

Isosceles director

ISOSCELES, the highly leveraged group that owns the Gateway supermarket chain, has appointed Bob Nellist as finance director. Mr Nellist was finance director of Thorn EMI for five years. He oversaw the reverse takeover of Bioplan, where he was chairman, by Hospital Corporation International of America. Mr Nellist was confirmed as the chairman of the combined group at the time of the reverse takeover in January. He left in February and will become a full-time executive director of Isosceles immediately.

Liffe trade hits peak

UNCERTAINTY over the election caused big companies and investors to hedge their positions in record trading on the London International Financial Futures and Options Exchange (Liffe) last month. Some 5.82 million futures and options contracts were traded in March, 510,000 up on the previous record month of January — representing daily turnover of £63 billion.

In the first quarter Liffe traded a peak 15.5 million contracts, 55 per cent up of the same period last year.

Japanese car curb likely

JAPAN'S Ministry of International Trade and Industry is likely to agree to keep Japan's vehicle exports to the European Community this year to 1.24 million or less, industry sources said. The EC is forecasting poor demand for cars in 1992, but in February the two were unable to agree on the forecast of EC vehicle demand for this year. Japan wanted to keep the 1991 level of 1.264 million. Under an agreement reached last year, Japan will keep its direct exports at 1.23 million vehicles a year from 1993 to 1999.

Usher lifts its final

USHER-WALKER, the printing inks group, is raising its dividend despite an 85 per cent fall in full-year taxable profits, largely due to non-recurring exceptional costs. An increased 4p final (3.75p) makes 6p (5.5p). Usher gave warning in January that poor fourth-quarter trading and exceptional restructuring costs would have "a significant effect". An exceptional charge of £332,000, relating to stock write-offs and reorganizations aimed at lowering the cost base, pushed pre-tax profits down to £60,000, against £400,000.

Hartstone debt moves

HARTSTONE, the hosiery and leather goods group that has grown by acquisition since a management buy-in in 1989, is reorganising its medium-term debt, saving £870,000 in interest payments this year. The group announced the private placement of £50 million of its medium-term debt by Chemical Bank with three leading American institutions. The proceeds will be used to repay its starting debt and provide a hedge for its American assets. The gearing ratio is around 50 per cent and the interest cover nearly eight times.

CMW Group buys

CMW Group, the architect, is making two acquisitions for a maximum £850,000. The USM-quoted company is buying Yakeley Associates Architects, a Cambridge architect, for up to £600,000, with an initial £396,000 in shares and a vendor placing to raise £198,000. CMW is also buying Stanley Brown Associates, a property development consultancy, for up to £250,000, with £40,000 of the initial £160,000 payment via a vendor placing. The combined warranted annualised pre-tax profits for the two companies are £140,000.

Brabant writedown

BRABANT Resources, the oil and gas company, incurred net losses of £4.92 million in 1991 after writing down the value of unproved exploration assets by £4.71 million. Net income in 1990 was £364,000. Cash flow from producing operations rose from £683,000 to £984,000. Net assets are reduced from £25.35 million to £20.44 million since the writedown. Cash balances at year-end were £5.14 million. Losses were 29.6p a share (5.1p earnings) and there is again no dividend. The shares fell 4p to 34p.

Johnston Group blow

JOHNSTON Group, the contracting and construction materials concern, has made a £4.34 million exceptional charge against 1991 profits to reflect lower development property values. The provision leaves Johnston Group with a £1.09 million pre-tax loss for the year to end-December (£5.86 million profit). The final dividend is cut from 8.5p to 4.5p a share, making 9p (13p). Net asset value at year end was 386p (410.66p). The shares traded 1p lower at 194p.

Scottish Television prepares to fulfil a 30-year-old prophecy

SHARES in Scottish Television have not looked back since the news leaked out that the company had audaciously bid less than £1 million to retain its franchise. That was in July, when the shares rocketed from a low of 345p. It later turned out that the company had bid a lot less than £1 million — just £2,000, to be exact. The company, described in the Sixties as a "licence to print money" by its then owner, Roy Thomson, could have done just that in the Nineties.

STV is ideally placed to steal a competitive march on its ITV competitors. By freeing resources for programme making and buying when less fortunate contractors are trying to conserve funds to meet franchise bid commitments, STV has locked itself into a virtuous cash-generating circle. The market marked

STV shares up another 35p to 745p on yesterday's results announcement.

The figures were at the top end of market expectations, with pre-tax profits down from £11.2 million to £8.6 million. Advertising sales held up well at £88.2 million, down only 1 per cent, compared with a market fall of 2 per cent. STV's market share climbed slightly to 5.6 per cent. A £2.4 million exceptional item related to staff reduction and reorganisation costs, and the £4 million spent preparing the franchise bid, appeared as an extraordinary item. Net cash fell from £22 million to £19 million. The final dividend of 13.125p (11.5p) makes 16p (14.375p) for the year.

This being a Scottish company, there are a few clouds on the horizon. Some analysts believe STV is more

vulnerable than most to competition from Channel 4 when it begins selling its own advertising space in 1993. Neil Blackley, at James Capel, has knocked £4 million off his 1993 forecast because of this.

STV says it is confident it can resist the Channel 4 threat. Given the adroitness with which the management team, headed by Gus MacDonald, managing director, handled the franchise bid, it is tempting to give the company the benefit of the doubt. Nevertheless, the shares have enjoyed an exceptionally strong run, and are rated at almost 20 times forecast earnings for 1992. In the long term, STV looks a winner, but at present the shares are probably too expensive to buy.

GRAMPIAN, meanwhile, continues to demonstrate that pharmaceutical interests hold its best attention, and though it failed to buy MacCarthy last year, the £7.5 million acquisition last month of Peter Hand Animal Health gives it equally promising opportunities.

Gramscian's pre-tax profits for the year ended December — £11.2 million against £13.1 million — mask a reasonable first nine months but a final quarter when conditions deterior-

ated markedly. Trading has continued weak in traditionally seasonal operations in the first quarter of this year, but might improve in the second quarter.

Retail felt the cold winds of lower tourism in 1991, while the transport division reported lower margins because of fuel price increases. Difficulties were compounded by customers' own tight cash positions.

Overall, Gramscian was obliged to increase bad and doubtful debt provisions, notably in the sporting division where profits fell 29.8 per cent to £2.03 million.

Pharmaceuticals now account for 53 per cent (61 per cent) of group profits, and if goodbye is said to retail operations, the contribution will go even higher.

Bill Hughes, Gramscian's chairman and chief exec-

utive, says there are plans for at least 26 new product submissions this year, and that the group is top in the £200 million-a-year animal pharmaceuticals market.

Vaccines for cats and dogs did particularly well, and instead of dog collars to catch "fleas and beetles", Gramscian is planning a "one spot" application to tackle dogs' itching problems. Even sheep are being dipped in a more friendly and acceptable fashion.

Reduced gearing will help, though a real kick in general economic conditions is needed to lift pre-tax profits that much, higher. But £13 million is possible, to put the shares at 164p, on 11.7 times prospective earnings.

There is no need to rush until the conglomerate tag is dusted off and a pharmaceuticals tag assumed.



A different ball-game: Bill Hughes of Gramscian

BUSINESS PROFILE: Gerald Ronson

The fatal flaw — a love of making deals

Martin Waller assesses the life of Gerald Ronson, brought down by a deal that was pocket money to him

To the cynical observer, Gerald Ronson's involvement in the Guinness affair was the clearest proof yet of the old dictum that it is impossible to be too rich or too thin. One of Britain's wealthiest men, who had built up his business empire with virtually no recourse to the stock market, was tempted into a shabby deal for a mere £6 million, a sum that to a man of Ronson's stature is little more than pocket money.

'You'll never be anything, Ronson, because you are good for nothing,' and that made me determined to prove him wrong.

The academic duffer who sets out to disprove his teachers has slipped into popular mythology and cliché, but Mr Ronson became an outstanding example of the breed. By the late Fifties he and his father Henry were running a medium-sized but hardly dynamic business. His father was a son of Jewish parents who had fled to Britain to escape the pogroms of the early years of the century.



Happier times: Gerald Ronson with pictures of his family growing up — they were a mainstay during his trial and imprisonment

The awful error that led him into the Guinness shambles is one that Mr Ronson has had long enough to regret, not least during a well-publicised stay in Ford Open Prison for the man once lionised as 'the finest businessman of his generation'. The paradoxes multiply: the man who risked his freedom and good name for that £6 million has always been one of the country's most generous donors to charity. Only this week, as his business empire revealed its financial troubles to the world, Mr Ronson's Heron International went into first place in the league table of corporate givers, having handed out £4.8 million between June 1990 and June last year. He narrowly pushed into second place, BT, by some measures Britain's biggest company. It is hard to believe that the character flaw that led him down the path to Ford was mere greed; more likely, in the heady climate of the Eighties, it was the driven need to do a deal, however trivial.

'You'll never be anything, Ronson, you are good for nothing' — that made me determined to prove him wrong.

Although Heron's tentacles spread through petrol stations, financial services and various marketing activities including Rolls-Royce dealerships, the core of the business was always property. Heron was founded in 1957 on capital raised from the sale of the family furniture firm, which Mr Ronson left school at 15 to join. His reputation as a self-made man, despite the launchpad of the family firm, is highlighted by his memories of his school days. 'I could not wait to get out,' he said. 'I remember one of the teachers, who I really hated, saying to me,

chip on his shoulder about the City that contrasts with the web of contacts he was to build up later.

By the early Eighties Heron was coming out of its shell, not always with the greatest of success. Mr Ronson pulled out of a bruising battle for control of Lloyds' old entertainment empire, Associated Communications Corporation. He was again outbid, by Lord Hanson this time, in an attempt to buy UDS Group, the antiquated clothing stores, but walked away with a healthy profit.

Heron had moved across the Atlantic into the booming American thrift business, the equivalent of British building societies, by buying Pima. By 1984 Pima was claimed to be the fastest-growing financial institution in its home state of Arizona. Pima proved to be one of Mr Ronson's biggest suc-

cesses, one of his biggest failures and the engine of his downfall. In that order. By 1989 the thrift industry had expanded into chaos and collapse as over-optimistic borrowers got into difficulties and Pima was losing £44 million a year. It was also the business to which Guinness paid much of the £5.8 million for Heron's support in the Distillers bid. Heron returned the money.

Mr Ronson's shame-faced admission that he took money for help with the bid was one of the first chinks of light in the Guinness affair. A terse statement was telecast to a financial newswire service at 6.30 pm; by 6.35 calls to Heron's head office on London's Marylebone Road were being answered by the night doorman and when he clocked off next morning Mr Ronson's name was on the

front page of every newspaper. On the eve of a 1988 court appearance the message was business as usual as Heron, and Mr Ronson was unveiling plans for a £100 million expansion to turn Heron into Britain's biggest independent petrol retailer and create 1,500 jobs. 'I am going in with my head held high. Everybody is being very supportive. It has affected none of our relationships with suppliers, banks and so on,' he said.

He insisted he would not be selling the business and retiring abroad, as rumours had it. 'You don't spend your time sitting down and calculating whether you are worth threepence or two bob — there's a business there needing to be run,' he said. Conviction and sentencing came in September 1990. Striking at his trial were 53 glowing testimonials and character references from some of the City's biggest names: Sir John Quinton, Barclays Bank chairman, BTR's Sir Owen Green and Vickers' Sir David Platts, who came to court.

They reflected the way the former outsider had worked his way into the mainstream of business life through his tireless appetite for a deal. After the Guinness storm broke, a gathering at the Savoy Hotel included on the top table Sir Martin Jacobson, a director of the Bank of England and then head of Barclays de Zoete Wedd, Sir David Scholey of SG Warburg, NatWest's Lord Boardman and Midland's Sir Kit McMahon. Their presence, and that of other industrialists were testimony to a groundswell of City opinion that Mr Ronson was being victimised for an act which barely qualified as a crime.

Mr Justice Henry, who sentenced him to a year at Ford, shared the City's high opinion. The crime was: 'An aberrant moment of greed in an otherwise exemplary life. But Mr Ronson was not charged with any of the classic white collar crimes such as false accounting, Companies Act breaches or insider dealing. He was charged with theft, a fact which still rankles. It has been argued that if any of the Guinness conspirators, or most people in the City, had been asked at the time if they believed what they were doing constituted a crime, the honest answer would have been no.

WEEK ENDING Matthew Bond

The music is still playing but the party looks over

SO IS it to be the briefest of au revoirs or a more permanent adieu? After a 13-year run, will the curtain fall for the final time, or rise again after a short overnight intermission to unveil a remarkable fourth act? We shall, of course, find out all too soon.

But who cares what tomorrow, or Thursday, might bring. While the familiar tunes of the past decade or so are still playing, the party continues. Well, doesn't it?

Well up to a point. The music is still playing and the familiar characters who have danced to the music of money for so long are still dancing. But for how much longer?

Even the most practised exponents of the Tory two-step have noticed a change in the party atmosphere, a rather stale air that combines *fin de siècle* decadence with a *fin de monde* sense of impending disaster.



Many dance on, safe in the knowledge that the distress rockets have been fired and that Captain Heseltine of the SS Californian is on his way. Others are tempted by the idea of one last, glorious binge as the ship goes down. But they might be disappointed. The good old boys of the private sector are still valiantly going through the motions, but frankly, there is a tired, token feel to their efforts.

Most people had thought Sir Freddie Laker had flown off into the corporate sunset for good ten years ago, when Laker Airways succumbed to an early double whammy of over-expansion and unfair competition. But now Sir Freddie is back, although, by basing his fledgling airline in the Bahamas, he is unlikely to have much of a role in *Nightmare on Kinnock Street*.

His new airline will fly American tourists to the Princess resort on Grand Bahama, which is owned by his old friend and mentor Tiny Rowland, or more accurately by Lordnho while it and Mr Rowland remain not quite

one and the same thing. Loubo said it had not yet heard whether the United Nations was planning to introduce economic sanctions against Laker Airlines, and insisted the deal would go ahead regardless of Sir Freddie's popularity.

Despite his Bahamian domicile, Sir Freddie retains all his old transatlantic ambitions and is certain that the glory days of Skytrain can be recaptured. To test demand, he has an early morning flight planned for this Friday, taking off from Gatwick and landing at Douglas, Jersey, Monaco, British Virgin

Islands, the Caymans and, finally, the United States.

Sir Freddie said booking interest for Taxtrain — which he described as a stretch-out, skip-off service — had been phenomenal, although he admitted that one substantial block booking was conditional on the parties involved failing to persuade the Liberal Democrats to include home rule for the south-east of England as a statutory part of any post-electoral deal with the Labour party.

Back home, another Thatcher aviator was demonstrating that somehow things were not quite what they used to be. Richard Branson, the former minister for litter, teamed up with

But while the City plans for all eventualities, its experts remain puzzled as to why Britain's middle classes have failed to rumble Mr Smith's wallet-stimulating tax proposals. The answer, Week Ending has learnt, lies with the Old Testament. All papers relating to Labour's tax measures are ferociously stamped with the following embargo:

'Tell it not in Bath. Publish it not in the streets of Aldershot. Less the daughters of the phylistines rejoice. Less the daughters of the undecided revolt. Are you listening in Bath?'

Young Group shares hit 4p

BY ROSS TIEMAN
INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

SHARES in Young Group, best known for its open-cast coal mines, crashed 31p to 4p yesterday when trading resumed after the publication of restructuring proposals.

The group is to give up its quotation on the Unlisted Securities Market because the recovery scheme breaches Stock Exchange rules. Trading in the shares will, however, continue on a matched-basis under rule 535.2. Young Group shares were suspended on Thursday.

The proposals involve the company's largest shareholders depositing £1.2 million with its bankers as security for an overdraft extension, so Young can overcome its cash-flow problems.

John Charcol's Double Whammy.

A mortgage rate of 9.95% — and it's fixed for ten full years.

12% Over the last ten years, the mortgage rate has averaged out at over 12.5% — and there has not been a single year in which the average has fallen below 11%.

Yet we can now provide a loan which is guaranteed not to rise above 9.95% (12% APR) at any time in the next ten years. It's fixed right through to July 2002.

And equally important, this unique mortgage is fully portable — so you can take it with you if you move in the future.

In today's uncertain world, we simply cannot see why anyone would choose any other kind of mortgage.

Funds, however, are very limited. To take your place among the small number of members of the Under-10% Club, you must contact us without delay.

For a written quotation, please call us on (071) 589 7080. Lines are open today and tomorrow from 9am to 6pm. Or write to John Charcol, Mercury House, 195 Knightsbridge, London SW7 1RE.

JOHN CHARCOL

Talk about a better mortgage.
071-589-7080

Your mortgage, based on a 10 year fixed rate mortgage, includes insurance, both new and existing, up to 25 years, with an overdraft extension of £20,000 on a property valued at £75,000, repaid over 25 years, assuming completion on 15.06.92. Some mortgages are not available. 12.5% APR. Total cost of credit (TAPE) is calculated to include arrangement fee of £375 representing 0.75% of the mortgage, £100.00 legal fees, £110.00 valuation fees, £225.15 interest charges, 300 monthly repayments of £268.00. Mortgage product based on new interest of 12.5% and variable rate based on 6 month BBA rate. Mortgage interest is 9% of gross monthly repayment and includes insurance. Company mortgage is not available. 10 years fixed rate only. Loans subject to status, type and value of property. Some of the products advertised here are not regulated by the Financial Services Act 1986 and the rules made for the protection of borrowers by the Act will not apply to them. Credit broker fee of up to 1% of the mortgage may be charged depending on the type of product and credit profile and insurance may be required. John Charcol is a licensed credit broker. © Source Council of Mortgage Lenders.

YOUR HOME IS AT RISK IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS ON A MORTGAGE OR OTHER LOAN SECURED ON IT.

THE SUNDAY TIMES

Tax accountants are turning their skills to avoiding National Insurance Contributions. A favourite ruse is to give directors bonuses in gold and pay them offshore — now, shopping vouchers from Marks & Spencer or Harrods are a popular dodge.

Business — The Sunday Times tomorrow

Dow slips in early trading

New York — Blue chips were weak in the morning as most buyers stayed on the sidelines to digest an unemployment report for last month that showed a smaller than expected rise of 19,000 jobs in non-farm payrolls. The Dow Jones industrial average fell 6.12 points to 3,228.

□ Tokyo — The Nikkei index closed firmer in volatile trading, but the broader market was weaker. The Nikkei index was up 273.66 points, or 1.5 per cent, to 18,599.71. Turnover was about 350 million shares, compared with 365 million shares on Thursday.

□ Hong Kong — Shares finished softer in dull trading dominated by profit-taking in a handful of blue chips. Gains were wiped out by afternoon selling, mainly of Cheung Kong, a property developer, and HSBC Holdings, pushing the Hang Seng index down 7.57 points to 4,916.70.

□ Sydney — The market closed at its highs for the day. The all-ordinaries index closed 4.6 points up at 1,565.8 after sinking to a low of 1,556.4.

□ Frankfurt — Prices ended a quiet day steady with a slightly lower bias. The Dax index ended 2.03 points down at 1,719.63.

□ The Wall Street price table has been held out because of lack of space.

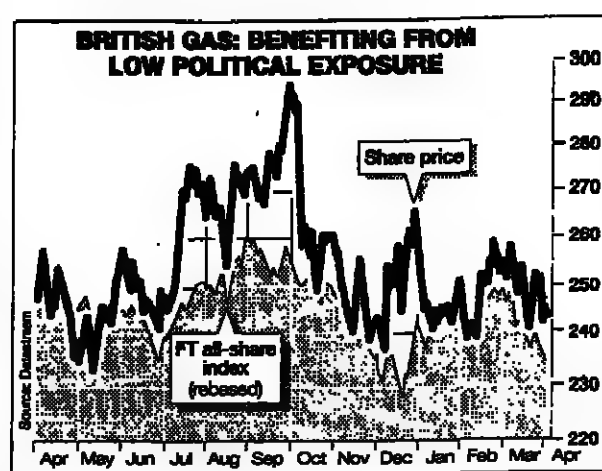
Poll fears send shares lower

SHARE prices were suffering another bout of election nerves as both the financial year and the two-week account drew to a close. Prices were left to drift for much of the day with fund managers reluctant to open fresh positions before the new account begins on Monday.

The prospect of a Labour victory, or even a hung parliament, continues to weigh heavily on sentiment. Fears that the weekend opinion polls may show the Conservative party losing more ground kept both the fund managers and private investors on the sidelines.

The fall in the FT-SE 100 index accelerated during the afternoon in anticipation of Wall Street opening later after the latest gloomy American employment figures. In the event, the index ended just above its low for the day, with a loss of 22.7 points to 2,382.7. This means the fall on the account was 73.9 points.

By the close, 532 million shares had been traded, with the bulk of yesterday's business made up of the squaring-up of positions before the



financial year-end and bed-and-breakfast transactions to establish tax losses. Dealers said there was little evidence of any genuine retail demand. Government securities spent a lacklustre day, closing virtually unchanged.

The banking sector suffered some heavy losses as Heron International, the private company owned by Gerald Ranson, began talks about restructuring its debts. Barclays fell 12p to 287p, Lloyds 12p to 348p, Midland 3p to 337p, National West-

minster 6p to 253p. The Royal Bank of Scotland 3p to 151p, and the Bank of Scotland 4p to 99p. Analysts are convinced that the banks will eventually have to make further provisions for bad debts.

American support appears to have been of little benefit to BP which saw its shares slip another 4p to 242p. American investors have increased their holding in the company by about 3 per cent to 11 per cent since the start of the year, but British investors continue to give the shares a wide berth. They are worried by the possibility of a cut in the dividend.

The utility companies remained unsettled, worried that a Labour victory would be accompanied by a programme of renationalisation. Yamaichi, the Japanese securities house, says the water sector and electricity distribution companies are already discounting a Labour victory. Further falls can be expected if that is confirmed. A Conservative victory could mean gains of almost 50 per cent.

Yamaichi says the power generators carry the biggest risk and gives a warning that the new coal contract will prove crucial to future earnings growth. It remains a buyer of Scottish Hydro, down 1p at 81p, and Scottish Power, 1p lighter at 79p, but continues to take a bearish view of National Power, 1p firmer at 192p, and PowerGen, 2p better at 203p.

Yamaichi is impressed by British Gas, down 2p at 243p, which, it says, has been the best performing utility since the election campaign began because of its low political exposure. There were further losses among the water companies with Anglian down 2p at 312p, Northumbrian 1p to 348p, Southern 4p to 310p, Thames 1p to 333p, Welsh 2p to 351p, and Wessex 1p to 383p. But there were gains for North West, 3p to 332p, Severn Trent, 3p to 304p and Yorkshire, 5p to 354p.

Among the electricity distributors East Midlands lost 2p to 206p, Midlands 1p to 219p, North West 2p to 237p, Southern 3p to 211p, South Wales 4p to 247p, South West 2p to 223p and Yorkshire 8p to 265p. Eastern also fell 4p to 207p after Kleinwort Benson, the broker, downgraded its profit forecast for the current year by £22 million to £135 million.

Atlas Converting Equipment, which makes equipment for cutting rolls of specialist plastic and paper, plunged 203p to 508p in the USM after announcing that manufacturing orders were running at a reduced level.

Young Group, the troubled coal-mining group, at 4p, has arranged a refinancing package, but will be forced to cancel its USM listing.

Shares in Arthur Shaw, down 2p to 21p in the USM after the window fittings maker gave a warning that it would suffer a full-year loss, before exceptional items relating to reorganisation and redundancies, and would not be paying a final dividend.

Michael Clark

India makes international share debut

By KAREN WOOLFSON

THREE of India's largest conglomerates are preparing to make their debut on the international markets by launching multi-million dollar share offers. The offers will be launched in Europe within the next six months, with London favoured to play host. A City source said that the Indian sales to foreign investors are expected to amount to \$400 million this year, and could reach a total of \$1 billion by the end of next year if everything goes according to plan.

Citibank, Morgan Stanley and Merrill Lynch are expected to take leading roles in India's debut offers. These will comprise parts of the high-profile groups Tata, Birla and Ambani, which own around 250 companies between them and have combined sales of almost \$10 billion.

The global offers will include a stake in Tata Steel, part of the diversified conglomerate Tata, with annual sales of \$1 billion. Tata is also setting up a joint venture computer group with IBM and intends to float a 20 per cent stake in it.

Another potential candidate for overseas investment is Tata's software arm, which is linked to Unisys and other American groups.

Foreign sales in the next six months will include stakes up to 25 per cent in the largest subsidiaries of the Birla group, the textile and

fibre companies Grasim and Century, which have annual sales of around \$500 million each.

In a separate move, Birla's subsidiary, Hindustan Motors, is completing a deal with General Motors of America for the sale of a 30 per cent stake in the Indian company.

The fourth international offer is Reliance, the largest company in the Ambani conglomerate with annual sales of around \$1 billion.

A City source said: "It is likely the first four companies to offer equity will seek listings in London. They are not at take-off stage with listing requirements today, but within three to six months they should be."

Six other international sell-offs are in the pipeline. They may include part of IFCI, the state-owned petrochemicals group, which is a privatisation candidate with annual sales of \$2 billion. The Indian government plans to privatise about 25 groups, many of which are already collaborating with European and American companies.

Current efforts by Morgan Stanley, Merrill Lynch and Goldman Sachs to set up operations in India place them in a good position to handle the continent's global offers.

John Fleming, Schroders and James Capel are also potential candidates because of their experience in emerging markets.

MAJOR CHANGES

RISES:	FALLS:
Rediffusion 481p (+14p)	British Gas 243p (-2p)
Rediffusion 415p (+10p)	British Gas 243p (-2p)
Sinopec 750p (+40p)	British Gas 243p (-2p)
Pearson 750p (+40p)	British Gas 243p (-2p)
FALLOWS:	
Independent 315p (-10p)	
Barclays 287p (-12p)	
Lloyds 348p (-12p)	
Grasim 494p (-12p)	
SABreweries 870p (-50p)	

CLOSING PRICES

FT-SE 100	FT-SE 250	FT-SE 500
2,382.7	3,228.0	4,916.7
Change: -22.7	Change: -6.1	Change: -7.6

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British Gas 243p (-2p)	British Gas 243p (-2p)
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STOCK MARKET

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STOCK MARKET

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WITHIN THE WEEKEND MONEY PAGES

Contact: SIMON BROCH ON 071-782 7115

BRIEFINGS

Bank of Scotland is offering to match interest paid for pound on the savings of homeowners saving for their first home. Borrowers opening a Homebuilder high interest savings account will have all interest so far, up to £500 gross, matched — effectively, doubled — when they take out a mortgage with the bank. Only one Homebuilder account will qualify for the bonus even if borrowers are buying in joint names.

Sharelink, the execution-only stockbroker, will be offering a special all-night election dealing service on April 9. The service will be open to all investors, both clients and non-clients, who want to buy or sell an FTSE-100 stock or privatisation stock. Investors should call Sharelink on 021-200 2242 between 4.30pm on April 9 and 8am on April 10, and will be able to get a quoted price for stock.

Borrowers needing loans of £60,000 or more will get a discount of 0.5 per cent off their normal rate over the lifetime of the mortgage with the Cheltenham & Gloucester's C&G golf mortgage. This would bring the rate for these borrowers down to 10.25 per cent (APR 10.8 per cent) at current levels.

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SAVE & PROSPER
THE INVESTMENT HOUSE

Surrender's poor yield

By Jill Insley

THE problem with life insurance as a method of saving is that it is intended as a long-term investment. If, halfway through the term of the policy, the investor can no longer afford the premiums, or circumstances otherwise change, it is not possible simply to get the money back.

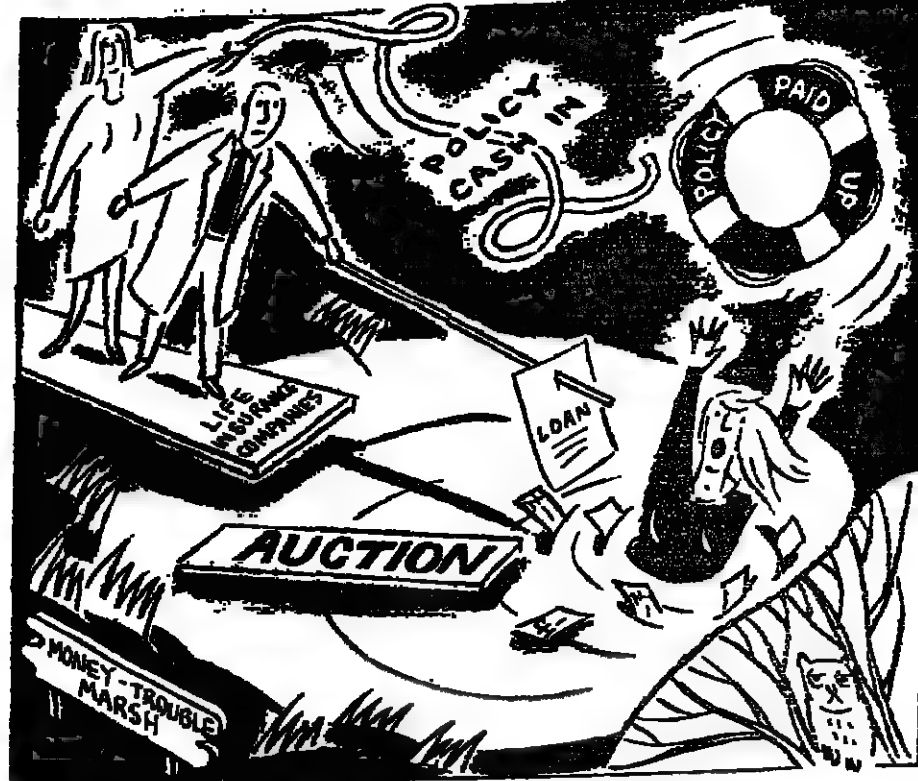
This is the big difference between life insurance and building society or bank savings accounts, where all the money invested is easily returned with interest.

Cashing in a policy early may seem to have the advantage of stopping monthly payments and at the same time providing a lump sum. But although this may be the most familiar method of realising life insurance savings before maturity, it is neither the only way nor necessarily the best.

Life insurance is meant to be a long-term contract and is priced accordingly. An investor who surrenders a policy in the early years is likely to get a fraction of the money paid in, the rest having been eaten up by the life company's expenses.

There are alternatives to early surrender. If the investor does not need an immediate cash lump sum, but can longer afford to meet monthly premiums, he or she can ask to have the policy "paid up". This means that although the investor makes no further payments to the company, the money already paid in will remain invested until the agreed maturity date.

By opting for a paid-up policy, the investor does three things: saves the on-going expenses of premiums; avoids the often onerous penalties imposed on early surrender; and retains an investment which should continue to grow and, importantly, which will benefit from any final bonus paid by the life insurer. As an example, consider



Standard Life's with-profits policy, frequently among the best performers in the market over 25 years. A man who took out a with-profits endowment policy for £30 a month in 1967 would have received only £28,676 if he surrendered his policy in 1987. However, had he asked for the policy to be paid up, he would have received £55,513 when it matured this year. If he had continued payments until the agreed maturity date he would have received £67,027.

Another alternative would be to borrow money against the value of the policy. This can be done directly with the insurer, who is likely to offer a preferential interest rate. Norwich Union charges 12 per cent for loans set against with-profits policies. The investor can choose whether to repay the loan during the remaining term of the policy or to leave repayment until maturity, when the loan plus rolled-up interest will be subtracted from the final payout.

The final way for the investor to raise cash from a policy is to sell it at an auction. Life insurance policy auctions are held frequently by a small number of firms, of which Foster & Cranfield is perhaps the best known. The purchaser of a policy at auction can decide to make the policy "paid up", or can continue making payments to the insurance company until maturity. Either way, on maturity or on the death of the person who took out the policy originally, the proceeds will go to the new policy owner. Obviously, the prices raised at auction will depend on those bidding. However, prices realised at Foster & Cranfield's March auction included £12,700 for a Scottish Amicable policy taken out in 1973, which is to mature in 1998. Scottish Amicable had quoted £8,950 as the early surrender value.

Societies concede defeat

By Lindsay Cook

THE building societies ombudsman can now investigate cases involving valuations of properties by staff surveyors. The Building Societies Association decided this week that it would not appeal against a High Court decision in February that such cases were within the remit of the ombudsman.

Only complaints about valuations for further advances, or where an existing borrower is taking on another loan from the same society to move house, will be covered. It is mainly the larger societies which have in-house valuers.

Stephen Edell, the ombudsman, had taken the cases of four couples to the High Court for the friendly action, to test the limits of his powers. "I need to know where I am, what is within my jurisdiction," he said.

The majority of valuation complaints will still remain outside the scope of the office.

This week the office of the building societies ombudsman announced that it has appointed a third ombudsman with effect from next month. Brian Murphy joins Mr Edell and Jane Woodhead, who was appointed last year.

Both Mr Murphy and Mrs Woodhead have been appointed because of the growth of complaints.

PAID UP SURRENDER

Calculations are based on the investor aged 24 taking out a with-profits endowment policy for £30 a month for 25 years in March 1967. The first two columns assume the policy was surrendered or made paid up in March 1987. The final column shows the maturity value if premiums were paid for the full 25 years.

Company	Surrender value at 20 years (£)	Paid-up value at 20 years (£)	Maturity value (£)
MALE INVESTOR			
Standard Life	28,676	55,513	67,027
Scottish Amicable	24,402	58,581	63,488
Norwich Union	26,322	48,324	60,508
Legal & General	18,666	41,793	51,040
FEMALE INVESTOR			
Standard Life	28,780	55,713	67,257
Scottish Amicable	24,461	58,721	63,643
Norwich Union	26,322	48,324	60,508
Legal & General	16,706	41,893	51,188

£10 dealing offer for readers

A NEW share-dealing service is launched today for readers of *The Times*. Offered by Hambro Clearing, a subsidiary of Hambro Bank, the postal service will allow readers to sell their shares in privatisation companies for a £10 dealing charge. Up to four members of the family, with the same surname, can sell shares in the same company for one fee.

The deals can be offered at this price because large numbers of sell orders for the same

share are batched together and sold for the best price. This can cause a small delay, but all shares will be sold as early as possible on the day after receipt of the stock.

Investors will then be sent immediately a post-dated cheque for the amount the sale realised, less the commission, together with a contract note detailing the price obtained. The cheque is dated for the next Stock Exchange account day when payment is due to the share seller. It

should not be banked before that date, which will be highlighted on the cheque.

No advice is given to people dealing, as it is an execution-only service. Shareholders must sell all their stock in any one company. Hambro is unable to deal with part sales.

The company estimates that it can handle 5,000 deals a day through its Cardiff dealing centre, and its other offices can be brought on line to help out if demand warrants it.



PLANNING FOR RETIREMENT?

Before you can retire there are so many factors that you need to take into account, things that may currently be giving you a false picture about life after 65.

With so many questions to answer, how do you make a decision?

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He or she will ask the right questions, be able to make an accurate picture of your situation and then provide advice on the financial products that best suit your individual requirements.

It will be advice that's impartial, so well worth listening to. And when you have your initial consultation, it will usually be free.

To help you find an Independent Financial Adviser we've compiled a booklet about the benefits of independent advice, a checklist of things to look for when making your choice and a list of Independent Financial Advisers local to you. For your free copy ring 0483 461461 today or return the coupon.

At the moment you may get some of your motoring paid for, perhaps even a company car. Perhaps your company gives you private health care. Or helps with your expenses, even something small like contributing to your phone bill. What happens when it all goes?

Perhaps you don't want to wait until you're 65. In which case, can you afford to retire?

For instance, does your mortgage go on to retirement age, could you pay it off earlier?



YOU NEED FINANCIAL ADVICE THAT'S INDEPENDENT

SEND THE COUPON OR CALL 0483 461 461 FOR FREE INFORMATION PACK

To: The IFAP Centre, Studio House, Flowers Hill, Bristolton, BRISTOL BS4 5JJ.

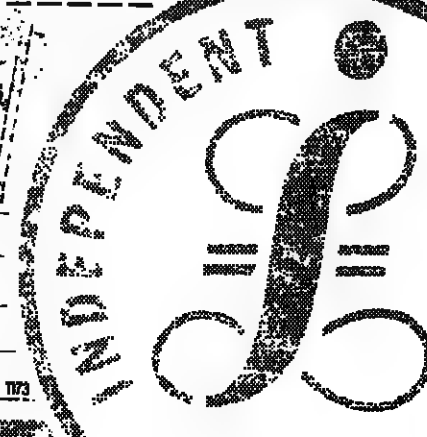
Please send me a list of independent financial advisers, convenient to my home or work address, below. WE GUARANTEE THAT NO SALESMAN WILL CALL OR PHONE YOU AS A RESULT OF THIS COUPON.

NAME

ADDRESS

(Home or work, according to which is more convenient)

Postcode



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HOW TO SELL

To qualify for selling shares through Hambro Clearing at the advertised rate:

1. Fill in the coupon tickling the appropriate boxes indicating the stocks you wish to sell.
2. Check to see if the relevant certificates have a form of transfer on the back. If there is a form sign it where marked. If not, upon receipt of your certificates, Hambro Clearing will send you a separate transfer which is to be signed by you. Your shares cannot be sold until the transfer form has been returned signed by you.

3. By first class post send the completed coupon and relevant share certificates to the Hambro Clearing address on the coupon.
4. Hambro Clearing will sell your shares the day after receipt of your signed certificate or where appropriate the separate transfer form.
5. A contract note and cheque post dated for the next Stock Exchange Account Day less the Hambro Clearing selling rate will be sent by post.
6. YOU MUST SELL ALL YOUR SHAREHOLDINGS IN ANY ONE COMPANY AS DETAILED ON YOUR CERTIFICATE.
7. If you have any queries, please do not hesitate to call on 0222 473 600.

GENERAL	ELECTRICITY SHARES	WATER SHARES
<input type="checkbox"/> British Telecom (2nd Issue)	<input type="checkbox"/> Eastern	<input type="checkbox"/> North West
<input type="checkbox"/> British Telecom (1st Issue)	<input type="checkbox"/> London	<input type="checkbox"/> Anglian
<input type="checkbox"/> Rolls-Royce	<input type="checkbox"/> Midlands	<input type="checkbox"/> Southern
<input type="checkbox"/> Bt Steel	<input type="checkbox"/> Norweb	<input type="checkbox"/> Thames
<input type="checkbox"/> TSB &/or bonus	<input type="checkbox"/> Southern	<input type="checkbox"/> Wessex
<input type="checkbox"/> BAA &/or bonus	<input type="checkbox"/> SWEB	<input type="checkbox"/> Severn Trent
<input type="checkbox"/> Bt Gas &/or bonus	<input type="checkbox"/> PowerGen	<input type="checkbox"/> Northumbrian
<input type="checkbox"/> Bt Airways &/or bonus		<input type="checkbox"/> South West
<input type="checkbox"/> Abbey National		<input type="checkbox"/> Welsh
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Signature

Name

Address

Daytime phone number

NOTES

1. Family Sales - up to four family members with the same surname and same address designated for one sale fee.
2. The dealing service is an execution only service.
3. This coupon does not constitute investment advice and should you be unsure of the suitability of the service, you should discuss the matter with your financial adviser.
4. This sale instruction will be accompanied with those of other customers and as a result a more or less favourable price may be obtained. Information provided on this form may be held by Hambro Clearing Ltd and other companies within its Group in their computer records.
5. The appropriate sale will be executed on the next UK Ltd's scheduled dealing day or with the market as early as possible on the day following receipt of your stock in a saleable form.
6. A contract note and cheque post dated for next Stock Exchange Account Day will be issued confirming sale details.
7. Hambro Clearing Limited and its parent UK Ltd are members of the London Stock Exchange and the Securities and Futures Authority.
8. Hambro Clearing Limited, Reg. address: 41 Tower Hill, London, EC3N 4EX, Reg. No. 1322092, VAT No. 524 7133 02.

Por PLAY

For readers who moved a copy this week, we have a special offer (today's are not available).

1	1-2	+3	+4
2	2-3	+4	+5
3	3-4	+5	+6
4	4-5	+6	+7
5	5-6	+7	+8
6	6-7	+8	+9
7	7-8	+9	+10
8	8-9	+10	+11
9	9-10	+11	+12
10	10-11	+12	+13
11	11-12	+13	+14
12	12-13	+14	+15
13	13-14	+15	+16
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15	15-16	+17	+18
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37	37-38	+39	+40
38	38-39	+40	+41
39	39-40	+41	+42
40	40-41	+42	+43
41	41-42	+43	+44
42	42-43	+44	+45
43	43-44	+45	+46
44	44-45	+46	+47

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Name _____
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Capital to invest £ _____
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Topping up your company pension by means of an Equitable Free-Standing Additional Voluntary Contribution Scheme, however, can help you make up the difference and look forward to living it up in retirement. Your contributions are made from your gross income, with tax relief currently at the highest rate which you pay.

Remember that the value of tax relief available will depend on individual circumstances and that current legislation can change in the future.

If you would like more information by post and by telephone call Aylesbury (0296) 26226, or return the coupon below:

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I would welcome information on The Equitable's free-standing AVC plans. ☐ YES ☐ NO

NAME (Mr, Mrs, Miss) _____
ADDRESS _____
Postcode _____ Tel (Office) _____
Date of Birth _____ Tel (Home) _____

The Equitable Life
Before you look to your future, look to our past.

The account lingers on

From K. M. Stanley

Sir, Regarding the letter from B. J. Smith (March 28), I cut up and sent back my Access card in October 1991, paid my final bill, and received confirmation my account was cancelled.

However, I did not appreciate that cancelled is not the same as will not accept any more debits on the account. In January, I received a bill for a Book Club item which the Book Club had debited in error.

Numerous letters to Access have produced no useful response. In fact, Access seem to delight in writing replies which manage to answer nothing, merely refer you back to the retailer. Nor can I get them to confirm they will not accept any more debits, surely the point of cancelling a card.

In March, a further bill appeared. My insurance company used the Access number instead of a later Visa number. The insurance company assure me they couldn't have debited the Access account if it was cancelled.

Presumably, if I was a bad payer Access would find a way to stop accepting debits! Good luck, B. J. Smith.

Yours faithfully,
K. M. STANLEY,
101 Habershon Street,
Salford.

Letters are welcomed, but *The Times* regrets that it cannot give individual replies or advice. No legal responsibility can be accepted for advice or statements made in these columns and independent professional advice should be sought.

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SAVE & PROSPER

THE INVESTMENT HOUSE

Cross to bear

From D. J. Wilson

Sir, I read with interest the article by Liz Dolan on the 1992 Cheques Act, and the move by the big banks to introduce cheques carrying "account payee" (March 28).

While it is true that cheques are not passed from hand to hand to the same extent as bills of exchange, there are occasions when cheques are endorsed to make them payable to a party other than the original payee. A good example is when a payee wishes to pay the cheque into a building society account. The cashier will ask the payee to sign on the back of the cheque, in effect making the cheque payable to another party. If, as is usual, the payee signs on the back without designating the particular building society as the new payee, then the cheque becomes payable to bearer. A safeguard has been to write the name of the society in addition to signing.

However, with the new restriction, "account payee only", it will not be possible to pay cheques into a building society account in this way. Is there a way around this problem?

Yours faithfully,
D. J. WILSON,
7 Edgcombe Green,
St Austell, Cornwall.

From Miss Mary Jelley
Sir, Mr Gavin A. St Pier (March 7) may be qualified to be addressed by the much abused title of Esquire, but he is not correct when he states that "only NatWest as a matter of routine prefix your name with a title".

Both Coutts & Co. and Lloyds do so unless requested otherwise — both of which reprinted my next cheque books when I explained that there were occasions when I did not wish it known whether I was Miss or Mrs.

Incidentally, I have always understood that a cheque should be made out in the manner in which the recipient would sign it.

Yours faithfully,
MARY E. JELLEY,
The Shepherd's Cottage,
Chute, Wiltshire.

Action group aims to recover deposits lost in bank failure

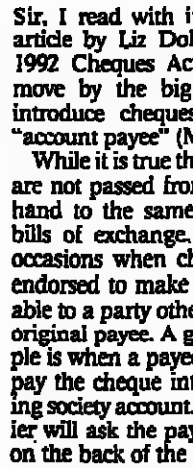
From Mr John White

Sir, I am forming a Depositors' Action Group to recover depositors' savings in full from the National Guardian Mortgage Corporation, or from those responsible for allowing the bank to continue to take deposits while apparently insolvent. We will also aim to investigate the reasons

for the sudden and unexpected demise of the bank. I should be very grateful if you could let your readers know about the group so that any other unfortunate depositors can contact me. In order to have the necessary "clout", the action group needs the backing of as many depositors as possible. The

LETTERS

Someone tells me, you want to rub out the Don



Entitled to exercise 'name only' option

From Craig Cockburn

Sir, I read with interest the letters on titles (March 21). I share a similar experience to Prof. Wilson. Bank of Scotland will not print my full forename on my Mastercard, also for "security reasons", despite my forename appearing in my signature on the reverse of the card!

Regarding F. L. Aburrow's letter — the Royal Bank of Scotland used to print "Esq" next to my name too, until I pointed out to them that Esq is an appendage which only a very small percentage of people are entitled to use. Titles — even "Mr" and "Mrs" — are optional, and I should decide how my name is used. I like to keep things simple — I just use my forename and surname. No titles, no abbreviations and no appendages. Unfortunately, the great majority of computer systems insist that my forename is replaced with the letters "Mr C".

Can I ask the people who devise such systems to incorporate a little more cultural flexibility, please?

Yours faithfully,
CRAIG COCKBURN,
34 Baker Street,
Reading, Berkshire.

From Prof. R. M. S. Wilson
Sir, I fear that Patrick A. Hill (March 28) misses both the points of my earlier letter (March 21), which, incidentally,

was signed as this one and not as you published it.

Social custom (and courtesy) accords an array of titles that are not shown on birth certificates (eg. HRH, Rt Hon, Dr, Rev), and one would have thought that the inclusion of such titles on cards, cheques, etc., would help in reducing the incidence of fraud.

Yours faithfully,
RICHARD WILSON,
Standfield House,
264 Fulwood Road,
Broomhill, Sheffield,
South Yorkshire.

INTEREST RATES ROUNDUP

	Nominal rate	Compounded at 25% 40%	Min/max	Notice	Contact
BANKS					
Ordinary Dep A/c	2.53	2.85	2.12	none/none	7 day
Fixed Term Deposits					
1 month	7.13	7.13	25,000-50,000	1 mth	071-628 1567
3 months	7.78	7.78	25,000-50,000	3 mth	071-628 1567
6 months	8.38	8.38	25,000-50,000	6 mth	071-628 1567
1 year	8.98	8.98	25,000-50,000	1 year	071-628 1567
Overnight	7.27	7.27	10,000-24,000	1 mth	071-628 1567
1 month	7.87	7.87	10,000-24,000	1 mth	071-628 1567
3 months	8.47	8.47	10,000-24,000	3 mth	071-628 1567
6 months	9.07	9.07	10,000-24,000	6 mth	071-628 1567
1 year	9.67	9.67	10,000-24,000	1 year	071-628 1567

HIGH INTEREST CHEQUE ACCOUNTS						
Bank of Scotland HMC	6.17	6.38	5.06	2,500	none	051-442 7777
Barclays	5.78	5.91	4.78	2,500	none	0604 252891
Prime office	1.78	1.90	1.52	1,000	none	071 628 5543
Co-operative	1.90	1.90	1.52	1,000	none	051 968 2027
Ulster	5.25	5.25	4.20	1,000	none	0272 433372
Lloyds	1.88	1.88	1.51	2,000	none	0742 528655
Glyde HCA	4.44	4.44	3.59	2,000	none	0742 528655
Midland HCA	4.44	4.44	3.59	2,000	none	0742 528655
Westlaw	4.99	4.70	3.67	500	none	071-374 3374
Special Reserve	4.99	4.70	3.67	2,500	none	051-556 8585
Bank of Ireland	5.83	5.74	4.59	2,000	none	071-628 1567
199 Bank	4.31	4.31	3.45	2,000	none	071-628 1567

BUILDING SOCIETIES					
Ordinary share A/c	5.26	5.26	4.20	1 min	none
Best buy — largest socs:					
Portsmouth	7.01	5.81	500 min	Inst	
Northampton	6.25	5.05	2,000 min	Postal	
Northampton	7.73	6.19	25,000 min	30 day	
Stratford	6.33	5.07	25,000 min	90 day	
Stratford & Sling	6.44	5.18	25,000 min	1 year	
Best buy — all socs:					
The Nottingham	6.44	5.18	2,500 min	Postal	
City & South	6.00	4.75	10,000 min	30 day	
City & South	6.25	5.00	10,000 min	90 day	
The Southdown	6.63	5.38	1,000 min	90 day	
Nottingham	6.61	5.36	30,000 min	1 year	

Cash/Cheque Accounts:					
Barclays				60 min	Postal
Midland	2.38	2.38	1.88		
Alliance & Leic				25 min	with larger
Cash Plus	2.63	2.63	1.97		
Midland				1 min	balances
First	2.25	2.25	1.80		
Compiled by Chase de Vries Moneyline - call 071 404 5765 for further details					

NATIONAL SAVINGS						
Ordinary A/c	6.00	6.75	3.00	5-10,000	8 day	041-648-4555
Investment A/c	6.00	6.75	3.00	5-25,000	1 mth	041-648-4555
Income Bond	10.25	7.68	8.15	2,000-25,000	3 mth	0253 58151
Depository Bond	10.25	7.69	8.15		3 mth	0253 58151
20th Issue Cert	8.50	8.50	6.50	10,000	8 day	041-386-4500
Yearly Plan	8.50	8.50	6.50	20-100,000	14 day	041-386-4500
Children's Bond	11.84	11.84	11.84			
Gov Est Rate	6.01	6.01	6.01	100,000	6 yrs	041-648-4555

Capital Growth	11.30	8.62	8.30	100,000 min	5 yrs	071 404 5768
GUARANTEED INCOME BONDS						
Alco	9.20	9.20	7.82	25,000 min	1 yrs	Figures from 1.4.92
Financial A/c	9.00	9.00	7.56	5,000 min	2 yrs	Chase de
Consolidated Life	9.00	9.00	7.56	5,000 min	3 yrs	Chase de
Liberty Life	8.10	9.10	7.74	25,000 min	4 yrs	071 404 5768
Aetna U.K.	8.30	8.30	7.91	30,000 min	5 yrs	for details

RPI (Feb 91-92)	+4.1%	Holiday rates	8 days
Bank Base Rate	10.25%	Spanish Pesetas:	174.00
Personal Loan	04%	French Francs:	9.33
Credit Card	19.5-32%	Greek Dracmas:	318.00
		Italian Lira:	2036.00

¹ 8.5% for balances below £200, first £70 of interest tax free, instant access for withdrawals of £100 or less. ² Additional holiday up to £10,000 for investment re-investing proceeds of sales of shares and bonds. ³ 10% for 12 months, 12% for 18 months, 15% for 24 months, 18% for 36 months, 20% for 48 months, 22% for 60 months, 24% for 72 months, 26% for 84 months, 28% for 96 months, 30% for 108 months, 32% for 120 months.

	Nominal rate	Compounded at 25% 40%	Min/max	Notice	Contact
LARGER LENDERS					
Bank of Ireland	9.78	9.78	8.00	95	Rate shown is capped until 1.1.92
0784 400003					

Lender	Interest Rate %	Loan Size	Max %	Notes
BUILDING SOCIETIES				

Leads & Holbeck	9.45	to £350K	95	Rate shown is fixed until 1.4.93
0632 459611				
National & Provin.	9.45	250-200K	95	After 1.5% discount to 1.4.93
0274 783444				
Horwich & Peterson	8.95	to £150K	90	Rate shown after 2%

0733 371371	discount to 1.8.92			
BANKS				
Bank of Ireland	9.75	220-500K	95	Rate shown is capped until 1.1.93
0734 383383				

OTHER (FINANCE HOUSE)					
Aspire	9.80	C16-250K	95	Rate shown after 1.7% discount	
0784 430003					
Source: Sify's Quotes Ltd. Financial Information Providers 0783 860482					

A SWING TO THE ISLE OF MAN BEFORE POLLING DAY IS LIKELY TO RESULT IN SUBSTANTIAL GAINS.

Move your savings to Leeds Overseas on the Isle of Man and whatever happens on April 9th you can rest easy.

A savings account with Leeds Overseas will, of course, continue to pay interest gross.

It will always continue to operate with security and confidentiality.

And whatever the result of the Election, as far as tax is concerned, it's you that must make the declaration.

To Leeds Permanent Overseas Ltd, FREEPOST, PO Box 215, Douglas, Isle of Man. Please send details of your service.

Name _____
Address _____
Postcode _____

LEEDS OVERSEAS

THE NEW PRUDENCE PEP

"I want to be spoilt for choice"

I want a new kind of tax-free investment with a special management fees package. Now.

The brand new Prudence PEP is yours to choose where to invest your money.

You have the option of investing up to £6,000 entirely in unit trusts, investment trusts or shares, or in any combination of these — tax-free.

We've reduced the initial charge on the unit trust part of your new PEP by a third, from 6% to 4%. (Full details of our charges will be sent with our literature.)

And you can shelter a further £3,000 from tax in a Single Company PEP to take your investment potential to £9,000. That

Single Company PEP will be completely free of management charges if you invest the full £6,000 in a Prudence PEP, providing no withdrawals are made.

You'll have to move fast to make sure you can take advantage of this offer. We can't guarantee that the current favourable tax status of PEPs will continue forever.

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It could be to your advantage to act immediately.

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Call PEPs direct, Free.

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For more information, call Monday to Friday, 9am to 6pm or weekends, 10am to 5pm. Alternatively, you can speak to your usual financial adviser.

I'd like more information on the new Prudence PEP, the new management fees package and the wide range of excellent tax-free benefits. Send coupon to: Prudential Personal Equity Plans Ltd., Customer Services Department, FREEPOST, Ilford, Essex IG1 1BR.

Mr/Ms/Ms _____ Address _____
Forenames _____
Tel. (day) _____ (evening) _____
Data Protection Act 1984: Prudential Personal Equity Plans Limited and its subsidiaries may from time to time want to provide you with details of its full range of services and products. Please tick here if you do not wish to receive this information. ☐ We will not pass your name to any unconnected organization.

You should of course remember, the value of shares and units and income from them may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed, and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. The level and bases of, and relief from, taxation can change. Tax reliefs are those currently available and their value depends on the individual circumstances of the investor. Freedom from tax in a PEP applies directly to the investor.

	Nominal rate	Compounded at 25% 40%	Min/max	Notice	Contact
BANKS					
Ordinary Dep A/c	2.53	2.85	2.12	none/none	7 day
Fixed Term Deposits					
1 month	7.13	7.13	25,000-50,000	1 mth	071-628 1567
3 months	7.78	7.78	25,000-50,000	3 mth	071-628 1567
6 months	8.38	8.38	25,000-50,000	6 mth	071-628 1567
1 year	8.98	8.98	25,000-50,000	1 year	071-628 1567
Overnight	7.27	7.27	10,000-24,000	1 mth	071-628 1567
1 month	7.87	7.87	10,000-24,000	1 mth	071-628 1567
3 months	8.47	8.47	10,000-24,000	3 mth	071-628 1567
6 months	9.07	9.07	10,000-24,000	6 mth	071-628 1567
1 year	9.67	9.67	10,000-24,000	1 year	071-628 1567

Portfolio

PLATINUM

From your Portfolio Platinum card check your eight share price movements on this page. Add these prices to your running total for the week and check this against the weekly dividend figure on this page. If a number in this figure has two digits, it is a share of the total weekly price money paid. If you win, follow the claim procedure on the back of your card. You must always have your card available when claiming. Game rules appear on the back of your card.

No	Company	Group	Gain or Loss
1	Shellfish Ltd	Food	1.00
2	Bowater	Industrial	1.00
3	United Farm Ltd	Food	1.00
4	United Newspapers	Newspaper	1.00
5	AB Road	Food	1.00
6	Scotline	Newspaper	1.00
7	Williams Hdg	Food	1.00
8	ICI	Chemical	1.00
9	LASMO	Oil	1.00
10	Imperial	Food	1.00
11	Taylor Woodrow	Food	1.00
12	Rank Org	Industrial	1.00
13	Enterprise	Oil	1.00
14	Multimedia	Industrial	1.00
15	Bradford	Food	1.00
16	Blindfold Toys	Industrial	1.00
17	St. Martins	Food	1.00
18	Scotline	Newspaper	1.00
19	Thames Valley	Food	1.00
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49	Thames Valley	Food	1.00
50	Thames Valley	Food	1.00

© Times Newspapers Ltd. Total

Please take into account any bonus signs

Weekly Dividend

Please make a note of your daily gain for the weekly dividend of £4.00 in today's newspaper.

MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT SUN

Four readers shared the Portfolio Platinum prize yesterday. Mr Michael Freeston, of Croyley Green, Herefordshire, Mr P.R. McGarvey, of Darford, Kent, Mrs Sophie Jacobs, of London NW8, and Mrs Lesley Lancaster, of Malden, Essex, each receive £500.

1991/92 High Low Company Price + - % Div % P/E

BANKS, DISCOUNT, HP

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Nervous end to account

ACCOUNT DAYS: Dealings ended March 23. Dealings ended yesterday. Contango April 6. Settlement day April 13. Forward bargains are permitted on two previous business days. Prices recorded are at market close. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is re-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

1991/92 High Low Company Price + - % Div % P/E

1991/92 High Low Company Price + - % Div % P/E

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Portfolio

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10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	230	240	250	260	270	280	290	300	310	320	330	340	350	360	370	380	390	400	410	420	430	440	450	460	470	480	490	500	510	520	530	540	550	560																																												



THE Grand National was first run at Aintree on Tuesday, February 26, 1839 when the winner was the appropriately-named Lottery. His winning time was 14min 53sec whereas Mr Frisk, the 1990 winner, clocked a record 8min 47.8sec.

The modern-day course consists of 30 fences, 16 on the first circuit and 14 on the second. The only fences not jumped twice are The Chair, which at 5ft 21in is the highest, and the water jump.

A safety limit of 40 runners is enforced nowadays but as

many as 66 faced the starter in 1929. The previous year saw a record low number of finishers, only two reaching the finishing line (one of those remounted) from the 42 which set out.

The highest number of finishers was 23 in 1984 but this figure is likely to be beaten in the near future following recent safety-conscious modifications to the fences.

Nine-year-olds have an outstanding record in the race with 31 victories this century. Eight-year-olds are the next most successful age bracket with 13 winners.

Outright favourites have fared badly with just five winning in the 1900s. Gritter ten years ago being the last. Four joint-favourites have also won. Fancied horses, though, have a very good recent record with 16 of the last 23 winners starting at 15-1 or shorter. Four 100-1 chances have won this century. Eoinavon in 1967 being the last.

Dick Saunders at 48 (Gritar) was the oldest winning jockey and Bruce Hobbs at 17 (Battleship) the youngest. Battleship, in 1938, was the last entire (uncastrated male) to win the race while no mare has won since Nickel Coin in 1951. This year's field contains no entires but two mares in Annie Dot and Radical Adv.

Red Rum, now 27 and recently recovered from serious illness, remains the most successful horse in the history of the race, winning it in 1973, 1974 and 1977 and finishing runner-up in 1975 and 1976.

COLOURS CHECK AND A TO Z ANALYSIS OF THE 40 BIG-RACE CONTENDERS

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The Times guide to the Grand National: Mandarin previews the big race

Cool Ground weighted to complete big double

IT IS 58 years since Golden Miller became the first horse to win the Cheltenham Gold Cup and the Grand National in the same year.

I believe COOL GROUND can follow in his footsteps at Liverpool today, just 12 months after he won the Gold Cup, when he is expected to land the famous double last spring.

Docklands Express, Twin Oaks and Brown Windsor, three other class horses in the field, are taken to fill the minor placings, while Royal Battery is nominated as the best outsider.

From a handicapper's point of view, Cool Ground will never have a better chance with only 11st 11lb to carry.

He has been set to give Twin Oaks 7lb in the Scottish National in light of his achievement at Cheltenham.

Today, he will be receiving 6lb from him because this handicap was framed long before he won the Gold Cup. On that occasion a reportedly below-par Twin Oaks was eight-and-a-half lengths adrift in third place.

Much has been made of the fact that Cool Ground had a hard race in the Gold Cup. However, he has had three weeks in the lead to recover from Cheltenham and also have his trainer, Toby Balding, assure that he has thrived in the meantime.

His form this season has certainly been progressive. Having already won the National with Highland Wedding and Little Polveir, Balding knows what he is required.

Twin Oaks, a free-running, bold jumper, who has the physique to carry 11st 7lb, has had tremendous success at Haydock these past two seasons.

That does not mean that he will not be equally effective at Liverpool now that he has shaken off the effects of a virus that was troubling him last time when he only managed third place behind Cool Ground and Kildimo in the Greenalls Gold Cup.

On the face of it, that was not a bad performance since he was endeavouring to give the subsequent Gold Cup winner 7lb.

Nevertheless, the odds look stacked against Twin Oaks today as he will be meeting

Cool Ground on only 11lb better terms.

Docklands Express, who is also said to have flourished since finishing third in the Gold Cup, has a length to make up on Cool Ground on 11lb worse terms.

Before he ran in the National last year, his trainer, Kim Bailey, who won the race in 1990 with Mr Frisk, predicted that Docklands Express would either win or fall at the first.

Sadly, he was right on the second count. Basically, though, Docklands Express is a good jumper who should be there or thereabouts at the finish.

Brown Windsor, who has also won a Whitbread Gold Cup, has had a different campaign this year compared with the one that preceded his fourth behind Mr Frisk two years ago.

In hindsight, his trainer Nicky Henderson now feels that he'd gone over the top by the time that he got to Liverpool that year following a very hard race in the Cathcart at Cheltenham.

This season Brown Windsor enters the fray as fresh as new paint following a deliberately light campaign that culminated in a victory at Sandown four weeks ago.

He has shown that he can jump around Liverpool and he will be ridden by Richard Dunwoody, who partnered West Tip to that famous victory in 1986. Brown Windsor will also be wearing blinkers for the first time in the hope that they will put an additional edge on him.

So too will Bonanza Boy, who finished fifth last year. Like last year's winner, Seagram, Bonanza Boy has been most disappointing this season.

Auntie Dot and Over The Road, who finished third and fourth respectively behind Seagram and Garrison Savannah 12 months ago, will also be in action again. Of the two, I prefer Auntie Dot as Over The Road met with a bit of a setback after his last race.

Also, the ground is unlikely to be soft enough for Over The Road, an observation that also applies to Laura's Beau, the most fancied of the Irish challengers.

As Party Politics could not beat either Cool Ground or Twin Oaks at Haydock last time, it is difficult to envisage him doing so now.

Martin Pipe has worked numerous miracles in his time. He will surely surpass all those achievements if he manages to win today's race with last year's Irish National winner, Omerta, who has not raced this season.

While two-and-a-half miles is arguably Romany King's best trip, he should prove a good second string for Toby Balding, while Chris Grant can enjoy another fine ride on Stay On Tracks.

RUBIKA
Jockey: Peter Nicholls
Trainer: Kim Bailey
Form: 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-12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Rival coaches expect a closely-fought encounter in the 138th Boat Race

Oxford have the edge in a conflict of styles

BY MIKE ROSEWELL, ROWING CORRESPONDENT

STEVE Royle and John Wilson, the Oxford and Cambridge coaches, agreed on one thing on the eve of the 138th Boat Race. In Wilson's words: "It is going to be very, very close."

Three weeks ago, such a comment would have been less likely. Cambridge were settled, showing pace and beating good crews. Oxford were in the doldrums, having just lost the Reading Head. Royle and his fellow coach, Pat Sweeney, grasped the nettle, changed nearly half of the crew, and Oxford became the ultimate late developers of recent years. Today will reveal whether that development has been sufficient for Oxford to win their sixteenth Boat Race in 17 years.

Form would suggest that Cambridge will lead off the start, as they did last year, and Oxford seem to almost accept that fact.

If the weather forecasters are correct, the vital Fulham to Harrods stretch, where Oxford pushed and Cambridge faltered in 1991, is likely to be rough today and Cambridge are prepared for it.

Their American-built boat is fitted with a water-resisting strip and an internal pump. Oxford's German boat sports no such luxuries.

The crews are well matched, each with potential race winners and each with the odd question mark. In Oxford's case, Calman MacLennan and Peter Bridge in the engine room are a bonus, both of them aiming for Olympic selection.

Royle has placed his three least experienced oarsmen in vital seats. Simon Davy, at No. 7, Kingsley Poole, at bow, and Ian Gardiner, at

stroke. Gardiner has never experienced a 4.4-mile race and began rowing only two years ago after competitive swimming. It was his inclusion that largely transformed Oxford after Reading.

The Cambridge line-up has perhaps less obvious leading lights and Wilson admits that the group are "more experienced as a crew than as individuals". The potential individual race winners are there, nevertheless.

Donald Fawcett holds the middle together and the stroke. Dirk Bengert, the Boat Race's first German, showed against Molesey and in the trial that he is a great "driver" of a crew.

The vital Cox seat provides the greatest contrast in the race this year. Andrew Probert, Cambridge's Great Britain international, is the most experienced Boat Race steersman on record while Oxford's Elizabeth Chick, born into a Warrington rowing family, has been in rowing boats since she was 13 and has excelled in training.

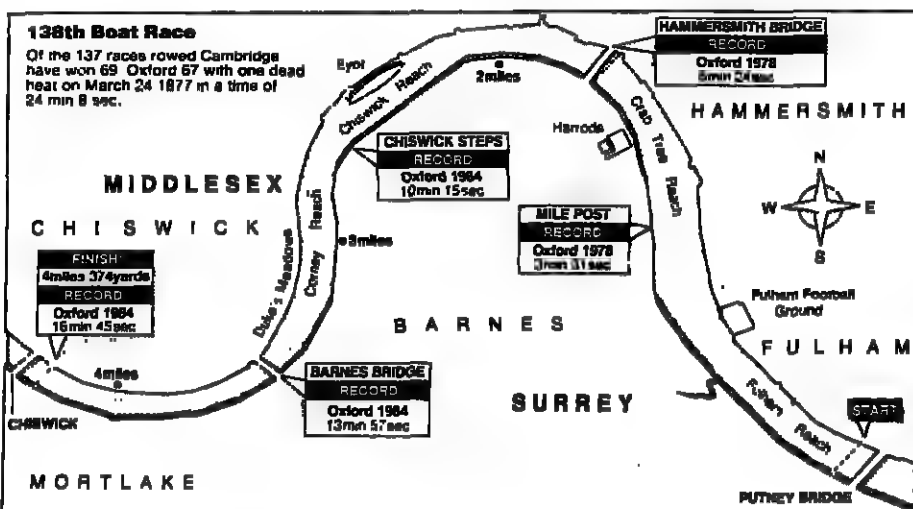
Today's crews are very different in style. Cambridge seem to produce speed with less apparent effort than Oxford. Oxford, however, have a toughness and bite about them and have already demonstrated, when they raced London University, that they do not panic when in arrears.

If Cambridge are going to win, they will have to be well ahead by Harrods. I have my doubts about that and Oxford's American president, Joe Michaels, is likely to receive the Beefeater Trophy from his United States ambassador, Raymond Seitz, at the finish.

TODAY'S RACES, 2.05pm: First V Oxford, 2.25pm: Oxford V Cambridge.



Calm before the storm: the Cambridge crew is put through its final preparations at Putney before taking on Oxford in the 138th Boat Race today



A course of twists and turns

THE Boat Race course means around a series of bends and is held on a high tide, giving the impression of plenty of room for manoeuvre (Mike Rosewell writes).

Casual spectators are perhaps bemused to see the two crews battling for one strip of water, quite often around the outside of a bend.

In reality, this apparently wide course is very narrow for a crew that wants to win. Its Cox must stay in the channel

where the tide is strongest and this, over much of the course, is less than the width of two crews racing level.

Out of it, there are "flats" — as at Fulham — containing slower moving water. If the Cox waters, four oars will be in faster water than the other four, causing a lack of rhythm.

Tidal problems apart, the course consists of severe bends. The first bend favours the Middlesex crew but there

is then a two-mile advantage to Surrey before Middlesex again receives the advantage.

Two crews of exactly the same speed should, theoretically, finish level.

Bert Green and Jim Cobb, two watermen elders, are the Cox advisers to Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

Even they admit to less than total knowledge of the historic course and its moods.

Its character changes, more so recently as it is silting up.

TODAY'S BOAT RACE CREWS

OXFORD
Bow: Kingsley Poole (Magdalen College School and St John's), age 22, 6ft 3in, 13st 4lb. Nationality: Australian. Home: Oxford. Studying medicine. Honours: 1990 1st crew.
2. Joseph Michaels, president (St John's College HS, Lassalle Univ and University), age 27, 6ft 3in, 13st 2lb. Nationality: American. Home: Chevy Chase, Maryland. Studying physics (postgraduate). Honours: 1991 Oxford crew.
3. Boris Mavry (Metropolitan College, Belgrade, Imperial College, London, and Jesus), age 22, 6ft 5in, 14st 8lb. Nationality: Yugoslav. Home: Belgrade. Studying mathematics (postgraduate). Honours: 1990 Henley winner.
4. Harriet Hume (St Albans, Washington DC, Yale and Pembroke), age 24, 6ft 2in, 13st 2lb. Nationality: British. Home: Washington DC. Studying law. Honours: 1989-90 Yale crew; 1991 Oxford crew.
5. Peter Bridge (Eton and Oriel), age 19, 6ft 4in, 13st 13lb. Nationality: British. Home: Crowborough, East Sussex. Studying modern languages. Honours: 1990-1 Henley winner; 1991 Oxford crew; 1991 under-23 GB eight (gold); 1991 GB coxed pair.
6. Calman MacLennan (Camp Hill GS, Keeble and Green), age 23, 6ft 6in, 14st 6lb. Nationality: British. Home: Birmingham. Studying medicine. Honours: 1988 and 1990 1st crew; 1991 Oxford crew; 1990 GB under-23; 1991 Henley winner.
7. Simon Davy (Eton and Worcester), age 21, 6ft 2in, 12st 6lb. Nationality: British. Home: Yelverton, Devon. Studying geography. Honours: 1991 1st crew.
Stroke: Ian Gardiner (Glasgow Academy and St Peter's), age 20, 6ft 11in, 13st 1lb. Nationality: British. Home: Glasgow. Studying engineering and economics. Honours: 1991 Cherwell crew.
Cox: Brian Chick (Folkestone HS and Christ Church), age 20, 6ft 3in, 7st 11lb. Nationality: British. Home: Warrington, Cheshire. Studying modern languages. Honours: 1991 Oxford lightweight.

The Boat Race was the brainchild of two friends — Charles Merivale, who was at Cambridge, and Charles Wordsworth, a nephew of the poet, of Oxford. The first challenge was issued by Cambridge on March 12, 1829.

There have been six sinkings in the Boat Race. Cambridge went down in 1859 and 1978, and Oxford suffered the same fate in 1925. In 1912, both crews finished the race but it was rowed two days later. In 1951, Oxford sank near the start and the event was rerun.

CAMBRIDGE
Bow: Max Justus, president (Westminster School), age 25, 6ft 11in, 13st 4lb. Nationality: British. Home: American. Studying law (postgraduate). Honours: 1991 Cambridge crew; 1991 Henley winner; 1991 national championships (gold).
2. Nicholas Clarry (John Hampden GS and Jesus), age 20, 6ft 11in, 13st 1lb. Nationality: British. Home: Bucks. Studying economics. Honours: 1989 GB junior coxed pair; 1990 GB junior coxed four (gold); 1991 GB under-23 coxed four (silver); 1991 Cambridge crew.
3. James Behrens (Radley, Reading Univ and Downing), age 22, 6ft 5in, 13st 2lb. Nationality: British. Home: Ripon, North Yorks. Studying economics (postgraduate). Honours: Reading University first eight; Daniel Justus (Westminster School), age 22, 6ft 11in, 13st 3lb. Nationality: British. Home: Harlow and Downing, age 22, 6ft 11in, 13st 3lb. Nationality: British. Home: American. Studying law (postgraduate). Honours: 1989-90 Eastern sprint champion; 1989 GB junior coxed pair; 1990 GB junior coxed four (gold); 1991 Henley winner; 1991 under-23 GB eight (gold).
4. Donald Fawcett (Brooks School, Harvard and Magdalen), age 25, 6ft 6in, 15st 4lb. Nationality: American. Home: Yerington, United States. Studying Anglo-American studies (postgraduate). Honours: 1987 World University Games; 1987-88 United States college rowing champion; 1988-89 winner of Eastern sprint; competed in Harvard-Yale race for four years.
5. David Gillard (Bedford Modern and St Catharine's), age 20, 6ft 2in, 14st 7lb. Nationality: British. Home: Bedford, Beds. Studying physical natural sciences. Honours: 1989 GB junior world eight (bronze); 1990 GB under-23 world eight (bronze); 1991 GB under-23 world coxed four (silver); 1991 Cambridge crew.
6. Stephen Fowler (Eton and Robinson), age 22, 6ft 2in, 13st 4lb. Nationality: British. Home: Romford, Essex. Studying land economy. Honours: 1990 Cambridge crew; 1991 Goldie crew; 1991 Henley winner.
Stroke: Dirk Bengert (Deutschhaus, Garmisch, Würzburg, and Fitzwilliam), age 24, 6ft 2in, 12st 10lb. Nationality: German. Home: Kurnach, Germany. Studying physics (postgraduate). Honours: 1988-89 junior world eight; 1987 Match des Seniors coxed four; 1989 Match des Seniors coxed four.
Cox: Andrew Probert (UCS, King's College, London, and Magdalen), age 38, 5ft 7in, 7st 11lb. Nationality: British. Home: Putney, London. Studying transport (postgraduate). Honours: 1982-4 Henley winner, 1983, 1988 and 1991 GB Cox.

Sparkling play from Faldo as he gathers string of birdies

FROM MITCHELL PLATT'S GOLF CORRESPONDENT IN NEW ORLEANS

NICK Faldo responded to the challenge of surviving the halfway cut in the New Orleans Classic with an enterprising second round on the English Turn course yesterday, after setting out on a cold, bleak morning in joint 35th place, following a first round of 74 in which he dropped six shots at three holes.

Faldo put that behind him with an outward half of 33. He holed a good putt of 15 feet on the first green for a birdie and another of nine feet at the next. Then he played the 6th in textbook fashion and with a sand-wedge approach to six feet gathered his third birdie.

There is no question that Faldo, runner-up in the Players Championship last Sunday, has turned the corner following a run of indifferent performances. He is being inspired, of course, by the thought of moving on from

here to Augusta National for the Masters which he hopes to win for a third time in four years.

Faldo, who should now arrive in Georgia in a confident frame of mind, maintained his momentum with further birdies at the 11th and 12th holes. He chipped close at the 11th and hit a marvellous tee shot to within ten inches at the 12th.

In contrast, Sandy Lyle,

who took 71 in the first round, found himself facing the prospect of missing the cut for the third time in six tournaments in the United States this year.

Lyle made a horrid start. He began at the 10th and took eight at the 11th. There he pulled his drive in the direction of a waste bunker but the ball could not be found. The mystery did little for Lyle's confidence. He re-

turned to the tee and played the hole well enough but took three putts.

He did hole from 14 feet for a birdie at the 14th and from ten feet to save par at the 18th. Lyle is happier with his general play but he is still disappointed with his putting. He placed himself under additional pressure by dropping another shot at the 2nd, which was his eleventh.

Severiano Ballesteros was our late in the day when he hoped to build on the first round of 67 with which he earned a share of the lead alongside the Americans, Brad Bryant, Chip Beck and Jay Haas.

Bryant, who has earned more than \$1 million in 14 years on the US Tour without winning, established the halfway target with a 69 for a 36-hole score of 136, which is eight under par.

Ian Woosnam, who had a first round of 71, was also among the late starters along with Jose-Maria Olazabal (72), Steve Richardson (73) and Colin Montgomerie (76).

LEADING FIRST-ROUND SCORES

US unless stated
67: B. Ballesteros (Sp), C. Beck, J. Haas, B. Bryant, 68: D. Rummel, S. Gump, J. Maggert, D. Walcott, L. Hicks, R. Eathwood, 69: N. Faldo, M. Slattery, J. Freeman, F. Quinn, 70: G. Norman (Aus), R. K. Kiper, M. Cunniff, M. Allen, G. Halbert, M. Adcock, M. Dawson, D. Martin, 71: R. Felt, D. Haddad, B. Gardner, I. Woosnam (GB), M. O'Meara, T. Kile, S. Platt, T. Amour, 72: R. Friend, D. Glickman, M. Smith, H. Twitty, A. Lyle (GB), E. Felt, B. Davis, K. Green, A. Lyle (GB), A. Pross, O. Browne, R. Pugh, 73: R. Black, B. Bryant, C. Perry, C. Perry, E. Hummer, M. Goss, J. M. Olazabal (Sp), S. Skinner, F. Funk, F. Conner, D. Frost, M. Donald, J. Anderson, L. P. Hayes, 74: S. Richardson (GB), M. Springer, J. Norman, R. Zola, R. West, S. Cabrillo, P. Gummow

67: B. Ballesteros (Sp), C. Beck, J. Haas, B. Bryant, 68: D. Rummel, S. Gump, J. Maggert, D. Walcott, L. Hicks, R. Eathwood, 69: N. Faldo, M. Slattery, J. Freeman, F. Quinn, 70: G. Norman (Aus), R. K. Kiper, M. Cunniff, M. Allen, G. Halbert, M. Adcock, M. Dawson, D. Martin, 71: R. Felt, D. Haddad, B. Gardner, I. Woosnam (GB), M. O'Meara, T. Kile, S. Platt, T. Amour, 72: R. Friend, D. Glickman, M. Smith, H. Twitty, A. Lyle (GB), E. Felt, B. Davis, K. Green, A. Lyle (GB), A. Pross, O. Browne, R. Pugh, 73: R. Black, B. Bryant, C. Perry, C. Perry, E. Hummer, M. Goss, J. M. Olazabal (Sp), S. Skinner, F. Funk, F. Conner, D. Frost, M. Donald, J. Anderson, L. P. Hayes, 74: S. Richardson (GB), M. Springer, J. Norman, R. Zola, R. West, S. Cabrillo, P. Gummow

Longmuir and Harvey defeat the elements

Rome: The Scots, Garry Harvey and Bill Longmuir, who have made only three cuts all season between them, headed the chase for a £37,500 first prize in the Roma Masters at Castelgandolfo here yesterday. Harvey took the halfway lead after a windswept second round as a 71 took him to three under par, one ahead of Longmuir.

Mark James (73), Jose Maria Canizares (71), of Spain, Jim Payne (73) and Paul Curry (71) are a stroke further adrift.

Fifteen players left for home early, their second rounds unfinished, unable to cope with the treacherously undulating greens and appalling weather.

Harvey has never finished higher than 23rd in a European tour event and had previously concentrated his efforts on the smaller Tarent Tour in Scotland. His only significant win was in the

1985 Kenyan Open. Harvey's first round was interrupted by bad light on Thursday night and he returned at the crack of dawn to complete the final six holes in level par yesterday.

A brief rest later and he was back on course, setting up his advantage with birdies in his opening two holes.

Longmuir lost his automatic tour card for the first time in 18 years last season. He made the halfway cut at Tenerife in March and in Florence last week but missed five others.

LEADING SECOND-ROUND SCORES (GB and unless stated): 141: G. Harvey, 70, 71; 142: W. Longmuir, 70, 72; 143: J. Payne, 70, 73; 144: M. James, 70, 74; 145: J. M. Canizares (Sp), 72, 71; 146: B. Lard, 72, 72; 147: M. Slattery, 72, 72; 148: G. Norman (Aus), 72, 72; 149: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 150: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 151: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 152: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 153: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 154: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 155: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 156: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 157: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 158: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 159: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 160: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 161: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 162: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 163: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 164: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 165: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 166: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 167: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 168: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 169: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 170: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 171: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 172: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 173: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 174: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 175: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 176: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 177: G. Halbert, 72, 72; 178: G. 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SATURDAY APRIL 4 1992

Scudamore keeps his career in perspective



Scudamore: ambitious

By RICHARD EVANS
RACING CORRESPONDENT

If racing's law of glorious uncertainty has its way this afternoon, Peter Scudamore will fulfil a lifetime ambition and win the Martell Grand National on Docklands Express.

Less than 48 hours ago, a season that had initially brimmed with promise looked to be heading nowhere for the champion jockey. After the defeat of Carvill's Hill, the Cheltenham Gold Cup "certainty". Scudamore was down to ride Bonanza Boy today. He was not optimistic.

The leading rider, not far from his 34th birthday, looked set to miss out yet again from winning either of National Hunt's big prizes.

Fate and Liverpool's tough fences then intervened and, with

Anthony Tosty sidelined by injury, Scudamore finds himself with an outstanding chance of Aintree glory aboard Kim Bailey's strongly fancied favourite.

Not that glory will be on the mind of the professional's professional in the weighing-room. As he envelops himself in a cocoon of pained concentration and offers up a prayer, as usual, before the big race, he knows that fantasies about what could happen must not be allowed to interfere.

In any case, the prospect of fame and stardom is not the driving force for this serious man. He talks more of honesty, politeness and respect. "Yes, I would love to win the National but if you said to me winning the National, riding 200 winners this season or 1,500 winners during my career would change my life, it won't. It doesn't. Everything goes on the same."

"Yesterday was a great day with Cyphrate winning. With the National as well, it might last a week. But it is all soon forgotten. I used to get up about it all but John Francombe used to say 'Don't worry, they are shooting people in Beirut'. Racing is a great frivolity."

"There might be five million people in the country who have a bet in the National and know who Docklands Express is. The other fifty million haven't a clue."

"The more important thing is whether that little girl, or whoever, in the hospital recovers. That is not frivolity. We are very privileged in what we are doing and you have to put it into context."

He looked at Thomas, his nine-year-old son, and added: "This is why I am riding, at the end of the day, because the boys have to go to

school and I have to earn a living."

Do not mistake his down-to-earth, philosophical attitude for lack of ambition. The determination to scale jumping's peaks burns as strong as ever.

"As a jockey, I always strive to be the best. I want to be better than John Francombe, Richard Dunwoody, Adrian Maguire or Jonjo. People fit you into a mould. Recently, I read an article saying I had been champion jockey six times but Adrian Maguire was the one coming up and he probably would not have to work as hard as me..."

"I have been tagged with the workhorse, hard-working jockey label. Obviously, I would prefer them to say I was a supreme genius who was a little bit moody," he added with a chuckle. "If I can leave my sons the

legacy my father left me, of honesty and goodwill, I will be happy. I believe his legacy as a tough, honest steeplechase jockey has been my greatest asset. We're not flash, we're not superstars, but we enjoy what we are doing."

Scudamore intends, all being well, to continue enjoying race riding for another four or five years. "I want to win the Gold Cup and the National but I won't continue riding to do that. I ride basically because I enjoy it. It is a good way of making a living and Martin Pipe and his wife, Carol, have given me such tremendous help and support."

"I enjoy working with Martin so much. I feel he is getting better and better and I don't want to miss out when he peaks. It's only in the last five or six years we have had these really wonderful horses."

Every year there is something coming through."

Despite the controversy of the Cheltenham Gold Cup, he was not that disappointed by the flop of Carvill's Hill. "I had done my best. The whole team had. But he was not good enough, whether or not Golden Freeze ran."

He believed the Golden Freeze incident was "distasteful" for racing and had no regrets about disclosing the alleged remarks made to him during the race by Michael Bowley, Golden Freeze's jockey.

But Carvill's Hill is history. This afternoon offers new hope. Docklands Express may hold the nation's attention for only a day. For his respected jockey, it could prove the memory of a lifetime.

A to Z of runners, page 32
Race preview, page 33
Card and form guide, page 33

Dockland Express new Aintree favourite

Maguire has to give up ride on Cool Ground

By RICHARD EVANS

MARTIN Lynch, one of National Hunt's unsung heroes, was thrust into the Martell Grand National spotlight yesterday following an unexpected call-up to ride Cool Ground, the Cheltenham Gold Cup winner.

The eleven-hour change of jockey came after Adrian Maguire, the riding find of the season, was concussed and injured a shoulder in the opening race at Aintree when Sibon Abbey fell.

Lynch, aged 33 and born only a few miles from Maguire in Co Meath, has only ridden once before in the world's greatest steeplechase — and is not keen on recalling the experience. He was unseated from Barney Macvieve at the first fence in 1981 when Aidan won.

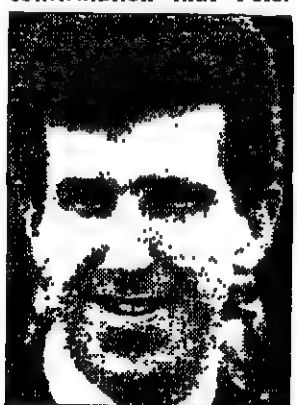
The softly spoken Irishman will sit on Cool Ground, the long time ante-post favourite, for the first time this morning. Toby Balding's chaser is seeking to become the first horse since Golden Miller in 1934 to complete the Cheltenham Gold Cup-Grand National double in the same year. Despite the pressure of

riding a leading fancy, Lynch is taking it all in his stride.

"I am delighted. It's just another race," he said. The dream ride is just reward as injury forced him to miss riding Auntie Dot last year when the mare finished third.

The switch in riders combined with the drying conditions at Aintree prompted a dramatic shake-up in the eve of race betting.

The "Big Three" bookmakers all promoted Docklands Express to favouritism after confirmation that Peter



Lynch: a late deputy

Scudamore will replace the injured Anthony Tosty. Corals offer 8-1 Docklands Express, 10-1 Brown Windsor, Cool Ground and Twin Oaks, 12-1 Auntie Dot, 16-1 Laura's Beau, Parry Politics, 18-1 Romany King, 20-1 bar.

An estimated £55 million will be bet by around 15 million punters in a race where Parry Politics will be a topical tip.

Ladbrokes are offering 50-1 against the Nick Gasele-trained chaser winning the race and Labour gaining an overall victory in the general election, and 105-1 against a double with the Conservatives retaining a parliamentary majority.

With a dry weather forecast for the Liverpool area, for the Liverpool area, the going should be perfect for the four-and-a-half mile marathon with a prize of £100,000 for the winner. The best backed of the 40 runners yesterday were Auntie Dot, Romany King, Stay On Tracks and Whats The Crack.

Brendan Sheridan will be replaced by Charlie Swan on Roc De Prince following a nasty fall yesterday.

The addition of Maguire to the growing Aintree casualty list prompted trainers and jockeys to launch strong criticism of the fences on the Mildmay course, half of which have been rebuilt since last year. Ferdie Murphy, trainer of Sibon Abbey, has pulled out an intended runner this afternoon. "The fences are like cement walls. They are not acceptable," he said.

David Nicholson commented: "The fences are not correctly built and I have been coming here since 1951."

John Parren, the clerk of the course, responded: "Last year everybody felt they were a bit soft. We felt it would be better to make them a little bit stiffer. That was the common consensus among trainers."

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TT 2/2

Close of play at the Oval

ONE of the great cricket figures of the last decade has died, and has been buried at the Oval. I would like to extend this column's sympathies to all concerned, and to celebrate the life of Lucy, the Oval cat. Her career as a cricket cat began one day back in 1978, when she strolled into the pavilion, where she later had kittens. She finally pushed her luck too far when she invaded the committee room during a meeting, but her banishment was the start of a new life.

She joined the ground staff, working closely with Bill Gordon. Her duties were primarily in the workshop: "She was always with us," Gordon said. "She would always come onto the field with us, on the outfield or onto the square. Every interval during a match, she would come onto the field

with us." She has been on television times without number, and was pictured in the official history of the ground. But the ultimate accolade came when she appeared on the front page of this newspaper on September 3, 1988, in the company of Dickie Bird, a less dignified cricket person altogether.

A long, slight, delicately-made beast ("She looked like a Lucy"), she revelled in her six-acre back garden, loved the limelight, "and she was one of us for 14 years," Gordon said. She succumbed to kidney problems last week, aged around 16.

Mercy plea
GRAHAM Gooch, a great cricketer but never much of a politician, has been lobbying the Test and County Cricket Board and the International Cricket Council for the reinstatement of the last bunch of South African rebels, who sold out under Mike Gatting. This at least shows some generosity of spirit — Gooch served a full

SIMON BARNES ON SATURDAY

three-year ban for his own African adventuring. It seems to me like trying to get a jockey off a misuse-of-the-whip charge with the

plea that the horse lost anyway. This is revealed in a new book, *Graham Gooch: The Biography*, by Ivo Tennant.

Spellbound

EDUARDO Braga has been suspended from the Brazilian first division side, Bahia, because it is believed he has been using black magic to destroy his own club's season. Braga, the reserve right back, allegedly turned on his colleagues through the medium of an entity called Ent-Trancara. There have been "inexplicable" errors, and two midfielders badly fouled and ruled out. In a relegation match against Fluminense the allegedly bewitched Bahia goalie passed to an opposing forward to concede the decisive goal.



Birmingham get £50,000 warning

By DENNIS SHAW

BIRMINGHAM City football club will be fined £50,000 and ordered to play two matches behind closed doors if their supporters seriously misbehave again before the end of next season.

This was the suspended sentence imposed on them by a five-man FA commission at St Andrew's yesterday for the pitch invasion against Stoke City on February 29 when play was interrupted for 38 minutes and Roger Wismann, the referee, was assaulted.

Birmingham, whose defence was led by Jack Wiseman, an FA councillor and club director, were also instructed to enter discussions with the licensing authority about the ground structure and its management.

The police, who strongly supported the claim that all necessary crowd control precautions were in place, made 58 arrests, including the supporter who struck the referee. Joe Kinnear, the Wimbledon manager, was yesterday charged by the FA with misconduct for the second time this year. Kinnear appeals later this month against the earlier punishment, a fine of

£1,800 imposed after an incident involving match officials at a reserve game.

Now he will be back in the dock accused of abusing a linesman after last week's home defeat by Arsenal.

The players' ballot over strike action closed last night with no further talks scheduled between the Professional Footballers' Association and the Premier League. The result, which is expected to endorse industrial action, will be known on Monday.

When talks between the sides broke up in Manchester on Wednesday night, Rick Parry, the chief executive of the Premier League, said that there would be further talks before Monday. He has been unavailable since then, however, and last night he had not contacted Gordon Taylor, the chief executive of the PFA, to arrange a meeting.

Theo Foley, the Northampton Town manager, his backroom staff and nine players were dismissed yesterday by the administrator appointed to run the affairs of the cash-strapped fourth division club after an application to the Birmingham County Court.

What a drag

PAKISTAN cricket has spiced it, the English game has salad cream. I bring you some incidents from the recent Patron's Trophy

was spent in removing the shine.

The fielding side took position at 4.15. Munir, batting, did not. He was reported to be at prayer. The call to prayer was not heard until half an hour later.

Play at last resumed at 4.25. HBFC lost two wickets quickly. Munir, still batting, collapsed on the pitch. He was not hit or anything. He just keeled over. The umpires did not ask him to move. Another batsman was apparently sent out to replace him, but Munir stayed where he was. Play continued around him.

With 13 over left, the light good, and HBFC wobbling at 92 for five, the umpires took the balls off and said the match was over.

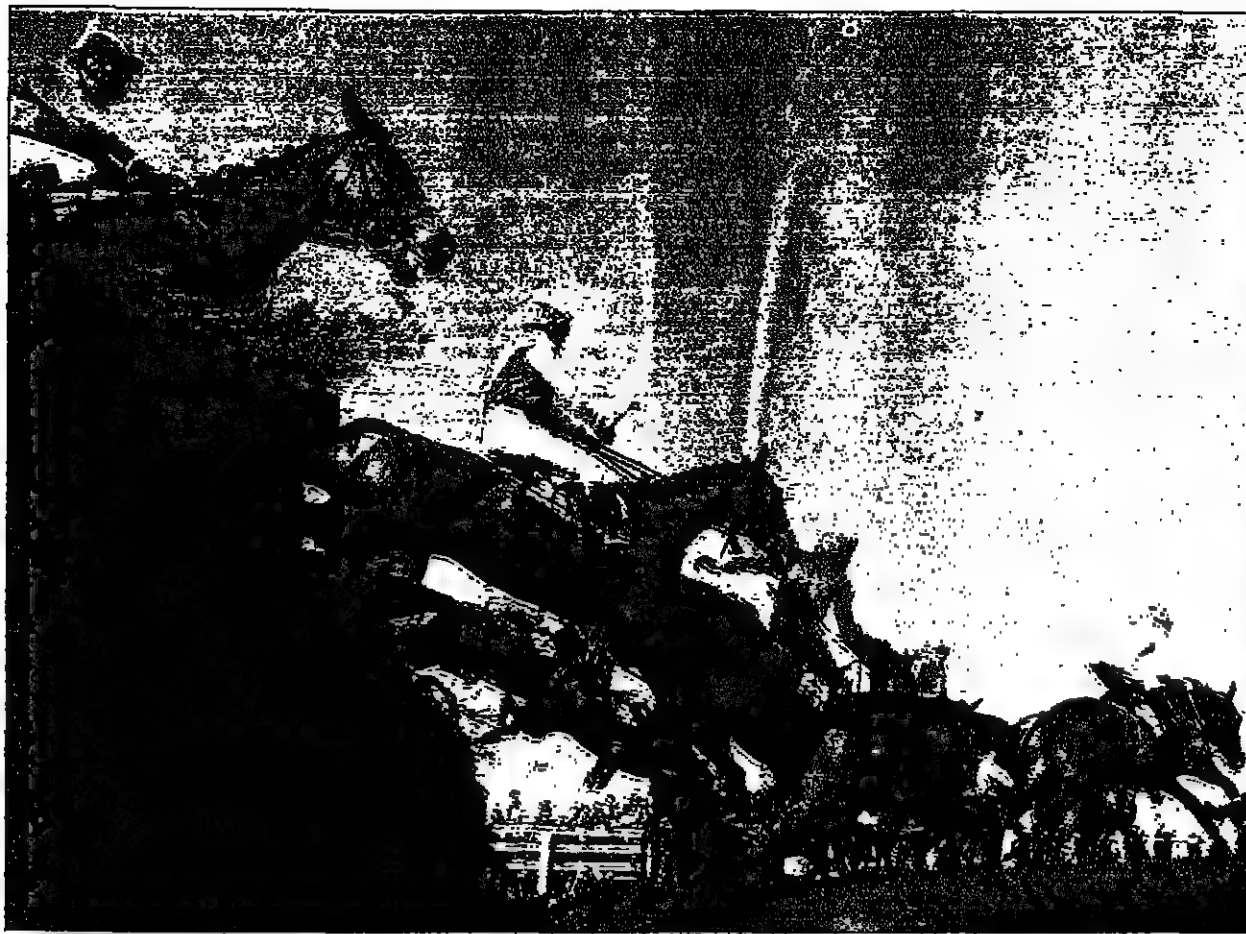
Customs have protested, and accused the umpires of manipulating the match for HBFC. HBFC had earlier been expelled from the tournament for allegedly man-handling umpires, but were reinstated.

The HBFC captain, Munir-ul-Haq, then complained about the condition of the ball, and 25 minutes

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WEEKEND TIMES

SATURDAY APRIL 4 1992



Fatal fall: Becher's Brook, the most notorious of Aintree's 30 fences, has been the downfall of many horses. In 1989, however, it claimed the lives of Brown Trix (in the sequence above) and Seandem. Public anger forced changes

Has the Grand National gone soft?

At 4pm today, 40 horses and riders will line up for the Mariell Grand National, the world's greatest steeplechase. They will face the toughest, sternest challenge to man and beast. Or is it? Have the Aintree authorities and the Jockey Club combined to put a steeplechase up the National Hunt's Everest?

The Grand National is still the race the jockeys want to win more than any other. For many, highly successful elsewhere, the highlight of their careers remains an unplaced second round in the race. Myself, I would rather win a second Grand National than I would a first Cheltenham Gold Cup. The hype is now greater than ever and the sense of achieving that impossible dream awaits the first across the line.

But the fact is that, for better or worse, the race is becoming less of a challenge than it was. It is still four miles and 856 yards over the 30 most daunting fences in the land. But the character of the Grand National is undeniably changing... for the worse.

No longer can the jockey riding a 100-1 outsider set off, like John Buckingham did on Foinavon in 1967, believing he had the same chance as the favourite. No longer will legends be made of horses like Freddie, Wyndburgh, Tiberetta and The Pilgrimage, who consistently jumped round the course year after year.

As the challenge diminishes, so will the prestige of the race. There are already those who mutter that the race is becoming just another long-distance handicap and that the Maryland Hunt Cup and the Velka Pardubice are tougher races to win.

The National is the race that embodies the main principles of National Hunt racing: the combination of stamina, and the ability and agility to jump well. It is now being won by a different type of horse where the emphasis is as much upon speed as it is on an ability to jump well.

Changes and improvements to Aintree over its 153-year history are not new. When it was first run in 1839 the course was ploughed land, the depth of which depended on the weather and what was planted in each particular field. The heaviest plough, it was said, through a "diabolical trick of nature", immediately preceded Becher's Brook. However, the fences in those days were mainly 2ft banks with live-gorse tops. In 1844 one journalist was moved to suggest that the "fences at Aintree are so small that one needs a microscope to discover them".

In 1885 the course became all grass and was railed for the first time. Becher's Brook was 9ft 6in wide and 6ft deep. The Canal

Turn, 5ft high, was preceded by a 6ft wide, open ditch.

In 1928 the victory of the 100-1 outsider, Tipperary Tim, resulted in calls for a parliamentary bill to do something about the race. His success was largely due to a pile-up caused by Easter Hero, which landed on top of the Canal Turn and fell back into the ditch just when the rest of the field arrived. Some 20 competitors fell and only two finished.

As well as the filling-in of the Canal Turn's ditch, 1931 saw the introduction of more stringent conditions of entry (they have continued to get tighter) and a new minimum age of six. The bottom weight was raised to put off the no-hopers. In 1954 the ditch at Becher's was lifted for the first time, and for the 1961 race, spruce and gorse aprons were placed in front of the fences, take-off boards added and the tops of each fence rounded to make them more inviting and less like upright "brick walls".

John Parrett, Aintree's clerk of the course, has made the most radical changes since the additions of aprons. He has drained the three low areas on the course near the Canal Turn and replaced Aintree's wooden wings and the "liverpool rail" (metal uprights with wooden top rails) with safe, plastic replicas and running rails.

These are improvements for the better. His most controversial changes were made to Becher's Brook and Valentine's Brook for 1990, although there had been no fatality at the latter since the mid-1930s. Mr Parrett's predecessor, John Hughes, had withstood enormous pressure to alter the Chair, following the nine falls there in 1979. However, after the two fatalities at Becher's Brook in 1989, the panic-stricken Aintree authorities made several changes.

The right-hand running rail on landing at Becher's was pushed back, a hedge planted and sheeting erected. "People used to lean through, waving racecards and distracting horses as they were landing," Mr Parrett says. He feels this has made the most significant impact on the fence, more so than the lifting of the ditch to take away the acute "V" shape on landing, and the levelling of the backward slope.

"We tried to maintain the standard, but reduce the price of failure," Mr Parrett says. "I believe the race is now harder to win. There are always four or five in with a chance crossing the Melling Road, with horseman-ship, horse and luck thoroughly tested. In the old days it was usually one horse out on its own. Since 1984, 58 per cent have

The Grand National used to be the toughest steeplechase in the world. But since it was made safer, has it lost its appeal as a test of horse and rider? Former winner Marcus Armytage reports

failed to complete the race. No other chase has that record and the result is still unpredictable. I also think it is good that we are attracting a better class of horse."

Last year I felt another change was in the stiffness of the fences. They are, after all, the same height, averaging 5ft, but whereas in the old days one could only just flick through the tops like Red Rum did so nimbly, so often, it is now possible to "walk" through some fences. The last fence in 1991 was barely bigger than a hurdle for the stragglers. But softer is not necessarily safer.

"In my days as a jockey," trainer Jeff King says, "the race was won by jumping. By making the fences softer, too easy, you get a faster pace. Now it is the pace that is causing injuries."

John Buckingham steered Foinavon through the mêlée at the 23rd fence in 1967. He has been a jockey's valet since retiring in 1971. "You notice the change in jockeys' moods now. It really was a



Armytage: it's still no walkover

challenge, touch-and-go whether you got round. Without fail the first thing they used to ask when they came in was whether or not everyone had come home safely; not now. The fairy-tales are disappearing and it has become a race for class horses. I feel the atmosphere disappearing."

Hywel Davies won the race in 1985 on Last Suspect. He set the pace for the record-shattering 1990 National on Uncle Merlin, until he was unseated at Becher's the second time around. "It is not as formidable as it was even when I started," he says.

Rinus, ridden by 1984 winner Neale Doughty who has completed seven times in eight attempts, fell at the twentieth last year. "Rinus walked through Becher's and the Chair without looking like falling. Eventually he was encouraged to take one liberty too many. I agree with some modifications, but how far do we go before they want to fill in the Chair's ditch? The thrill of Aintree is seeing, or riding as I did on Hello Dandy, a horse jumping to its maximum. It must remain that way."

In stark contrast to National Hunt racing, the two other main equestrian sports where horses compete over obstacles competitively at speed — show-jumping and eventing — have seen fences

The toughest challenge of all is picking a winner

The Grand National has always been considered the sternest test of the National Hunt season (Paul Wheeler of our racing staff writes). In the last ten years, out of 398 runners, only 151 have completed the course. Since 1984, a total of six horses have been killed in the race.

Casualties have always been a trademark of the Grand National, and alterations were finally made to the course after a public outcry in 1989 when two horses, Brown Trix and Seandem, were killed at Becher's Brook. While some die-hards may object, the truth is that racing is no longer the closed world that it once was. Through television the sport cannot remain oblivious to public scrutiny, or opinion.

The main alterations, to Becher's Brook, were an attempt to retain the challenge without exacting the ultimate price for those who fail to meet it. This was done by filling in the ditch on the landing side into which some horses had become trapped after falling. The fall in ground from the level at which the fence is jumped on the approach side was also built up.


In addition to alterations to the course in the interests of safety have been those to the com-

position of the field itself. The rules governing runners and riders have been tightened, keeping out some of the fairy-story entries of previous years; it has, however, encouraged more high-class entries for the race.


Last year's Cheltenham Gold Cup winner, Garrison Savannah, made a brave bid to become the first horse since Golden Miller in 1934 to win both races in the same season when finishing second to Seagram. And now Cool Ground, this year's winner of steeplechasing's blue riband, will be looking to go one better.

Recent winners like Seagram, Mr Frisk, Rhyme 'N' Reason and West Tip have tended to signpost their chances earlier in the season, and there have been fewer results that have left backers burning their form books in frustration. However this does not always make the result any easier to predict as the victory of Last Suspect, at 50-1, and Maori Venture and Little Polveir, both at 28-1, proved. The race may be safer, and it certainly has more quality, but it still hard to pick the winner.

1642 AND ALL THAT, PAGES 10-11

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FILM

LA BELLE NOISEUSE (15)
Jacques Rivette's hypnotic exploration of a painter and his model, struggling to complete an abandoned canvas. Close to a masterpiece. With Michel Piccoli, Emmanuelle Béart, Jane Birkin, Chloë, Chelsea (071-351 3742/3743) Metro (071-437 0757) Renoir (071-837 8402)

BRANCHES OF THE TREE: Four generations of middle-class Bengalis come under Satyajit Ray's microscope. Tally but mellow disquisition on life's vicissitudes. National Film Theatre (071-928 3332)

BUSBY (18): Warren Beatty as Buggy Siegel, the gangster who invented Las Vegas. Sleek, witty, dazzling to behold. Starring Annette Bening; director, Barry Levinson. Camden Parkway (071-267 7034) Empire (071-497 9999) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772)

CAPE FEAR (18): Demonic ex-con Robert De Niro terrorises Nick Nolte and family. Martin Scorsese's ferocious remake of a classic revenge thriller. With Jessica Lange, Juliette Lewis. Camden Parkway (071-267 7034) Empire (071-497 9999) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772)



Doubting wife: Goldie Hawn in *Deceived*

DECEIVED (15): Goldie Hawn as the wife who doubts her husband's identity. Psychological thriller, weak on story, but strong on atmosphere. Damien Harris directs. Odeons: Kensington (0426 914666) West End (0426 915574)

FREELACK (15): Emilio Estevez is kidnapped into the future for a mind transplant. Depressing high-tech adventure; with Miki Jagger, Anthony Hopkins. Director, Geoff Murphy. MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772)

FRIED GREEN TOMATOES AT THE WHISTLE STOP CAFE (12): Heart-warming fables of folksy folks down South. Shallow, but ingratiating. With Kathy Bates, Jessica Tandy, Mary Stuart Masterson; director, Jon Avnet. Barbican (071-638 8891) Nothing Hill Coronet (071-727 6705) Odeons: Haymarket (0426 915574) Kensington (0426 914666) Screen on Baker Street (071-935 2772) Whiteleys (071-792 3332)

HIGH HEELS (18): Lureworn, talkative melodrama of family secrets from Spain's master of camp, Pedro Almodóvar. With Victoria Abril, Marga Pereda. MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772)

JFK (15): Oliver Stone's contentious, electrifying, three-hour drama about the Kennedy assassination. Kevin Costner, as crusading D.A. Jim Garrison, plus a bustling supporting cast. MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772)

KUUFFS (15): Immature police protection officer (Christian Slater) avenges the death of his elder brother. Rashly but feeble addition to Hollywood's cop comedies. Director, Bruce A. Evans. MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772)

MY OWN PRIVATE IDAHO (18): Gus Van Sant's quirky portrait of two drifters searching for a home. With River Phoenix, Keanu Reeves. Camden Plaza (071-425 2443) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772)

THE PRINCE OF TIDES (15): New York psychiatrist helps football coach face family secrets. Romantic drama grandly acted by Nick Nolte. Barbara Streisand directs and co-stars. MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772) MGM Fulham Road (071-370 9772)

WOMAN KILLED WITH KINDNESS: Saskia Reeves in Heywood's Yorkshire tragedy. Katie Mitchell's first RSC production is a vivid creation of country life. The Pit, Barbican Centre, EC2 (071-638 8891) Previews from Thurs, 7.30pm; opens April 14, 7pm, then in repertoire.

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LEDS: British premiere of *Three Girls in Blue* by Ludmila Petrushevskaya, passionate exposure of women's experience in modern Russia. Courtyard, West Yorkshire Playhouse, Quarry Hill Mount (0532 442111). Previews Thurs, Fri, 7.45pm; opens next Sat, 7.45pm.

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Jonathan Summers as Posa, left, and Edmund Barham as Carlos in *Don Carlos*

vest, grand drama of conflict between personal and political demands in 16th-century Spain. Rosalind Plover returns to the house as Elisabeth, Edmund Barham sings Don Carlos, Linda Finne as Princess Eboli and Richard Van Allan lords it as the Grand Inquisitor. Coliseum, St Martin's Lane, London WC2 (071-636 3161), tonight and Wed, 5.15pm.

WELSH NATIONAL OPERA: The company brings its acclaimed *Pelléas et Mélisande* to Bristol (Tues, Thurs) alongside *The Magic Flute* (Wed, next Sat) and *Verdi's Evensong* (Fri). Hippodrome, Bristol (0272 294444), Tues-next Sat, 7.15pm.

ROCK: THE GIANTS OF MOTOWN: A nostalgic extravaganza featuring The Temptations and The Four Tops plus The Supremes, Martha Reeves and The Marvelettes. Wembley Arena, Wembley, Middlesex (081-748 4081), tomorrow, 5.30pm and 8.30pm.

THE HIGHWAYMEN: The cream of country comes to town as Johnny Cash teams up with Waylon Jennings, Kris Kristofferson and Willie Nelson. Dates in Birmingham, Sheffield, Dublin and Belfast follow. Wembley Arena (as above), Fri, 7pm.

JAZZ EXPLOSION '92: It is seven years since the last Jazz Explosion but this all-star feast makes up for the delay with an impressive line-up including Club Nouveau, the soul singer Tammy Wayne, funk artist Betty Wright, versatile tenor saxophonist Ronnie Laws, percussionist Paulinho Da Costa and bass player Karl Burke. Hammersmith Odeon, London W6 (081-748 4081), tomorrow, 5.30pm and 8.30pm.

MARK SPRINGER/SARAH SARHADIAN: This exciting piano and viola duo originally came together for offbeat improvisational bands such as Rip Rig & Panic and Float Up C.P. More than a decade later, they now provide a more mature, almost classical sound. Palladium, South Bank (071-928 8800), Fri, 8pm.

JEFF HOOPER: Mellow crooning from the voice of the Syd Lawrence Orchestra. Expect well-sung hits from Sinatra, Nat King Cole, Tony Bennett and others. Saddler's Wells Theatre, Rosebery Avenue, London EC1 (071-278 8916), today, Tues-Wed, Fri, next Sat, 7.30pm.

ADVENTURES IN MOTION PICTURES: This company, recently nominated for an Olivier award, presents the first London showing of Martin Bourne's latest dancework, a full-length "double feature" inspired by the cinematic career of Alfred Hitchcock. In the first half of *Deadly Serious*, the choreographer takes his cue from the film-maker's early black-and-white classics, especially *Rebecca*; the second half brings the Technicolor masterpieces of the Fifties, such as *Rear Window* and *The Birds*. The production opens with a gala benefit for Crusade on Tuesday night. Presented as part of the Spring Loaded Festival. The Place Theatre, 17 Duke's Road, London WC1 (071-387 0031), Tues-next Sat, 8pm.

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Devilry over a liquid lunch

Lynne Truss analyses Kingsley Amis's pickled taffies to find out what makes their ingredients so enjoyable yet so jarring

When Kingsley Amis won the Booker Prize in 1986 for *The Old Devils*, he was asked how he would spend the money. "Booze, of course," he said, "and then curtains." It was an ambiguous statement. Presumably he had in mind chintzy things from John Lewis, but he might equally have been referring lightheartedly to the undiscovered country from whose bourn etcetera.

Booze does not of necessity lead to curtains, of course; for some people it is a mere social lubricant. But in the context of *The Old Devils* (certainly as seen in BBC2's three-part adaptation, which finished on Monday) the connection between booze and curtains was so strong as to keep the prospect of sudden death ever to the forefront of one's mind.

As Gwyn Thomas wrote: "There are parts of Wales where the only concession to gaiety is a striped shroud," and sometimes the Bible and Crown's smoke room looked like one of them.

I did not read *The Old Devils* in 1986. I made some brave stabs but gave up, on the grounds that it was too complicated and that the differences between the many no-hope pickled taffies (and their many no-hope pickled wives) was taking too long to become clear.

I got a bit huffy, actually, and considered writing to the publishers, suggesting they paste a helpful chart in the back of the book. In the end, I made a few weary notes ("Gwen married to Malcolm"; "Muriel married to... er, Peter"; "Charlie fat, Peter also fat").

In any case, my attempts finally faltered on page 57, where a character called Alun Weaver suddenly assumed the unmistakable voice of Amis himself and informs his wife: "Any man in the company of two women is outnumbered four to one." Oh blimey, what's this? I thought, my huzzes rising. Perhaps it was supposed to be a joke, but my sides were refusing to split.

Unfortunately, Weaver warns to his lamentable theme: in the company of three women, he explains, a man is outnumbered nine to one. "What they call a square law," he says, jocularly.

Oh dear, oh dear. His wife, instead of accidentally pushing a

REVIEW

diet of dour little feminist tracts, and books that required less effort, such as *God and the New Physics* and *A Brief History of Time*.

As television's then, *The Old Devils* came as a wonderful surprise. In adapting it, Andrew Davies brought out all the positive qualities that other people can see in Kingsley Amis, but that I never can. These poor old Welsh saints were suddenly a fine subject; their lives were funny, tragic and convincingly real. I laughed; I cried; I didn't get worked up by the unfairness to women. With a few deft introductory strokes, Davies established who was married to whom ("It's all right, Charlie, Sophie's here"), and the game was afoot. He made it look quick and easy.

In particular, this Alun Weaver fellow (the beautifully bogus media star Welsh writer whose return from London was the plot in motion) sprang to life so vividly in John Stride's fantastic performance that it seemed strange he hadn't already entered the language as an archetype. Surely here was a comic monster of enormous stature. "You OK, Mervyn? You look a bit shaky. Give me a minute, I'll be all right. I've just been Weaverised by Kingsley Amis." "Head between the knees, man. This is serious."

Interestingly, Davies was once Weaverised by Amis, which perhaps explains why he did such a selfless and painstaking job of improving Amis's text. In fact, as a way of saying a special thank you he wrote the event into the screenplay. Weaver is signing books for a queue of evident nobodies, and saying especially modest things such as "No, no, you are too kind. This is mere hackwork. But hackwork from the heart. I like to think," when along comes a nerdy fellow with an intense expression.

"I'm a great fan of yours," says the nerd, "but I don't think this book quite captured the lyrical freshness of *Mumble Bop*." There is a short pause, during which Weaver gives him a smile of supreme danger-signal condescension. "Why, thank you very much," he says, breaking into a friendly laugh. "And when an earth makes you think 'I'm interested in the opinion of young things like you,' Bugger off now, and a very good afternoon to you."

Davies told this story on BBC2's *The Late Show* a couple of weeks



Welsh rare bits: the five old devils (from left) Howell Evans, Bernard Hepton, the late Ray Smith, John Stride and James Groux

ago and said he included the scene because writing is turning one's worst moments into money. But this would imply that the audience sympathises with the nerd's embarrassment, which we did not. Weaver was so spectacularly awful that, as the hang-dog old devil Peter said: "One's spirit's got to tend to lift a bit at the sight of the old bugger."

Weaver is energetic and funny, and easily moved to tears. He believes his own publicity. He is an up-front fraud, a half-fellow friend who enjoys a boozey lunch with an old mate, agrees to meet him later, and with a nudge and a wink struts off cheerfully to render the old mate a cuckold. As the old devils agree after his death the booze leads to curtains, alas he is a necessary man, but in some ways quite unnecessary, too.

The irony of Weaver's sudden death, of course, is that he is the only member of the group not oppressed by (or even fleetingly conscious of) thoughts of mortality. He

also, ostensibly, has more to live for. The old devils are afflicted by loveless marriage, impotence, alcoholism, cardiac problems, prunes, pub botes, they play needle-match chess, tournairens with Death as an everyday occurrence, while Alun is round at their houses thoughtlessly rogering their wives.

As they drive into the postcard landscape of South Wales for the day, Malcolm (Bernard Hepton) says: "I saw a film called *The Seventh Seal* once, by Ingmar Bergman. It was a bit like this." "Four old farts in a Morris Marina, you mean?" Death doesn't bother to checkmate Weaver; there is nothing metaphysical about his seizure and collapse. In his case, death is just nature's way of telling him to slow down.

The casting of *The Old Devils* was perfect. Hepton's poor old Malcolm, dreaming over his medieval Welsh poetry while his grim,

brainy, disappointed wife Gwen (Anna Cropper) sat opposite him at the breakfast table wordlessly chain-smoking with the preoccupied air of someone planning the perfect revenge killing. "Mind if I take first Crack at the Bathroom?" she would say pointedly, breaking out of her reverie. And each time she said it, she tweaked up the word "crack" by a wicked extra notch.

Watching other drama after *The Old Devils*, the faces looked bland and young and un-lived-in. Tristram Powell's direction placed enormous emphasis on faces, and it paid off. James Groux, as the defeated Peter, was magnificent — pained, resigned, ridiculous. "I don't think you appreciate just how unattractive you've become," his joyless wife Muriel (Anne Stallybrass) said. "You emanate hopelessness and resentment and boredom and death." Unacquainted with the notion of the pulled punch, is Muriel.

One of the greatest moments

came from Charlie (Ray Smith, who died after filming was completed). Seemingly the most cynical of them all, Charlie is having his usual liquid lunch and mulling over old times with Alun's wife Rhianon (Shella Allen). "I've just remembered," she says brightly, "you weren't just the cleverest, you were the nicest, too." He looks at her over the rim of his glass and agrees sadly: "I was always a nice boy."

A nice boy. It made everything else fall into place. The flash-backs to 40 years before: Alun insisting that he feels "So strong! So young! So much to give!"; Peter's look of childlike surprise when the chance of happiness with Rhianon is finally offered to him. It reminded me of something Tony Hancock is supposed to have said: that the trouble is you're not allowed to grow old in the world any more.

Not noted for his great wisdom or self-knowledge, Hancock, but he was right on this one. "We are all moth-eaten kids, really."

PREVIEW

● **138th Oxford v Cambridge University Boat Race** (today, BBC1, 2.35pm)

There are certain things that never change about Boat Race day. First, it always rains. Second, whichever team wins it is still a disappointment. Watching the event from home, you do not get wet and you can see the whole race, with helicopter shots of indistinct grey centipedes slithering through grey indistinct water. On the other hand, the problem about the boat race from the television point of view is that the drama is very limited, unless someone sinks. Basically, one of the eights (usually Oxford) establishes an early lead, and then... er, that's it.

● **Horizon: Before Babel** (Monday, BBC2, 8.10pm)

The idea is this: there are 5,000 languages in the modern world, but possibly they all derive from a great Ur-language spoken by the small group of humans who were the daddies of us all. Linguists and archaeologists contend that by analysing the common features in all our languages there is a chance we may establish the contents of the very first dictionary. *Horizon* reports on the research, and tells us the amazing news that 20 words have emerged as the possible First Words on Earth. Let's hope they have programmed their computers properly, otherwise "Big", "Mac" and "Fries" might be on the list.

● **Man's Best Friends** (Monday, BBC1, 8.30pm)

This series is a repeat, but worth noting. Desmond Morris shows how domestic pets are really wild animals (in all but identity collar and Whiskas supply), and asks questions such as: Why do cats like being stroked? Why do they groom themselves so much? Morris says that the cat's behaviour betrays its kinship with the tiger, which is all right so far as it goes, but doesn't help with other questions. Why do cats happily wolf down Rabbit Whiskas one day and sneer at it the next? And why do they enjoy watching snooker on the telly? Nothing statistic there, surely.

● **Short Stories: Old Pros'**

Paradise (Friday, Channel 4, 8.30pm)

Brinsworth House is a retirement home for showpeople in Twickenham, and an ideal setting for a plot by Agatha Christie: as you drive past you expect to hear a spirited chorus of "There's no business like show business" and a shot ringing out backstage. Surely the ex-Tiller girls, contortionists, singers and magicians will stop at nothing to get top billing? Laurie Wiseman's half-hour film takes a calmer view, showing the build-up to a Christmas party and the old stages reminding on times past.

L.T.

Love reborn in a warm climate

Four women leading quietly desperate lives find enchantment in a medieval castle in a delicate romantic comedy being screened tomorrow

The story begins with an advertisement in *The Times* "To those who appreciate wisteria and sunshine. Small medieval Italian castle on the shores of the Mediterranean, to be let furnished for the month of April. Necessary servants remain. Box 1000, *The Times*."

So Lottie Wilkins, on a rainy London day, decides to find three other women to join her in escaping from the endless greyness for some sybaritic sunshine, leaving husbands behind. That, in brief, is the story of Elizabeth von Arnim's novel *The Enchanted April*, published in 1922. Last year it was filmed by the BBC, chosen to open the London Film Festival, and will be seen tomorrow night as one of BBC2's outstanding Screen Two series at 10pm.

Arum Scott, the producer, fell in love with the novel when she read it in Virago Modern Classics, repository of so much almost-forgotten good writing. It is the happiest of von Arnim's works, for she had a keen, cool, acerbic wit.

Two of the women (played by Josie Lawrence and Miranda Richardson) have lacklustre marriages to unprepossessing husbands: one a pompous, stuffy solicitor (Alfred Molina), the other a racy writer of pulp non-fiction (Jim Broadbent). They advertise for two companions and gain a tiresome old lady, Mrs Fisher (Joan Plowright), who cannot forget that she once knew Tennyson and Carlyle, and a Zuleika Dobson-like society beauty, Lady Caroline Dester (Polly Walker), who is sick of being adored by every man she meets.

Ms Scott and her director Mike Newell — lately associated with the contentious Labour party film about Jennifer's ear, but at that time best known for such films as *Dance with a Stranger* — set about finding the right locations: the gloomy London houses from which the ladies long to get away, and the small medieval castle in Italy where the story reaches its euphoric denouement.

And so it came about, by chance, that my own drawing room was decided upon for the saintly Mrs Arbuthnot's. (Some neighbours

were approached, and having said no, suggested our house instead.) So ours is the room seen fleetingly in an early scene where Miranda Richardson sits placidly sewing in gaslit, brocade-lunged gloom when her tipsy husband rolls home from a party at Lady Caroline's Mayfair salon.

The day they came to shoot was a freezing cold Saturday last spring; it started to hail, to add verisimilitude. The following week, the entire crew were to depart for sun-drenched Portofino, where they had the perfect locale for the enchanted castle.

It was the very villa where Elizabeth von Arnim had once taken a holiday and had been inspired to write the novel. By chance, it was empty and available, though almost inaccessible at the top of a steep rocky cliff above Portofino, unreachable by car: a headache for a crew with cameras and props. But the quiet rooms and exotic, scented gardens were entirely as they had been when von Arnim so radiantly described them, with arum lilies and wisteria, vines and fig trees, and olive groves in the terraced descent to the sea.

It is a slender story ("the lightest of omelettes" said the critic Terence de Vere White in his Virago introduction), with less substance than *A Room with a View*, but it touches hearts, enveloping the characters in the "divine infection" of the magically atmospheric beauty of the garden, changing their lives and rekindling old love.

Those who want a full explanation of how this comes about, with all von Arnim's irony and insight, must read the Virago paperback (£5.99) — and, be warned, it is the sort of book people buy in quantity to give to friends.

Peter Barnes's screenplay is necessarily economical, and his only embellishment is to make the castle's owner (Michael Kitchen) short-sighted; but the essence is not lost, and the structure is as uncluttered as a Noel Coward drawing room comedy. Newell manages to keep a rein on sentiment, for von Arnim was very far from being a sentimental writer.



Four go to Italy: clockwise from top, Miranda Richardson, Josie Lawrence, Polly Walker and Joan Plowright in *Enchanted April*

I am grateful to *The Enchanted April*. It made me read other von Arnim novels, all available from Virago. Among them is her own favourite work, the much less cheering *Vera*, which is another film Ms Scott is hoping to produce. *Vera*'s main character is one of the great monsters of fiction, a man named Wemyss, supposedly based on von Arnim's second husband, Earl Russell, brother of Bertrand.

Elizabeth von Arnim was born in Australia, a cousin of Katherine Mansfield. Her first marriage, to a German count (von Arnim), produced four daughters and a son; but he died, and her marriage to Russell hardly lasted a year before she ran away to America. She also had an affair with H.G. Wells, who

found her shrewd and witty, but dropped her for Rebecca West.

Ms Scott, who sees the author as a 20th-century Jane Austen, "wise, witty, and completely contemporary," tells me *Enchanted April* is about to be released in cinemas in the United States where — despite the shower of awards lavished on *The Silence of the Lambs* — there is apparently a new thirst for family films.

This one is exactly the kind of nostalgia elders love, and any child could be allowed (in the Easter holidays) to stay up to watch. There are no nasty Mary Wesley shocks lurking within; it's all flowers that bloom in the spring, tra-la.

VALERIE GROVE

Is there anybody there?

A new BBC1 series looks at children's imaginary friends

Polly Pig lives in a crack in the wall. Scott helps with maths problems. Mr Green tells jokes and his daughter shares midnight feasts. Jessica can be as small as a mouse or as big as a giant and flies around the room, and Gemma, who lives in the mirror in the bathroom, just talks.

All appear in *You've Got a Friend*, the first in a new series of the award-winning BBC1 children's documentary series, *The Lowdown* (Tuesday, 5.10pm). When setting out to make this film about children's imaginary friends, Ken Howard had wondered whether, in this age of video games, they would still find the creative impetus within themselves to sustain such feats of the imagination, but the response from the children was overwhelming.

What is perhaps more remarkable is that the children he interviewed were able to talk so frankly and with such enjoyment about their invisible companions when, as some of them observed, they do not always choose to discuss them with their schoolfriends or families.

The philosophy behind all five series of *The Lowdown*, producer Eric Rowan says, has been to let children present issues in their own terms. But the sensitivity of Howard's gentle probing does not alone explain the confidence and pleasure with which these children describe their inner lives. Nor is it due entirely to the fact that they were relieved to meet one another and discover that they were not alone in having such relationships.

One cannot help but feel that the confidence possessed by these children stems entirely from the "friends" themselves. "She's very pretty," little Tannice Pendegras confides about Jessica. Karen Blong says that Gemma, who talks to her from the bathroom mirror, "is nicer than me. She tells me the right things to do." Ruby Musgrove describes Scott, a cartoon character, as an older brother, "the perfect person, always happy, never ill, just the sort of person I'd like to be."

Some of the children admit to loneliness or bullying, but in times of uncertainty or misery, these



Seeing things? Tannice's little "friend" flies around the room

friends have been there to see them through. "He's like a guardian angel," says Kirk Patten.

The programme includes scenes from Alan Ayckbourn's new play, *Invisible Friends*, which portrays Lucy, her imaginary friend Zara, and Lucy's parents' exasperation with the extra plate that has to be set for Zara. No doubt some "friends" tyrannise parents, who may well be driven to have them run over by an imaginary bus.

Dr Manek Bharucha, the child psychiatrist who acted as consultant to the programme, advises parents to encourage their child to talk about an imaginary friend, rather than ban it or pretend it doesn't exist. "Maybe this is something that needs to be there," he says, "and it would be damaging to stop it." But, he adds, "if it gets to an obsessive level, then there's a problem that needs attention."

And given that Ayckbourn and presumably A.A. Milne who wrote the poem *Binker* — "Binker is the reason why I never feel alone" —

both had imaginary friends, perhaps they pre-empt the invention of future fictional characters. Certainly among the older children, there appears to be no anxiety about losing these friends as they grow up and find that they can solve problems by themselves.

Meanwhile, through the agency of their "friends," they are able to deal with worrying emotions such as fear or loneliness, which must be healthier than denying or repressing their anxieties.

If the wish is there, when faced with bullying, to be able to turn into a lion who can scare the bullies away, the child endows not himself but his "friend" with these reassuring but extraordinary qualities.

The intriguing question, of course, is how far children who have such abiding imaginary friends know that these brave, strong, wise companions are part of themselves? Do they admit, deep down, that it is they themselves who inspire the confidence for which they are so grateful?

BELLE GREY

GUILTY SECRETS: MARTIN JARVIS



"I love watching Jeremy Beadle's *You've Been Framed*. I've always been interested in practical joking and used to watch *Candid Camera*. I'm addicted to *You've Been Framed* because it's funny — I'm waiting for the time when someone loses their rag completely. It's also extraordinary how much actors can learn from watching how people behave in a situation they believe is real. That's what we do on stage — try not to look as though we know what's going to happen next."

Martin Jarvis is appearing in *Leo in Love* at the Richmond Theatre, Surrey.

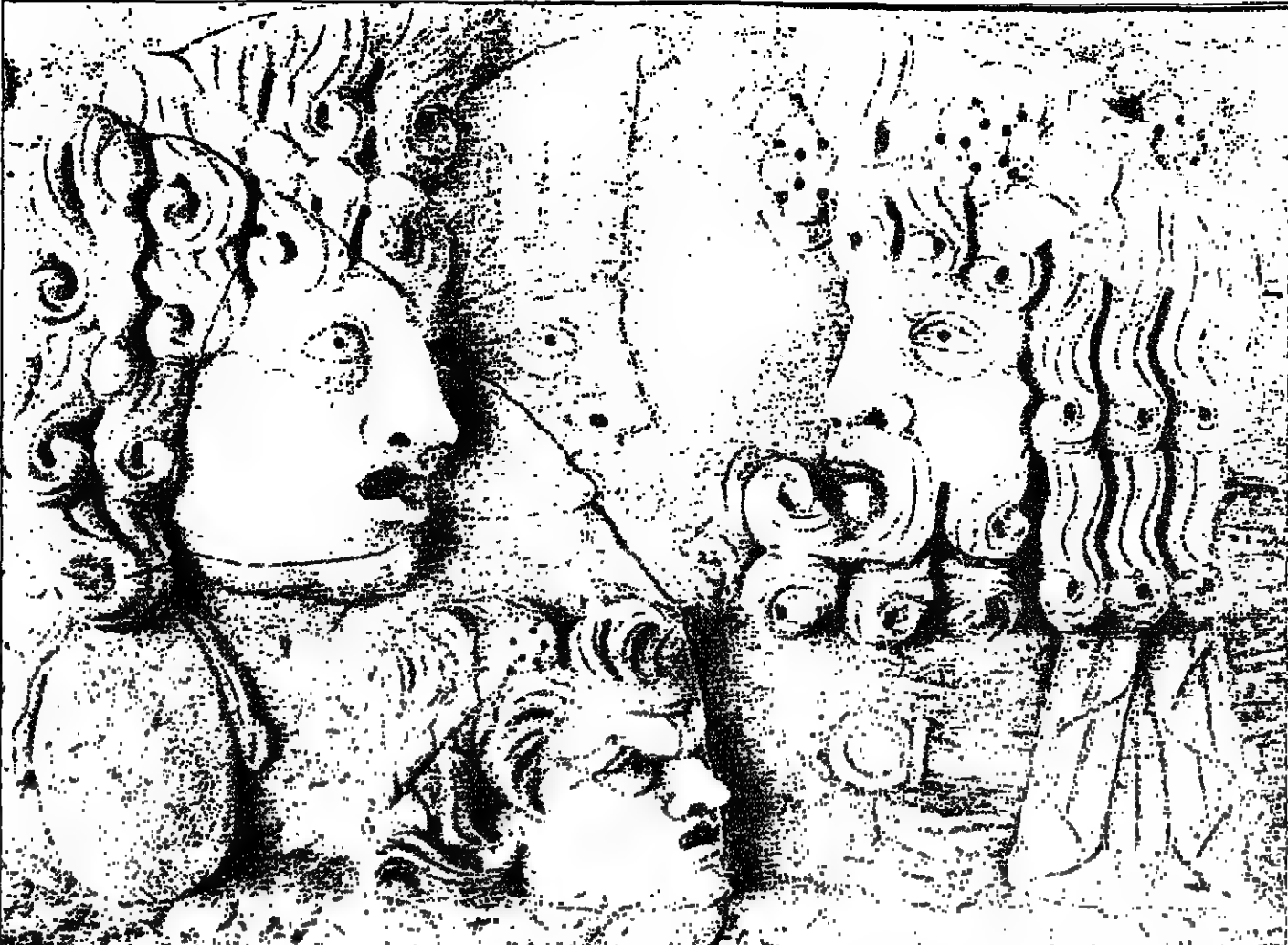
Fresh as paint after 1,900 years under the ash

For 1,700 years after it was buried in volcanic ash by Vesuvius in AD79, Pompeii was held in thrall like Sleeping Beauty. But since the excavators went to work on it, little has stayed static. Even while the exhibition *Rediscovering Pompeii* was on its way to the Accademia Italiana from its last venue in Malmo, an astonishing new discovery was made: archaeologists investigating a new site discovered a house that had evidently just been redecorated when the eruption overwhelmed it, so that all the owner's possessions were stowed away in a single room, and had remained completely undisturbed from that date to this.

EXHIBITION
John Russell
Taylor on a
London show of
art and artefacts
from the Roman
city of Pompeii

class merchant town (unlike the grand and quiet places in the country which make up Herculaneum), so that one does not expect to find the lofliest works of art there. On the other hand, the discoveries made are far from negligible. There are no long-lost masterpieces of ancient sculpture, but still there are delightfully vivid pieces, such as the Fountain with Cupid and a Comic Mask.

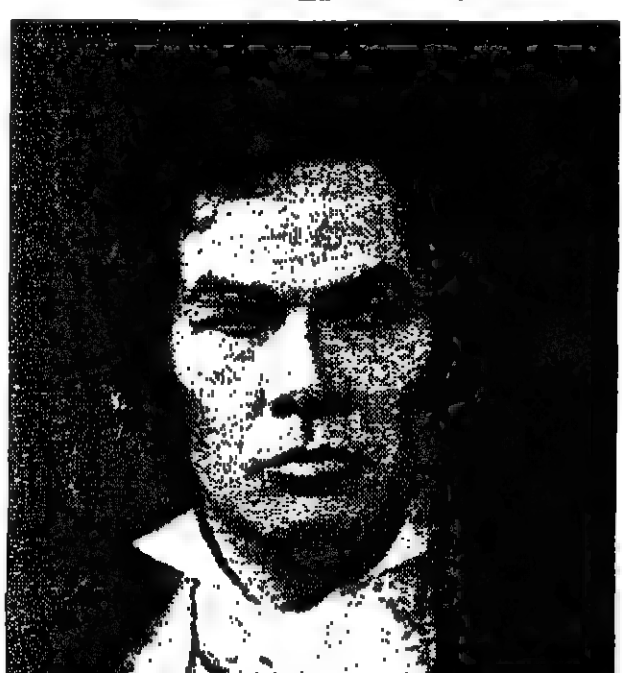
close together, and in no need of the sort of "creative" restoring so popular in the 18th century, when Cavaceppi piled his trade with such success. If the feeling that we are seeing something as it was originally made — without later intervention and interpretation — counts for a lot with the sculpture, it is even more important with the painted murals and mosaics. What the discovery of Pompeii did, more than anything else, was to restore colour to modern ideas of the ancient world. In the 18th century various shades of terracotta and red were popularly described as "Pompeian". But even more striking here are the blues and greens scattered through the scenes and patterns which decorated ancient walls.



No masterpiece, but delightful: marble reliefs with theatrical masks, from the House of the Gilded Cupids, Pompeii

Naturally a show about Pompeii is going to be mostly about the past. But as the name of IBM among the sponsors suggests, this show is also about how new technology can enhance our knowledge and understanding of the past. An important part in the recent leap forward of Pompeian studies has been played by the giant computer that IBM provided, together with the funds to run it throughout the special research project. So the exhibition also demonstrates impressively some of the extraordinary ways in which computer projection can assist in the location and reconstruction of ancient buildings, and how data storage can pinpoint every smallest find on site. Clearly history and technology need not be at odds, here they work impeccably, hand in hand.

● *Rediscovering Pompeii* at the Accademia Italiana, 24 Rutland Gate, London SW7 0RT-225 3474. Daily, 10am-6pm (Wed to Sat), until June 21. Admission £5, concessions £2.50



Gripping: Samuel Ramey as Councillor Lindorf

Wicked ways sound best

OPERA
Les contes
d'Hoffmann
Covent Garden

VILLAINY rules in the final Royal Opera revival of Offenbach's *Hoffmann* this season. Samuel Ramey takes an immediate grip of the opera as Councillor Lindorf, the first (and last) of the four men who poison the life of the poet Hoffmann. In white tie and tails he throws down his challenge for the affection of the dive Stella and he is going to win. In the same outfit he looks in at the end of each of the three central acts, to see how his wicked work is progressing.

Ramey's second villain, Coppélius, does not offer as many vocal opportunities, but once into the Venice act his glorious bass-baritone is away. Dappertutto's "Scintille d'amant" is resplendently sung. Miracle, the evil physician who persuades the last of

bach's malevolent quartet for his debut at the Bastille in the new Roman Polanski production of *Hoffmann* opening later this month. The title role at Covent Garden was to have been sung by Neil Shicoff, a highly experienced Hoffmann. For the opening night performance he was replaced by Patrick Power, who, despite his best efforts, sounded distinctly inexperienced.

Power was made up to look a little like the original E.T.A. Hoffmann: dark curly hair, intense features. But the performance rarely relaxed enough to suggest the impulsive poet, prey to any passing female vision. His tenor lacks the lyrical qualities Offenbach demands and notes that should have bloomed were too often nipped in the bud.

Audience with the bishop of bounce

POP
Neil Sedaka
Albert Hall

PACKED houses have greeted Neil Sedaka, the 53-year-old singer-songwriter, on his latest tour. At the penultimate show, the Albert Hall on Wednesday, his cheery, ample figure, black silk suit and purple shirt gave him the air of a bishop on a spree, accentuated by his occasional little dances and even some gleeful popping.

His flock, spread across the generations, were well rewarded for their attendance with a set of two dozen of his melodic, singalong songs. There was even a bonus in the form of Debussy's *Clair de Lune*, which this one-time Juilliard School student saw off with a flourish and a jocular challenge: "Let's see Barry Manilow try that."

Let's not pretend

THEATRE
Manslaughter
BAC, Battersea

AS WE enter we observe a man and a woman standing, apparently asleep, wrapped in a lace-hanging suspended from the ceiling: a bed stood on end, a vertical view of the horizontal. The man twitches restlessly, the woman slumbers calmly. This is an omen of the sexual contrasts to come in 75 minutes of glowering portentousness which trivialise the plight of Sara Thornton, a woman serving a sentence for killing her bullying husband and whose recorded voice ends the play.

Andrew Phillips's design has the incisiveness missing from Robin Brown's writing. A dining table is supported on female legs in fish-net stockings. George's chair sprouts scarping wings. Laura's is made from a supermarket trolley. The goldfish bowl is placed on a stand shaped like cupped hands bound at the wrist.

Snap, crackle but all too pop

THEATRE
The Winter's Tale
Lyric, Hammersmith

FIRST there is the crash and whoop of soaring fireworks, then the crash and whoop of partying courtiers. They frantically whirl round the stage playing blind man's buff, bumping into each other but avoiding the Christmas tree, the red balloons and, at least until Polixenes offers a glass to a spectator, the champagne picnic. One gentleman affects a golden tunic and Dame Edna specs, another is dressed for a flamenco contest, and little Prince Mamillius, obviously up too late, wears pyjamas and what looks like a Ruritanian postman's cap.



Cold comfort: Kathryn Hunter and friends in *The Winter's Tale*

bravura display remains subservient to plot and character, seem less abundant. Take that opening party. Is Dholi Oparei's Polixenes, a cool dude in a cravat and a chic grey coat, trying to suggest a sensuality that justifies King Leontes' suspicions of him? Is he making something awfully close to a pass at Queen Hermione? Is there something suspect in the way he fingers Leontes himself, and could Leontes' madness be explained as unacknowledged homosexuality on a destructive spree? Or is the Theatre de Complicité simply doing its extravagant, over-busy thing?

Certainly, Annabel Arden's production is never still. Actors abruptly shift from relative realism to stylised slow motion. They nudge the audience, clamber into the stalls, and ("that's not Shakespeare") elaborate bits of text, adding references to Rice Krispies or audio cassettes. Paulina cannot just ask to visit Hermione in prison: her request has to be keyed into a computer. That famous stage direction "exit, pursued by a bear" is amended to read

"scuttles, chased by a fanged man in orange dungarees". The shepherds come complete with actors jolily pretending to be sheep or dogs. The second half is the scarier, and especially at the sheep-shearing festival, the more incoherent. When the company's nine performers are changing roles so much, how can those new to the play easily twig that the visitors are Polixenes and Camillo in disguise? The clowning is dreadfully witless throughout. Even if the evening's Autolycus were not inexplicably prone to spouting Italian, he would still be the most incomprehensible I have seen.

Qualified rapture

CONCERT
LPO/Masur
Festival Hall

INTENDED for a jazz band but laid out like a classical concerto, Gershwin's hybrid *Rhapsody in Blue* presents a formidable challenge in performance. Popular as the piece is, especially in "easy listening" contexts, it strikes a distinctly uneasy note in the context of a symphony concert.

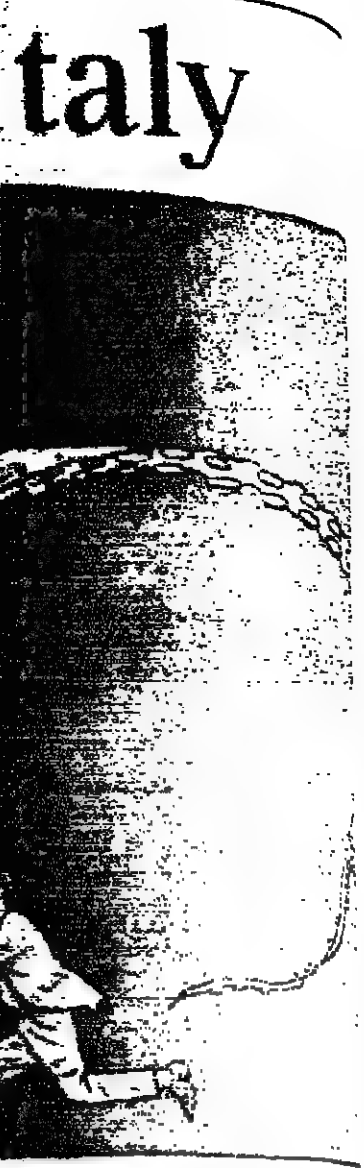
He prepared with great care for each major statement — such as the ravishing off-beat second subject of the first movement — and then lovingly shaped it. This ensured that nothing seemed perfunctory or unrelated to the whole. Then there was the way he folded accompanying instruments into the texture underneath those carrying the melodies. It was done with a few scoops of the hand: a far cry from the ostentatious histrionics sometimes seen on the Festival Hall podium.

THE SUNDAY TIMES
Donkey-eared vandalism
"Can Ted Hughes not understand that each Shakespeare play is a distinct verbal universe, each tragic hero or heroine a unique being, and that to crunch them all together in his preposterous pick 'n' mix myth-pack is an act of grotesque, donkey-eared vandalism?"
John Carey on the poet laureate's new book, in *The Sunday Times* tomorrow
7-day television guide
The Sunday Times Television & Radio section gives complete listings from Sunday to Saturday inclusive, with critics' choices, features, news and gossip — the only guide you need to seven days' viewing and listening

BENEDICT NENTINGALE
BARRY MILLINGTON

Byways of the new Italy

you catch Tesco



At Les Saveurs, I immediately recognised the flavour of the bouillon served in a demitasse with two or three homemade tortellini stuffed with goat's cheese. It was clear, intense and aromatic with the sensation that you get when brushing against a tomato plant. The flavours were more piercing and complex than vegetable broth, and more subtle than a meat or poultry stock. M. Antunes explained how to achieve the flavour and the clarity without the broth becoming tomato-coloured.

Some greengrocers are selling the rather expensive Roma plum tomatoes from Sicily — but then, this is a very special dish. If you cannot get good, ripe tomatoes with lots of flavour, the recipe will keep until the summer.

Like many chefs, M. Antunes is influenced by his experiences in the Far East. Thailand in his case, and his kitchen cupboard is full of unusual spice mixtures and powders: a Chinese caramel made from soy sauce, star anise and palm sugar; orange powder made from dried, powdered tangerine peel; and *tabac de cuisine*, his own secret compound of spices.

This reminded me of some of the other unusual flavours used by chefs, or rather everyday flavours used in unfamiliar contexts. Alan Passard, of Arpège in Paris, once served me a subtle, pale velvety ice cream with an elusive flavour that turned out to be unroasted coffee beans.

At the Mandarin Grill in Hong Kong, among the mango and cassis sorbets, you may be served a soft, leafy green sorbet, which is based on an infusion of Japanese green tea. In the south of France, chefs use liquorice root to flavour sweet and savoury dishes.

From medieval times, flower waters, such as rosewater and orange flower water, have been used in cooking and confectionery, a practice still widespread in the Middle East and North Africa, but hardly followed in Europe.

Inspiration for today's pudding comes not from a modern chef's kitchen but from a delightful collection of recipes published in French in *La Gastronomie au Moyen Age* (Stock, £26.00). The dish is almost identical to the one we

Italy

Delicate flavour of water

Add flowers to water for a taste sensation, says Frances Bissell, The Times cook

know today as *pain perdu* and French toast. But how much more refined is this version from Renaissance Italy, with its breath of rosewater and spark of saffron.

All this musing sent me off in search of the bundle of liquorice roots I brought back from Languedoc, which I used as an infusion for steaming chicken breasts and then flavoured the light accompanying sauce with it. I looked for lemon-scented ingredients to use with the firm, pearly outlets of hake I brought from my fishmonger, and I found lemon grass and lemon thyme. I made a honey and saffron ice cream, which I then discovered is excellent with the fried bread.

But first I tried the tomato water. If you do not want to go to the trouble of making fresh pasta or stuffing with goat's cheese, serve three or four cooked pasta shells in the broth. It would be a pity to cook the pasta in the broth, however; the starch will leach out and spoil the clarity. This broth does not work with dried tomatoes. Even keeping the water no hotter than 80°C to begin with, when steeped for any length of time the tomatoes give up their colour into the water.

Tomato broth (serves 6-8)
2lb/900g Roma or plum tomatoes
olive oil
salt, pepper
1oz/30g granulated sugar
1 tsp thyme or basil leaves
1 clove garlic, peeled and thinly sliced

Blanch and skin the tomatoes. Quarter 1lb/450g of them, remove the seeds and put these to one side. Place the tomato quarters on a tray brushed with olive oil. Season them lightly and sprinkle with the sugar. Scatter the herbs on top, shredded or chopped as necessary, and place a slice of garlic on each piece of tomato. Cover and stand them in a cool dry place for 24 hours. Meanwhile, chop the rest of the

tomatoes, taking care not to lose any juice, and place in a food processor together with the seeds and pulp taken out of the first batch of tomatoes. Process for two minutes and then transfer the tomatoes to a fine chinois set over a bowl to catch the clear juice that runs from the tomatoes. Leave for 24 hours.

Put the dripped juice in a saucepan and heat to 80°C. Add the tomatoes, prepared the night before, the herbs and garlic and infuse for two hours before straining once more. The liquid is now ready to use as a broth.

Baked hake with green sauce (serves 4)
3 spring onions
8 mint leaves
small bunch of coriander (about 1oz/30g)
parsley sprigs
2-3 sprigs lemon thyme
1 stalk of lemon grass
one green chilli (optional)
2-3 cloves of garlic, peeled and chopped
freshly ground black pepper
pinch of sugar
1tbsp lemon juice
2tbsp extra virgin olive oil
1-2tbsp warm water

Trim the spring onions and slice. Put in a food processor or mortar together with the mint leaves, coriander leaves stripped from the stems, parsley and lemon thyme. Remove the root and coarse outer leaves from the lemon grass and slice thinly. Add these to the herbs and also the chilli, garlic and dry seasoning. Pound or process until you have a dark green mass. Blend in the liquid until you have a sauce-like paste.

Brush an oven-proof dish with olive oil and spoon a little sauce over the base. Place the fish on top. Brush with oil and spread the rest of the sauce over the fish.

Bake in a pre-heated oven at 180°C/350°F, gas mark 4, for about 12 minutes, depending on the thickness of the fish: small thick cutlets will take longer than thin broad cutlets. The last time I cooked this, I served it with steamed spinach and mashed potatoes. The dish has a slight Basque feel to it and a fruity 1990 Jurançon sec was the perfect accompaniment, as well as to the creamy blue cheese from St Agur, which followed the fish.



Stuffed chicken breasts steamed with liquorice root (serves 4)
6in/15cm liquorice root
2 red peppers, sweet
4 free-range chicken breasts
8-12 large basil leaves, plus extra for garnish
6oz/170g ricotta cheese
seasoning

Break the liquorice root into two or three pieces and pour on the boiling water. Halve and de-seed the peppers and grill them until the skin is soft, then peel them. Open out the chicken breasts with a horizontal cut, but leaving them joined down one side. Cover one half with the basil leaves. Spoon the ricotta on top and cover with a piece of red pepper, cut to fit if necessary. Fold the other half chicken breast over the filling and secure around the edges with cocktail sticks. Season the meat lightly. Place in a shallow dish in a steamer or on a

steamer rack in a saucepan. Crush two of the pieces of liquorice root and put with the chicken. Steam for about 20 minutes until the chicken is cooked through.

Meanwhile, to make the sauce, put the remaining liquorice root in a saucepan with the chicken stock and infused liquid, and simmer for 15 minutes. Remove the liquorice root and reduce the liquid until you have a small amount of sauce.

When the chicken is cooked, strain the cooking liquid into the saucepan and boil for a minute or two longer. Arrange the chicken breasts on hot dinner plates or serving platter, out to show the filling, and pour the sauce around it. The sauce can be enriched by adding some cream to the pan as you are reducing it. If you did not like liquorice as a child, this recipe may not appeal to you. Leave out the liquorice then, and use herbs, ginger or citrus zest to flavour the steam and the sauce.

Rosewater and saffron crisps (serves 4)
4 slices good quality white bread
3 free-range egg yolks
4tbsp milk
3tbsp rosewater
1 scant tbsp clear honey
good pinch of saffron threads
2oz/60g unsalted butter

Remove the crusts from the bread, trim into near squares and cut into triangles. Beat the eggs and milk with one tablespoon of rosewater and mix in the honey. Strain into a flat dish. Soak the bread in the liquid, turning the pieces over. Pound the saffron threads in a mortar and mix in the rest of the rosewater and a pinch of icing sugar. Heat the butter in a large frying pan and fry the bread until crisp and golden on both sides. Serve sprinkled with the saffron and rosewater liquid and dusted with icing sugar.

FAST FOOD

Sharpen up with tots of balsamico

A PAN-fried fillet steak, cooked pink, removed from the pan, and the pan juices deglazed with a spoonful of balsamic vinegar, takes little more time to cook than it does to write these lines. It is a classic from Modena in Italy, served in most restaurants and homes. There are variations which are worth knowing about to add to your repertoire of dishes that can be cooked and served in the briefest possible time.

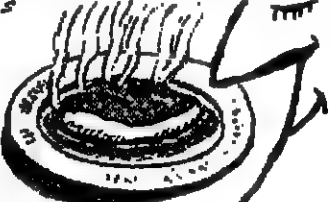
Calves' liver from free-range veal is spoilt with long cooking. The perfect way to cook it is by frying it in olive oil or butter with one or two sage leaves and then use balsamic vinegar to deglaze the pan. Alternatively, split a chicken breast horizontally, pound it flat, and cook it in the same way.

Pork tenderloin is cooked in a similar fashion in Modena. The tenderloin is sliced, the slices flattened and lightly dusted with flour just before frying.

Sliced lamb's kidneys also make a tasty and inexpensive dish when prepared by this method. My current favourite, *filetto al balsamico*, however, is tuna fish.

Our local fishmonger has been buying large pieces of tuna fillet. I buy a couple of small, thick slices, sear them in a very hot, cast-iron pan on both sides, leaving the centre quite raw, and then deglaze the pan with balsamico and pour the hot juices over the fish.

If you do not have balsamic vinegar, some of the fruit vinegars, such as raspberry, can be used in the same way — but perhaps even more sparingly, for they are much sharper than the mellow balsamico. It is better by far to use a



sherry vinegar, excellent in its own right, rather than a substitute.

Other uses for balsamico: A teaspoonful in half an avocado. Sprinkled sparingly on sliced pineapples and, in summer, sprinkled on strawberries. A teaspoonful of *balsamico tradizionale* on top of a scoop of vanilla ice cream, and lastly, mixed with extra virgin olive oil and crushed garlic, as a dipping sauce for *crudités* or deep-fried morsels.

F.B.

late pasta



Jane MacQuitty offers some tasty recommendations for the new season to put you ahead of the value seekers

Chablis and saucerre for £4.99 a bottle, champagne at a rock-bottom £8.79. Whatever can the wine trade be thinking off? Discounting to survive, that's what. Slashed prices to boost sales early in 1992 were predictable. But more buoyant figures have failed to materialise and traders are discounting with a vengeance.

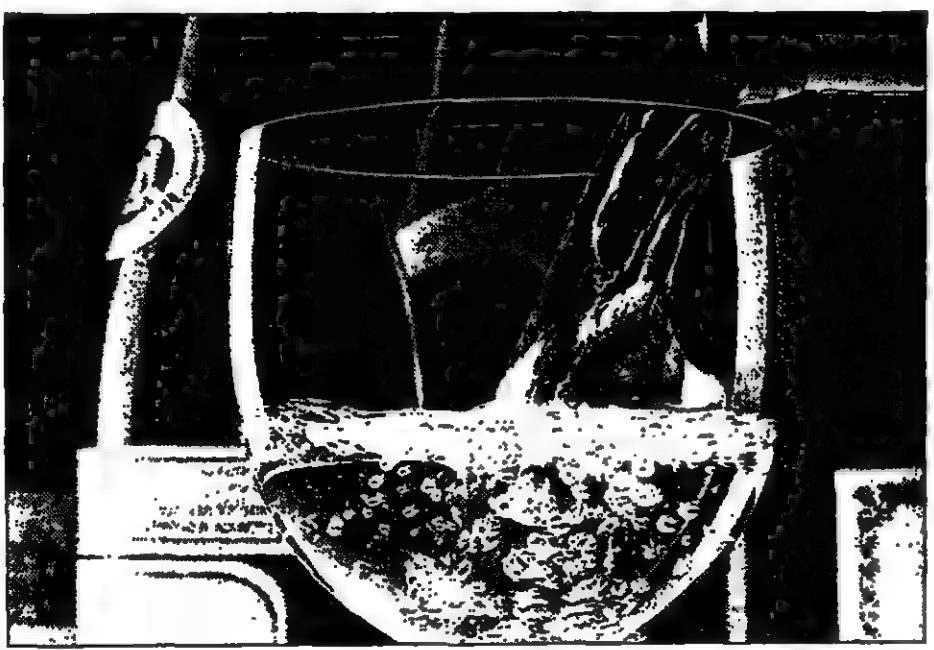
Just about the only recession-proof bottle this spring is the £1.99er. The Victoria Wine Company launched its spring offensive last month by reducing the price of its Bulgarian country wine range to £1.99, and sold a year's supply in a month.

It hopes to do the same again in April with its popular French. Full-bodied, pluggable, part-rhone, part-burgundian inspired bottle from Paul Boninot, Victoria Wine's robust, blackcurrant version differs from the others in that its price until April 29 is £1.99.

Step into spring, too, with Victoria Wine's bargain, quality German wine trio. These are ideal wines for this country's climate and taste. Try them lightly chilled on a dull April day.

The 1988 Albiger Hunds-kopf Auslese (£4.99), made from the Siegerrebe grape and blessed with lots of ripe, intense lychee-like fruit, is the fullest and richest. Try splashing a little over a spring bowl of fruit salad as well as drinking a glass with it for an April treat. The zesty, floral 1988 Dethheimer Doktor Kabinett (£3.59) is made from the equally scented Scheurebe grape and is best served on its own. But the 1988 Bad Kreuznacher Kahlenberg Riesling Spätlese (£4.95), with its peachy scent and lightly luscious palate, will go down well with spring puddings.

If wine purchases seem an indulgence in a month when you should be paying off your overdraft, then make certain you catch Tesco's trio of special



Splash out on a cut-price buy: plenty of white wine about for good, ordinary swigging

purchases from April 13, which are likely to sell out within days, not weeks. Almost half-price chablis and saucerre for good, ordinary swigging — as opposed to special quality — are not to be sniffed at.

I was impressed with the 1990 Saucerre from the Celliers de Cérès (£4.99), whose exotic, slightly over-blown, mango and lychee perfume, led on to more traditional sauvignon-saucerre character. Marginal-ly less worthwhile is the 1991 chablis from Bacheroy-Josselin, whose pungent scent and fruity, steely style will please chablis lovers (£4.99). Cut-price champagne, despite the much-publicised greed of the Champenois, is happily still with us.

Tesco's Paul Lérier Réserve comes from Champagne Castelnau and is a predominantly pinot noir blend, hence its full, rich, herbaceous-nutty style. A giveaway at £8.79.

Several High Street wine buyers, most notably Oddbins, are now maintaining that the 1991, frost-engendered, French white wine crisis, affecting quantity and quality, is not as bad as originally thought.

I am not at all certain that I agree. On April 18 there will be free tastings of Oddbins' 1991 Domaine St Lannes, a Gascony vin de pays (£3.39) from one of the worst frost-affected areas of France. (Ten per cent off an unimpaired case if you purchase it on the day.)

I found it a pleasant, flowery, marzipan-scented mouthful, but with a tell-tale watery quality that denotes a less than successful vintage. The same complaint could be levelled at Oddbins' 1991 Domaine de Joy, Gascony white (£2.99), with its lime and melon scent.

Or am I especially taken with the 1991 Trois Mouline (£3.69). This light, somewhat bland sauvignon is usually a Bordeaux-sourced wine. But, due to the 1991 frosts, it has been sourced this year from the south and is a vin de pays d'Oc. Taste this on April 18.

A much better Oddbins bet this month is its new red, 1990 Domaine de Triennes (£4.69), a vin de pays from the Var. Aubert de Villaine and wine-maker Jacques Seysses, both important names in Burgundy, are two of the partners behind this new southern venture, and their oak-aged cabernet sauvignon and syrah Les Aureliens-blended Triennes red is a stunner. Try it on free tasting today at Oddbins branches and enjoy its ripe, powerful, peppery flavours. Again, a 10 per cent discount on an unimpaired case applies, today only.

Sainsbury's ever-changing, multi-buy wine reductions are worth checking out this month, as usual. Champagne drinkers should note that this supermarket's well-made, elegant, flowery, nutty, non-vintage Brut from Duval-Leroy, comes down to £10.45, provided you buy two. The same applies to the pleasing, blackcurrant, non-vintage Cabernet Sauvignon Selection from Skalli, at £3.84 each, if you buy two.

Look out, too, for the German multi-buy promotion at Sainsbury's, where purchases of any two of eight different German wines qualify for a 60p discount.

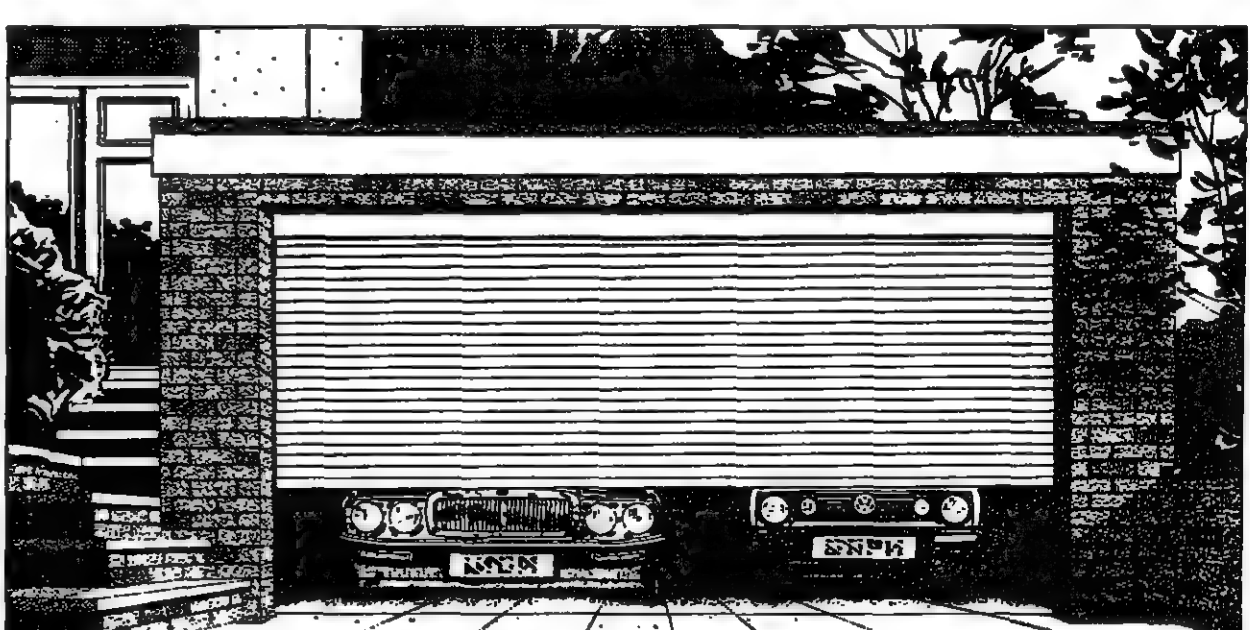
MacQuitty favourites on this list include the 1989 Reichsgraf von Kesselstatt Riesling (£3.99) and the 1988 Dalsheimer Burg Rodenstein Kabinett (£3.09).

Finally, even Marks & Spencer, a supermarket not noted for its wine bargains, has reduced two of its priciest and most popular bottles, among others, for April.

I have always admired the M&S chablis and the latest 1989 vintage is as delicious as ever with its floral, herbaceous style.

The sunburnt, juicy 1989 St Michael Châteauneuf-du-Pape is equally appetising. Both are reduced from £7.50 to £6.99 from April 6.

April bargain showers



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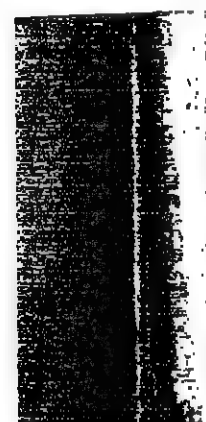
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The Nation
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View on the page

Since the start of the 1990s, the U.S. economy has been growing at a steady pace. The economy has grown at a rate of 3.5% per year, which is a record for the postwar period. The economy has grown at a rate of 3.5% per year, which is a record for the postwar period. The economy has grown at a rate of 3.5% per year, which is a record for the postwar period.

The first phase is expected to contain the end of the year completed, the have fulfilled its purpose as much as possible in place, yet maintain.

This phase has \$250,000. The year around \$7.5 million from English first and donation are by public appeals work of some 100,000 to 150,000 for an

After two years of
to the northeast again
again see noted
part of one of the

With new bedrooms, bath, arm rooms, as well as the Chapel, Tudor Colonial, the public will realize how near to the past they are.

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trust by an American
in 1985, and is a
beautiful property.
One of only a bar
lying in a secluded
moor surrounded
ragstone walls, it
medieval setting.

The house is a continuous, unbroken 1340 to this century almost unbroken domestic architecture home rather than castle, the Monte's with grandeur came it was brought by R.

☐ **Orienteering** ranging from white to black. Buck Wood. Bradfield. The Bingley Road. £1.50. concs: 75p.
☐ **Edinburgh** garden session on seed year. Royal Botanic Garden. 552 7171. April 1. *breaking essential*

☐ **Esher anglers:**
 60 exhibitors selling
 accessories, plus talk
 Sandown Park Exh
 Road, Esher, Surre

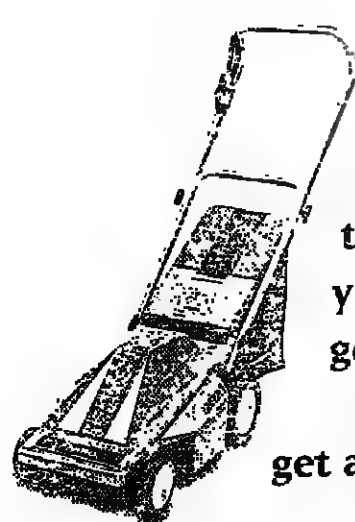
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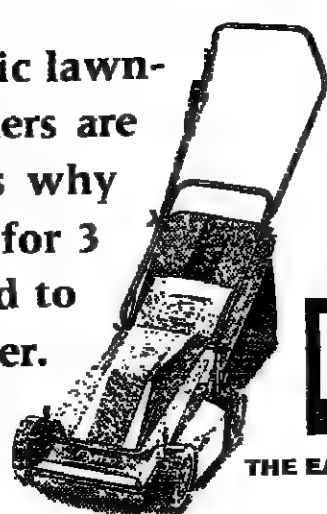
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 Little Wymondham A

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ploughing, fencing

☐ North of England
cubs to 1000x

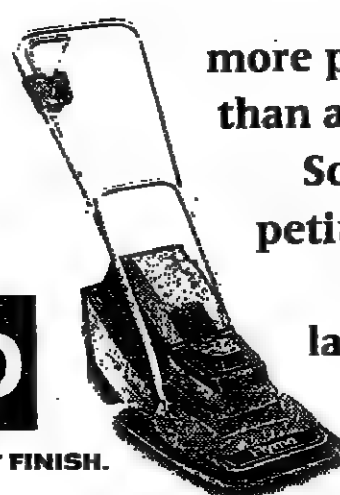


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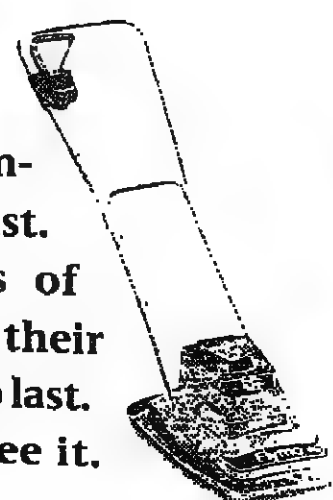


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[Handwritten signature]

Ill wind blows through my new lambing hut

FARMER'S DIARY: PAUL HEINEY

I have been a black week, but a happy one and much of my pleasure has been due to a reader of this column. Some weeks ago I wrote of my longing to own a shepherd's hut, a little house on wheels in which shepherds would dwell at lambing time, watching over their flocks by night.

I imagined it with a spartan bunk and a cheery billy-stove to give warmth to both shepherd and sickly lambs during the chilly nights. It would have a double door so the top half could be opened for fresh air, but the bottom remain closed for cosiness.

Perhaps there might be room in it for an old leather chair in which I could doze and again imagine myself as Hardy's hero shepherd, Gabriel Oak, tending my flock of Dorset sheep. I could hear the crackle of the kindling, the sing of the kettle, the beat of the rain on the tiny windows as the hut rocked

gently in the stormy winds. But most of these huts were built of timber and, having fallen redundant, were allowed to rot in the fields. To be honest, I never expected to find one.

I did not reckon upon Farmer Payne of Essex, who retires this week. He wrote to tell me he has been the proud owner of just such a hut. I fled south with the speed of a cow escaping a warble-fly and found, lying in his farmyard, the hut of my dreams. It is big, and black. It oozes preserving black tar and atmosphere, and is as sound as the day the builder, G. Candy of Roxwell, proudly screwed his nameplate above the door. No sooner had the hut taken its place on our farm than it started to work its magic.

It so happened that I had

decided that the day on which the hut was due was also the day that the sheep would have their feet trimmed. Sheep are naturally mountain animals and would wear away their hoofs in the normal course of scrambling over rocks. Ambling round meadows does not have the same abrasive effect, so the shepherd has to do the toe-nail cutting for them.

Having eased the precious hut off its transporter, settled it into position, admired it and made plans for the stove, I went up to the top of the farm to gather the sheep.

They looked a fine sight from afar, washed white by the recent rains and set against the vivid green of the sprouting spring grass. The lambs frolicked, the old ewes kept their head down, grazing,



Home from home: Farmer Heiney with his shepherd's hut

raising their eyes only to check that I was no threat to their offspring.

Except, that is, one ewe. She lay helplessly on her back, twitching, legs in the air, stomach distending to the point of bursting. Her eyes

rolled, mouth frothed. She had bloat. Bloat is caused by a build-up of gas in the sheep, due either to over-eating or the ewe having rolled accidentally on to her back and not being able to get the right

way up. In such a position, sheep are unable to expel gases and can quickly die. A good shepherd must act quickly.

The hut having cast its nostalgic spell, with Gabriel Oak on my mind, I remembered the dramatic scene in *Far From the Madding Crowd* when a whole flock was found "swollen with wind" on clover. "Gabriel was already among the turgid prostrate forms. He flung off his coat, rolled up his shirt-sleeves, and took from his pocket the instrument of their salvation."

He was a braver man than I am, for what he held in his hand was a lance with which to pierce the sheep's rumen and allow the gases to escape. Fine if you hit the right spot, deadly if you miss.

Turning my back on tradition I took the easier route and ran to the kitchen, poured a cup of cooking oil and, having hauled the sheep to her

feet, poured it down her throat. I have been told this never fails and the only precaution the shepherd must take is to stand well back, for the accumulated gases can make a rapid exit from both ends at once.

In fact, it gushed with such vigour that it woke my other piece of black-but-happy news. Alice, the Large Black sow, is once again in her sty and about to farrow. She raised her snout to sniff the shepherd's hut as it trundled by and gave a dismissive *hrr-oink*.

Alice knows from experience that sheep get all the blooming attention round here and it is highly probable that when her time comes, she will merely nestle down and deliver her litter in silence and without fuss. She fears too that now the farmer has a cosy little nest of his own and a stove over which to play shepherds, the swill bucket will be even later in arriving. *Hrr-oink*.

Glory to a manor reborn

The National Trust plans to spend about £7.5 million on restoring a moated Tudor manor in Kent. Bea Cowan explains why



View on the past: an oriel window being restored by craftsmen

Six hundred years is a good age for any building, says Stuart Page, the architect to the National Trust who is working at Ightham Mote, near Sevenoaks in Kent. "We hope that as a result of what we've done, we have given it a few more hundred years' life. And we have conserved the building's atmosphere despite all the repairs."

The first phase of a programme expected to continue until at least the end of the century has been completed, the trust claiming to have fulfilled its policy to retain as much as possible of the spirit of the place, yet maintain the structure.

This phase has cost almost £250,000. The total cost will be around £7.5 million, with money from English Heritage, bequests and donations and money raised by public appeals. It is the largest work of conservation of its kind the trust has so far undertaken.

After two years of intensive work to the northeast quarter, visitors can again see round this fascinating part of one of the oldest moated manor houses in the country.

With new bedrooms, dressing rooms, bathroom and servants' rooms, as well as the re-opened Old Chapel, Tudor Chapel and two solar, the public will find it hard to realise how near the building was to collapse two years ago.

Ightham Mote was left to the trust by an American businessman in 1965, and is one of the most beautiful properties in the country. One of only a handful of its kind, lying in a secluded valley, with a moat surrounding its mellow ragstone walls, it has a perfect medieval setting.

The house is unusual in that continuous occupation from about 1340 to this century has given it an almost unbroken sequence of domestic architecture. Essentially a home rather than a fortress or castle, the Mote's only connection with grandeur came in 1518, when it was bought by Richard Clement,

a courtier to Henry VII and Henry VIII, who embellished the house with Tudor decorations such as the rose and pomegranate. Nowhere else could you find a 14th-century Great Hall, a Tudor gatehouse, a Jacobean drawing room and Victorian bedrooms and kitchens, all around one courtyard.

But this very mixture brought its problems. The piecemeal addition of extra wings and elevations had led to numerous sloping roofs. The lead in the guttering where the tiles met had cracked, allowing water to enter. Plasterwork from the 1890s, made from cement renders intended to repair older plaster render, trapped water inside.

Timber rotted. Death watch beetle and woodworm followed. Masonry flaked away. Glass panes, some from the 16th century and already fragile, fell out as lead strips holding them together buckled and bent with stress.

Mr Page marvels that the building had stayed up at all. "I'm used to investigating timber-framed buildings, only to wonder what holds them up," he says. "But this was exceptional. We had to expose large areas to deal with the damaged parts."

Now the scaffolding is down. The temporary roof has been removed. Most signs have gone of the spectacular extremes builders and craftsmen went to as they removed and treated rotten beams, worked to make the roof sound and watertight or dealt with lead, stonework and glass. What is visible is a careful blend of old and new aimed to keep the historical interest and the beauty of the house as well as give long-lasting stability to the structure.

To maintain the blend, the trust called on a range of craftsmen, from leadworkers and stonemasons to wallpaper conservators, fabric specialists, glass conservators, chimney and metal workers. Visitors to Ightham Mote can see the traditional scissor joints, visible



Six centuries of splendour: Ightham Mote (seen from the south) is built round a central courtyard

from the outside, where carpenters cut out the rotten wood and spliced in new to create an exact match. They will see meticulous repairs with dowels and tenons inserted to the oak mullions of the oriel window, which overhangs the courtyard.

Above the window, bargeboards, intricately decorated with fleur-de-lis, roses and pomegranates but badly affected by rot and weathering, were copied from the original before they disintegrated.

"The policy was to save as much of the old wood as possible. Old oak, once correctly treated, often gives greater strength as well as maintaining more of the character of the building. If some of the wood looks new, it will soon blend in with the rest," Mr Page says.

The emphasis on older materials was repeated in other areas too. For repairs to both mortar and plaster,

traditional substances again proved to be the best choice. Prepared after careful chemical analysis, these match the original renders, and allow water to escape by evaporation rather than contribute to further damage as did the 19th-century cement-based renders. Where stonework had crumbled beyond repair, masons chiselled stone matched as closely as possible with the original.

Glass conservators retained the old panes (panes) from the windows where possible to keep the original look, replacing, with thin strips of copper foil or adhesive, the cracked lead strips, introduced in Victorian times. In the jettied window in the northeast corner the leading was reduced to make it more slender, in keeping with what had survived of 16th-century glass rather than the heavier looking Victorian replacements.

As work proceeded, archaeologists made recordings of what was revealed, greatly enhancing knowledge of the sequence of development in the different parts of the building. Most of these discoveries were covered over again as the building was returned to the state in which it came to the trust.

"Balancing the demands of historical interest and accurate conservation presented problems. We are conserving the past, not reinventing it," Mr Page says. "I look on Ightham Mote as a tired old friend in need of a lot of care and attention. It has been a rewarding task providing that care."

Ightham Mote is open until the end of October, daily (except Tuesday and Saturday) noon-5.30pm, Sundays and bank holiday Mondays 11am-5.30pm (last admissions 5pm). Weekdays £3.20, Sundays and bank holidays £3.70, child £1.90.

How to beat the ballot box blues

If you don't want to catch election fever, check in to some special hotel hospitality

Election fever getting you down? Before escaping abroad, consider the depressing news that there is a good chance of being caught up in one of 58 elections taking place around the world. So next week the best bet is to hole up in a British hotel where — devoid of television, newspapers or even radio — you can avoid the party election broadcasts for a couple of nights.

Pack up and escape to the Welsh mountains and Tan-y-Foel ("the little house under the hillside") in the heart of Snowdonia. It has no television, the nearest newsagent is more than a mile away and Betws-y-Coed, the nearest town, is ten miles away. This nine-bedroom hotel has magnificent views of the Conwy Valley and the Snowdonia National Park with golf, riding and fishing nearby. A two-day break costs £108 per person, including dinner, bed and Welsh breakfast (valid until and including April 9). Book through Crystal Holidays, the Courtyard, Arlington Road, Surbiton, Surrey (081-390 8513).

Craigendarroch Hotel and Country Club on Royal Deeside has devised an election special. Located near Balmoral, this hotel is offering all guests who share the names of John Major, Neil Kinnock or Paddy Ashdown 25 per cent off the normal nightly £105 room rate, which includes a complimentary dinner and champagne on arrival. In addition to two swimming pools, spa bath and squash courts, there is white-water rafting, clay pigeon shooting, riding, golf and salmon fishing. The package is valid until (and including) April 9 (details from Tessa Simpson on 0389 556 25).

Hunsham Court won the Cesar award for "utterly acceptable, mild eccentricity" in 1988, though mild is an understatement. A high-camp Gothic pile furnished with oddball eclectic pieces, it has no TVs and no telephones. There are war-time Bakelite radios in the bedrooms, although they won't be playing Forces Favourites. Music, not politics, is the theme at Hunsham. All rooms are named after composers: there is a baby grand in the hall, uprights throughout the main rooms, organs in two of the bedrooms and a collection of more than 6,000, mostly classical, records and cassettes, which guests are free to play on the hi-fi. The atmosphere is like that of a country

house party with guests eating communally at one large table. This informal atmosphere leaves people free to dictate the turn of conversation should it veer dangerously towards parliamentary matters. Doubles from £79 to £89, set dinner £22.50.

Hunsham Court is also staging a sorrow drowning weekend on April 10 and 11 — £135 per head for two nights with dinner and breakfast, plus a bottle of champagne. (Hunsham Court, Hunsham Valley, near Tiverton, Devon: 03986 365.)

At Sunlows House Hotel in Roxburghshire, the only unwanted irritant you are likely to experience is that of the odd ghost waiting along baronial halls. The reading matter is high-brow literature, culled from the library of Floors Castle. During the build-up to the



For music lovers: Hunsham Court in Devon

election, Sunlows has cleared a number of four-poster bedrooms of radios and televisions. From £92 per night inclusive of breakfast. (Sunlows House Hotel, Kelso, Roxburghshire: 057 55331.)

An enclosed retreat could be the answer to poll-weary prayers. At Burnham Abbey in Taplow, Berkshire, guests join a contemplative, enclosed community. The food is plain and you make your own breakfast and supper. It costs £9 a night. (Write to Burnham Abbey, Lake End Road, Taplow, Maidenhead, Berkshire: 0628 604080.)

Lords of the Manor Hotel in Upper Slaughter, Gloucestershire, is a 17th-century, former rectory. It is staging a post-election blues weekend on April 11 and 12. The emphasis is on pampering and relaxation — and for £140 to £185 per person, guests get a special "post election blues" pre-dinner cocktail, two nights accommodation, full English breakfast, dinner, and chocolates and flowers in the bedroom. (For reservations 0451 20243.)

LOUISE RODDON

Events

□ Orienteering event: Six colour-coded courses, ranging from white to blue. Buck Wood, Bradford, W. Yorks. Signed from the Bingley Road. Tomorrow, 10am-2.30pm. £1.50, cones 75p.

□ Edinburgh gardening workshop: Afternoon session on seed sowing and picking out. Royal Botanic Gardens, Inverleith Row (031-552 7171). April 11, 2.30-4.30pm, £5 (adv. booking essential on 031-552 7171, ext 454).

□ Essex anglers: National angling exhibition with 10 exhibitors selling fishing tackle, clothing and accessories, plus talks, demonstrations and videos. Sandown Park Exhibition Centre, Portsmouth Road, Esher, Surrey (0372 647540). Today and tomorrow, 10am-5pm. £4.

□ Surrey stroll: National Trust warden Gordon Flower leads two-hour walk on Headley Heath. Main car park, Headley, Surrey, off B2033 (opposite Cricket Pitch). Tomorrow, 10.30am, £1.

□ Yorkshire farmscape: Guided four-to-five-mile walk with a National Trust warden looking at how agriculture contributes to the landscape. Hardcastle Crag, Hebden Bridge, W. Yorks (0422 844518). Tomorrow, 2.30pm, free, donations welcome.

□ Lambing open day: Opportunity to see newborn lambs and lambing ewes. Pregnant women are advised not to come in contact with lambing ewes. Little Wittenham Nature Reserve, Manor House, Little Wittenham, nr Abingdon, Oxfordshire (086-730 7792). Tomorrow, 10am-1pm, free (no dogs allowed).

□ Rural crafts competition: Competitors test their ploughing, fencing and hedging skills (0443 813223). Today, 10am, spectators 50p.

□ North of England horse show: 100 horses from cubs to hunters.

Osbaldeston Equestrian Centre, Osbaldeston Hall Farm, nr Blackburn, Lancs (0254 813159/878452). Thurs 8am-6pm, Fri 9am-6pm, spectators free.

□ Gamekeeper and countryman fair: Gun dog high-jump competitions, ferret racing and showing, fishing and falconry, plus 100 trade stands. St College, Puckridge, nr Ware, Hertfordshire (0920 821504). Today and tomorrow, 9.30am-5pm. £4, child £2.

□ Shetland birdwatch: Guided walk with an RSPB warden to see thousands of wading birds such as oystercatchers, dunlins, redshanks. Shetland Beach car park, Shetland, nr Hunstanton, Norfolk (0485 542689). Tomorrow, 7am, £1, cones 50p.

□ Walk west of Sandridge: Eight-mile walk with local enthusiasts Alan Davies. Post Office, Sandridge, nr Barnard Castle, County Durham. Tomorrow, 11am, £1, cones 50p.

GARDENS TO VISIT

□ Stratford-upon-Avon: Cutman Castle, famous for its fountain garden, terraces and borders, orangey, spring woodlands, lake (adventure playground) visitor centre. 12m S of Ayr on A719, 4m SW of Maybole. Plant sales. Grounds: cars £5 (castle £3, child £1.50). Open daily 10.30am-5.30pm. Special garden tour tomorrow 10am-6pm.

□ Shropshire: New Hall, ten acre garden with grass walks through woodland, wildflowers, pools, streams. Eaton-under-Heywood, 4m SE of Church Stretton between B4368 and B4371. £1, child 10p. Tomorrow, 2-5pm.

□ Sussex: Berri Court, mixed three acres of trees, daffodils, flowering shrubs, ponds. On A2024 at Yapton, 5m SW of Arundel. £1, child 30p. Tomorrow and Mon, 2-5pm.

Feather report

A turtledove by any other name

The sermon has often been praised as an aid to meditation. I would like to recommend the bird-watcher's hide for the same purpose. After five minutes in a hide on any decent bird reserve, one is spellbound. After ten minutes one is restless, perhaps even a little bored. But after half an hour one has entered a new state of consciousness.

I was at Elmley, in Kent, which seems to be the draughtiest place in the galaxy, sitting in a hide, mind lost somewhere along this third plane of awareness. Why the name godwit, of all things, I wondered? Did someone ask, "What bird is that?" and receive the reply, "God knows," or in the dialect, *godde witte*? And why kestrel? Why heron? Why any name?

The world is full of bogus and folk etymologies. Take wheatear. According to one source, "it is called wheatear

fastest when wheat is ripe... whereon it feeds". I shall return to wheatears later, but before I move on, I shall point out that the bird eats insects, rather than corn. A clue: its tail and rump flash bright white when it flies away.

Most such meditations vanish when a new bird appears (in this case a magnificent male hen harrier). But this one refused to go. I mean, why harrier? And why call a cock bird a hen?

When all else fails, do a little research. I got hold of *The Oxford Book of British Bird Names* and have spent most of the time since in the would-be-believe-it-haze of a child reading the *Guinness Book of Records* for the first time. I discovered that my bird is a harrower, or destroyer, of poultry.

Well, why kestrel then? That one comes from French, like many words related to falcons and falconry. The bird is a



Naming names: why wheatear, when it prefers insects?

faucon crécetelle in modern French, and its origin is "doubtless" onomatopoeic.

Onomatopoeia is the secret of many bird names, including, to my surprise, godwit. People no doubt listened to the world more in the distant pre-Walkman ages. Even heron is a distant echo: the book takes us back to such "implied" roots as *hraigra* and *kraikra*.

A young heron is a heronshaw: it has been suggested that when the wind was northerly Hamlet could tell a hawk from a heronshaw, rather than the distinctly peculiar "handsaw" you find in the text. I have read that a hawk is

"a kind of pickaxe", but somehow, I think a prince would be more likely to take up falconry than carpentry as a hobby.

Hobby is another falcon's name: apparently a tribute to the bird's quite extraordinary agility. From Old French *hober*, to jump about. The scientific name for this bird is *falco subbuteo*; the table football game Subbuteo was invented by a birder, who intended it to be a hobby.

But it is the echoic names that dominate, from the obvious, like crow and chough (*craaw* and *chowow*, the birds say themselves) to the more obscure, like *hoo* and *hoo*.

ing to do with aquatic reptiles: in Latin the bird is a *turtur* and it occurs in the *Vulgate* in both Luke and Leviticus.

To return to the wheatear. White ears? Its ears, or at least the sides of its head, are black. It is the bird's arse that is white. Hence the name. Forgive me, I would not offend for the world, but truth will out. Let me add a scholarly quotation: "The word *arse* did not sink to vulgar status until the 17th century, c.f., arse foot."

This last is a grebe, an admirably designed diving bird that has its legs set far back on its body. Would it be an affection to refer to the great crested "arsefoot" next time I go to Elmley?

SIMON BARNES

● Copies of The Oxford Book of British Bird Names, by W.B. Lockwood (first published 1984 but now out of print), are obtainable from specialist booksellers such as the Bird and Wildlife Bookshop, 2-4 Princes Arcade, London SW1 6DS.

● What's about: Birders — watch out for wheatears anywhere making their way to breeding areas. Twickers — two white, Kent, and Cononley, N. Yorks. Kestrel, plover in Rye Harbour, Sussex. Details from Birdline, 0898 262222.

Roundheads and Cavaliers, Marston Moor and Naseby... people and battlegrounds that

Civil War

Nationwide guide to the war zones

1992 marks the 350th anniversary of the outbreak of the English Civil War, one of the most turbulent and complex chapters of British history. Between 1641 and 1651 more than one in five of all adult males bore arms, and approximately one in 20 lost their lives.

In its aftermath King Charles I was put on trial and beheaded, and the House of Lords, the Church of England and the Prayer Book were abolished.

Yet in the ruins of a collapsed order some of the noblest calls for personal liberty were to be heard. To mark the anniversary, events and activities are planned all over the country throughout

the year, including a special Royal Armouries travelling exhibition sponsored by *The Times*.

Below is a selection of some of the highlights of the year's celebrations. Events and special exhibitions as well as a variety of aspects of the Civil War, such as the role of women and local life, as well as living history displays and battle re-enactments.

Contact your local tourist information centre for full details of these and many other events and exhibitions, or contact the Civil War Information Service on 0905 355071. Please check details of events before planning your visit.

NORTH

Bayesgarth Leisure Park

Caistor Road, Barton upon Humber, South Humberside (0652 32318)

"In the Name of God, Amen": an exhibition about the Civil War and its effect on the people of Lincolnshire. A musical event and a battle staged by the Sealed Knot are planned to coincide with this exhibition. Further details will be available from the museum at a later date. April 30-August 2. Thurs, Fri, bank holidays, 10am-4pm; Sat, Sun, 10am-5pm. Barton upon Humber Civil War Festival, including a mini-muster by the Sealed Knot on both days to produce a spectacular re-creation of a Civil War battle, fun fair, craft stalls and numerous events. May 16-17. Sat, Sun, 12.30-5pm. £1; child 50p.

County and Regimental Museum, Stanley Street, Preston, Lancashire PR1 4YP (0772 264075)

"Civil War in Lancashire" exhibition telling the story of

the county's involvement in the English Revolution. Among the artefacts gathered from local and national collections are arms and armour, paintings, and coins. April 6-25. 10am-5pm daily except Thurs and Sun. £1.

Helmsley Castle/Duncombe Park, Helmsley, North Yorkshire (0439 70442)

A major battle re-enactment staged by the English Civil War Society, jointly organised by English Heritage and Duncombe Park. The battle will be held in the park with the backdrop of Helmsley Castle, which was besieged in 1644. Visitors will be able to visit the castle and park on the same admission ticket. Troops will re-enact the battle as well as re-fight the battle. July 25-26. Battles commence 3pm.

Hull City Museums and Art Galleries, 83 Alfred Gelder Street, HU1 3EP (0482 593902)

Wilberforce House Museum, High Street, Hull — once the home of William Wilberforce, and the place in 1639 where Charles I was welcomed by the then owner and mayor.

Sir John Lister — will display many aspects of life in the 17th century. Religion, politics, coinage, trade, customs and social life will feature in didactic displays with re-creations of "how we used to live" in the 17th-century banqueting room and bedroom. April-December every day (except Good Fri). Free.

Other events in Hull: Showing of the film *Cromwell* at Farnes Art Gallery, April 15, 2pm and 7.30pm. Free. Civil War flower festival concert at Holy Trinity Church, April 22-23. Beverley Gate Day civic service at Holy Trinity Church, April 23, 12.30pm; also visit by the former Speaker of the House of Commons, Lord Tony Pandy, at 2.45 pm, and Lord Mayor's Charity Ball at the City Hall, Cromwell Association AGM at the Old Grammar School, April 25, 10.30am-1pm. Civil War music in streets in the city centre, April 25. Re-enactment of the "refusal" of King Charles I at Beverley Gate by the English Civil War Society, April 25, 1.30pm, including drill display

involving horses and a regiment of foot soldiers. "The Siege of Hull and All That": history recreated for primary school children by the English Civil War Society, June 15-19; prior booking essential. *The Story of Hull and Its People*, a play by the people, for the people, City



Hull: events to year's end

Hall, June 16-17, 7.30 pm. "A Major Muster": the Civil War in action involving 1,000 people, 200lb of gunpowder and 30 horses. Two musters, of about one hour each, are planned for 3pm on June 20-21 — family entertainment with a story and commentary. "1642 in Hull": a chance for people to walk around Wilberforce House and gardens and speak to characters in period costume about life in a

merchant house: July 11-12. Free.

John Rylands Library, John Rylands University Library, 150 Deans Gate, Manchester (061-834 5343)

Special commemorative exhibition with contemporary political and religious tracts, books, illustrated maps and manuscripts, together with costumes and artefacts designed to create a flavour of Manchester life during the Civil War. Sept 25-Dec 12.

Lathom House, Near Ormskirk, Lancashire (0695 573716)

Re-enactment by the Sealed Knot of the siege which began in spring 1644, when General Fairfax took command. Also country fair, craft stalls, hog roasts and funfair. June 13-14. Two musters of the troops involving 3,000 people, 30 horses and 200lb of gunpowder, accompanied by a full commentary. From 3pm.

Oakwell Hall, Nutter Lane, Birstall, Barley, W. Yorks WF17 9LG (0924 474926)

Call to Arms re-enacted by the Sealed Knot to com-

memorate the start of the Civil War. Sept 5-6. Also re-enactment of the Battle of Adwalton Moor a mile from Oakwell Hall. An exhibition about civilian and domestic life at the time of the war will tour Oakwell Hall, Bolling Hall and Shildon Hall as well as other museums in Yorkshire and elsewhere during 1993 and 1994, and aims to show an aspect of life sometimes overlooked in favour of the upheaval and terror of the war.

Prudhoe Castle, Prudhoe, Northumberland (0661 833459)

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads": small show featuring English Heritage's talented musical duo Hautbois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing and unusual water muskets which children can fire. May 20-25, from 2pm. Also craft fair, May 23.

Warkworth Castle, Warkworth, nr Alnwick, Northumberland (0665 711423)

Show featuring English Heritage's musical duo Hautbois. Music and

dancing. Aug 12-14. Living history depicting the Scots garrison of Warkworth Castle in 1644, when the Scottish army crossed into England, reducing Royalist garrisons en route, to join the Parliamentary army for the great battle of Marston Moor. Visitors will be able to see the garrison carrying out everyday duties, craftsmen, camp followers, etc. Drill, cannon firings, musketeers saluting against the enemy and other incidents each day. Aug 15-16.

WEST COUNTRY

Bideford Castle, nr Bideford, Devon EX16 8RP (0884 855363)

Civil War Festival of Flowers. Sept 10-13. £2.80; children (5-15) £1.40.

College Church of the Holy Cross, Church Street, Crediton, Devon EX17 2AQ (0363 773786)

Roundheads and Cavaliers flower festival. June 6-13. Mon-Sun 10am. Free.

Dunster Castle, National Trust Dunster, nr Minehead, Somerset (0984 32291)

Members of the Sealed Knot stage a garrison weekend, with 100 soldiers and their families recreating the atmosphere of the 17th-century village at war. June 6-7. Sat and Sun, 11am-4pm. £2.20, child £1.10.

Farleigh Hungerford Castle, English Heritage, Farleigh Hungerford, west of Trowbridge, Somerset (0272 734472)

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads": a show featuring musical duo Hautbois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing and some unusual water muskets which children can fire. April 29-May 2. 2pm.

Okehampton Castle, English Heritage, Okehampton, Devon (0837 52844)

300 pikemen, musketeers and artillery men of the Sealed Knot in encampment and re-enacting battle tactics of the era. July 18, 19. Battles from 3pm.

Old Sarum, nr Salisbury, Wilts (0722 353598)

"Music of the Cavaliers and

Roundheads" show featuring musical duo Hautbois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing and water muskets children can fire. Aug 26-29, from 2pm. "The King and the Cause": a light-hearted look at the events of the Civil War staged by Miracle Theatre at several sites. Aug 30-31.

Old Wardour Castle, nr Tisbury, Wilts (0747 870487)

Small-scale garrison weekends during the summer, commencing April 25-26. "Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads": musical duo Hautbois, July 29-31, from 2pm.

Pendennis Castle, nr Falmouth, Cornwall (0326 316594)

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" featuring Hautbois. July 22-24, from 2pm. Also "The King and the Cause": a light-hearted look at the Civil War period staged by Miracle Theatre, with music by Hautbois, dance and soldiers of the era. July 25-26.

Restormel Castle, nr Lostwithiel, Cornwall (020887 2687)

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" by Hautbois. Aug 5-7, from 2pm. Also "The King and the Cause": a light-hearted look at the Civil War period with music by Hautbois, dance and soldiers of the era. Aug 8-9.

Royal Albert Memorial Museum, Queen Street, Exeter EX4 3RX (0392 265858)

Exhibition including a variety of maps, photographs, contemporary pamphlets and artefacts to commemorate the part played by the West Country in the war. The exhibition will subsequently tour a number of venues throughout the southwest. June 9-Aug 29.

Royal Cornwall Museum, River Street, Truro, Cornwall TR1 2SJ (0872 72205)

Exhibition based on events and personalities connected with the Civil War in Cornwall. Nov 1-Dec 31. Mon-Sat, 9am-5pm.

Sherborne "Old" Castle, Sherborne, Dorset (0935 812730)

SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST

at the Civil War staged by Miracle Theatre, together with music by Hautbois, dance and soldiers of the era: June 20-21.

Deal Castle, On the coast south west of Deal town centre, Kent (0304 372762)

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" from Hautbois. Oct 14-18 from 2pm.

Dover Castle, On the east side of Dover, Kent (0304 201628)

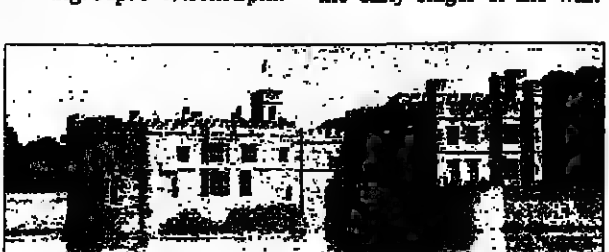
"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" show with dancing. Sept 3-4, from 2pm.

Farnham Castle Keep, Surrey (0252 713393)

Re-enactments of 1645 events at this small Parliamentary garrison. Sept 12-13.

Farnham Museum, 38 West Street, Farnham, Surrey GU9 7DX (0252 715094)

"Sir William Waller and the Civil War in the Farnham Area": first exhibition devoted to the Parliamentarian general, Sir William Waller, whose forces took Farnham Castle from the Royalists in the early stages of the war.



Safe keeping: Leeds Castle in Kent housed Cromwell's

The exhibition will include portraits, contemporary medals, prints and artefacts of the period. Nov 3. "How They Ate During The Civil War": 17th-century cooking demonstration; Nov 14.

National Army Museum, Royal Hospital Road, Chelsea, SW3 4HT (071-730 0717)

A series of talks weekly throughout April and May on Civil War themes.

National Portrait Gallery, St Martin's Place, WC2H 0HE (071-306 0055)

A series of monthly lectures. April-Dec.

Information on these pages supplied by the English Tourist Board on the basis of information submitted by the promoters of the activities/premises listed. The English Tourist Board cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information and accepts no responsibility for any error or misrepresentation.



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Bishops Waltham Palace, Bishop's Waltham, Hampshire (0489 892460)

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" from Hautbois. June 17-19, from 2pm. Also "The King and the Cause"

Safe keeping: Leeds Castle in Kent housed Cromwell's

Enemies: Charles

will be commemorated this year to mark the 350th anniversary of the start of the Civil War

Show featuring musical duo Hautbois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing, and water-musket for children to fire, June 3-5. Also, living history re-creating the first siege of Sherborne Old Castle when the Royalists successfully drove off a Parliamentary force. Visitors will be able to see the garrison carrying out their everyday duties, craftsmen, camp followers, officers, etc. There will be drill, cannon firings, musketeers saluting against the enemy and other incidents each day, June 6-7.

Stamford
Stamford Hill, Stratton, Bude, Cornwall

A re-enactment of the Battle of Stamford Hill (1643) by 400 members of the Sealed Knot Society, May 16-17. £1.50, child/OAP 75p. Group discounts available.

Tiverton Castle
Park Hill, Tiverton, Devon EX16 6RP (0884 253200)

Civil War Armoury Exhibition. Some pieces of armour can be tried on by visitors. April 17-Sept 27. Sun-Thurs 2.30-5.30pm. £2.50, child £1.50, groups £2, £1.

MIDLANDS

Ashby de la Zouch Castle
English Heritage in Ashby de la Zouch, Leicestershire

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads": show with English Heritage's musical duo Hautbois. May 7-10, from 2pm.

Bolsover Castle
English Heritage in Bolsover, 6m east of Chesterfield on the A632, Derbyshire

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads": show featuring musical duo Hautbois. Music from the reign of Charles I. Sept 16-20, from 2pm.

Boscobel House
nr Aldbrighton, north west of Wolverhampton, Shropshire (0902 850344)

"With Musket and Pike": living history depicting the garrison of Lichfield marching to join the king prior to the Battle of Naseby in 1645. May 30-31. "The King and the Cause": a light-hearted look at the Civil War period staged by Miracle Theatre, together with music by Hautbois, dance and soldiers of the era. July 4-5.

Boston Guildhall Museum
South Street, Boston, Lincolnshire PE21 6HT (0205 365954)

"Boston During the English Civil War" exhibition. Nov 2-28. Mon-Sat 10am-5pm.

Dudley Castle
2 The Broadway, Dudley, W. Midlands DY1 4QB (the castle keeper 0384 235305)

Following a grant from Marks & Spencer, Dudley Castle will be offering an educational service "For Kynde and Parliament", on military aspects of the Civil War. Education and advice are available. Jan-Dec.

Edgehill
nr Radway, Warwickshire
Event sponsored by the Sealed Knot to mark the anniversary of the battle of Edgehill in 1642. Oct 23-25. Torchlit service at 6pm on October 23 will honour the battle dead.

Goodrich Castle
nr Ross-on-Wye, Hereford & Worcester (0600 890538)
Major living history showing the Parliamentary Garrison of 1643. Aug 8-9.

Great Yarmouth Museums
Norfolk (0493 855746)
"Living history" event at Tolhouse Museum and Elizabethan House for schools, based on incidents in

the Civil War in the buildings where they actually happened. John Carter, who lived in the Elizabethan House, was Captain of the local militia and the Royalist leader. St John Wentworth, was caught and placed under arrest in the Tolhouse Prison. May 6-8. Also walking tours of Great Yarmouth looking at buildings associated with the war, June-July 1992.

Hereford City Museum
Broad Street, Hereford (0432 268121)

Civil War display - "The Civil War in Hereford" in Old House, High Town. Hereford, May.

Holdenby House
Northampton, Northamptonshire (0604 770074)

Major muster by the Sealed Knot with 3,000 participants: April 19-20, 1-6pm. £3.50, child £2. Civil War Week: workshops on the Civil War, studying the lifestyle of soldiers, followers and Charles I, using the 17th-century farmstead and house; May 18-22. Children's Civil War pageant: 17th-century living history village and drills by the Holmby guard; May 24-25.

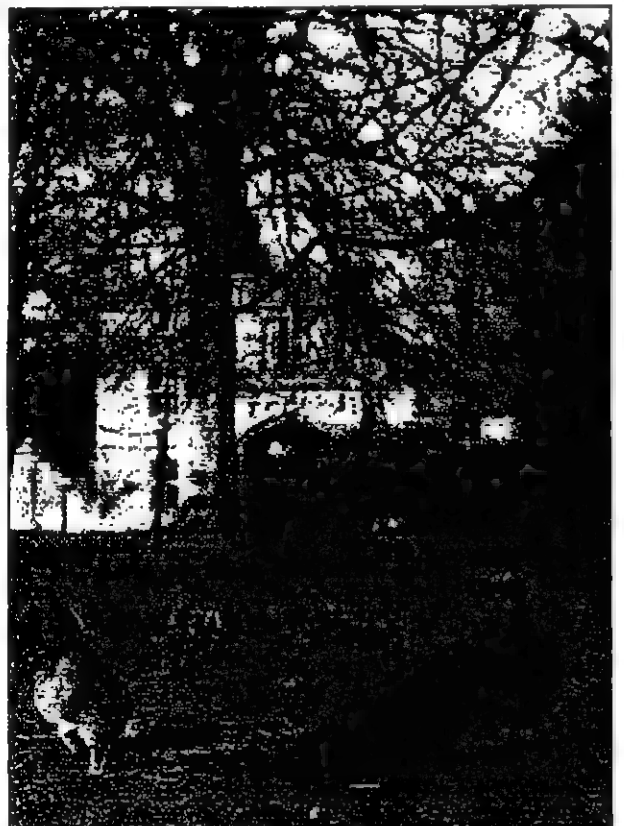
Kenilworth Castle
English Heritage in Kenilworth, Warwickshire
"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads": show featuring English Heritage's musical duo Hautbois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing and water muskets. April 16-20, 2pm.

Nottingham
Nottinghamshire County Council, NG2 6BJ (county tourism officer 0602 824215/824212)
Commemorative exhibition at Rufford Mill, focusing on

the key role played by Nottinghamshire folk during the Civil War: May 11-Nov 1. Joint production between Major Road Theatre Company and Nottingham Playhouse featuring music, spectacle and fireworks held in Newark Castle Grounds, Newark: July 15-18. An exhibition of material from the local history library and the Archives Office will be staged at the Angel Row Library: July 27-Aug 29. Major contemporary exhibition in Civil War theme, at Contemporary Visual Arts Gallery, Angel Row Library, Nottingham: July 25-Aug 23. Nottingham Castle is hosting a special exhibition tracing the role of women in the war, society and the arts of the mid-17th century: July 11-Sept 20. Raising of the King's standard by the Sealed Knot, plus colourful spectacular on Nottingham Castle Green and a march to the Old Market Square. Aug 22, 6pm.

Oxfordshire
Oxfordshire County Museum, Woodstock, OX20 1SP (0993 811456)
Civil War Activities Fortnight at Banbury: Aug 3-15 (0295 268249). Oxfordshire in the Civil War exhibition at the Museum of Oxford, Sept 12-Dec 9. Sources, Sept 17; The Court, Sept 24; Fortifications, Oct 1; and Town and Gown, Oct 8 - all lunchtime talks at the Museum of Oxford: 1.15-1.45pm.

Stow-on-the-Wold
Gloucestershire
Re-enactment of the battle of Stow-on-the-Wold in 1646 by the Sealed Knot. Other entertainments include bands, falconry displays and a fair. July 4-5.



Sudeley: where Prince Rupert beat the Roundheads

Sudeley Castle
Winchcombe, Gloucestershire, GL54 5JD (0242 602308)

Re-enactment of Civil War garrison by the Sealed Knot; May 9-10. Re-enactment of Prince Rupert's victory against the Roundheads in the park surrounding the castle. May 24-25. Major muster in the country with 4,000 pikemen, 40 cannon and 40 cavalry: May 24-25. A second muster of Sudeley's own militia: July 19.

Warwick Castle
Warwickshire CV34 2QU (0926 495421)
Civil War castle tour, including paintings, stories and artefacts from the period: throughout 1992.

Worcester
The Commandery, Sibury, WR1 2HU; Civil War information (0905 355071)
Civil War walk and quiz by

Wyvern Guides for under 18s. Booking essential. April to Sept (0905 422126). Exhibition illustrating various types of 17th and early 18th-century tableware and domestic ware at Dyson Perrins Museum, Porcelain Seven Street: April - Dec (0905 23221). A week-long encampment at the Commandery Civil War Centre by the Worcester Militia: April 18-24. Worcester Entertains, a reconstruction of events from 1642 at venues all over the city, including call out of militia and election of Parliamentary mayor. Sites include Greyfriars, Guildhall.

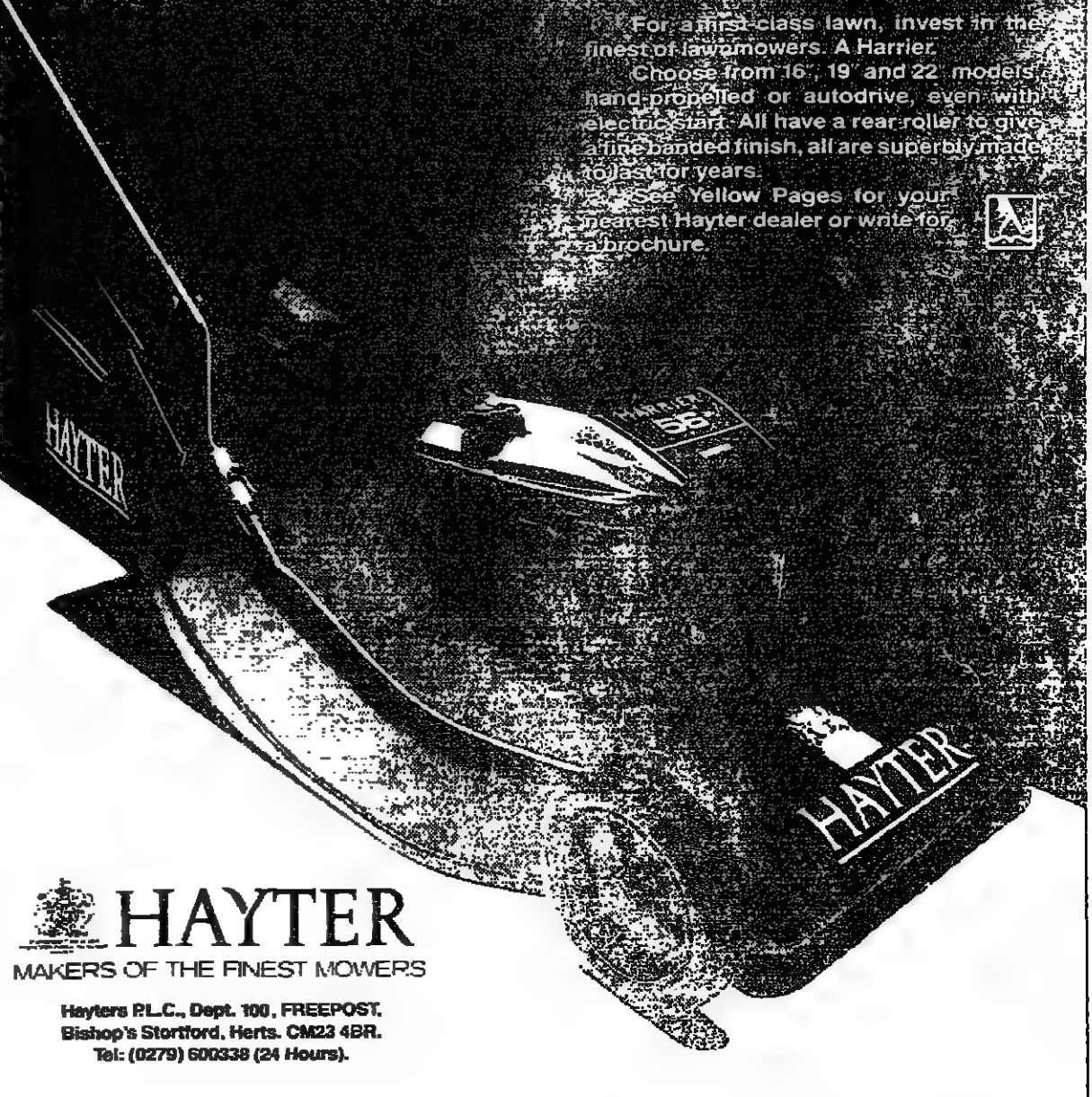
Today: Raise a glass to the English Revolution (Review). Next Saturday: Free with your copy of The Times, a special 12-page edition of The Times of 1642. Plus Civil War Commemorative Coin special offer (Weekend Times): Civil War Map, Oliver Cromwell profile, and Hull - birthplace of the Civil War (Review). Also next week in Weekend Times: Easter Extravaganza - exciting ideas for days out that all the family can enjoy.



Siege: Royalists laid siege to Warwick Castle in 1642, after Lord Brooke came down on Cromwell's side. They were repelled after a few weeks

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THE TIMES

Hear the call to arms

THE finest Civil War pieces in the Royal Armoury's collection will be shown for the first time outside the Tower of London in the travelling exhibition, "Civil War". Through the arms and armour of kings, commanders and ordinary soldiers, the exhibition will present the realities and reveal the myths of the conflict of the Cavaliers and Roundheads. Among the exhibits on display will be Charles I's gilt armour and the miniature cannon belonging to his son, later Charles II, "Civil War", sponsored by The Times, opens next Saturday in Hull, where 350 years ago the first armed confrontation took place between the forces of King and Parliament.

HULL
Town Docks Museum (0482 593902)
April 11-May 31
COVENTRY
Whitfriars Museum (0203 832433)
June 6-July 26
NOTTINGHAM
Castle Museum (0602 483504)
Aug 1-Sept 20
WORCESTER
Foregate Museum (0905 355071)
Sept 26-Jan 3 1993
CIRENCESTER
Corinium Museum (0285 655611)
Jan 9-March 28 1993
© Royal Armouries, H.M. Tower of London, EC3N 4AB (071-480 6358).



Enemies: Charles I's parade armour and a Roundhead

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Flowers to greet a cuckoo

DAVID HUTCHISON

Cardamine is
worth a National
Collection,
Francesca
Greenoak reports

A few years ago I planted some *Cardamine pentaphylla* without much idea of how it was going to turn out. I am now glad of these uncommon, early season flowers (this year blooming from late March), the clear pink-lilac showing up well against the bold, serrated, dark green leaflets.

This plant likes dampish shade, and even a small group brings a touch of glamour to a north-facing border. Mine have increased into a clump, which combines in happy informality with other early flowers, such as blue lungworts and ultramarine *Scilla sibirica*.

Among other less well-known species are the taller, pale-flowered *Cardamine heptaphylla* and the drooping bittercress *Cardamine enneaphylla*, which has hanging bells in a soft, downy yellow or cream. These plants also do well in fertile shade or semi-shade.

The most evocative plant in this genus is the lady's smock, or cuckoo flower (*Cardamine pratensis*), the much-loved native English wildflower. Pretty though it is, with its pink buds and silvery-white full-blown flowers, it is not a plant for flower beds, where it looks out of place. It must be grown in grass, so that the pale flowers can rise above the fresh green spring growth.

They have a double-flowered cousin which produces flowers of great distinction: whorls of pale pink, notched petals, in spikes too dainty for meadow surroundings. They look much better grouped in beds or dotted about in borders. Although they will survive in shade, they are far happier in a sunnier (but damp) position.

I discovered only recently that there are named forms of lady's smock: William is a darker pink double and Edith is almost white equivalent. There is also a petal-less oddity which produces green, sepal-like flowers that Dr Alan Leslie (of Monksilver Nursery, Cottenham in Cambridgeshire, which offers these unusual forms) calls Improperly Dressed. Lady's smocks have the additional benefit of being the preferred food plant of the orange tip, one of our most beautiful spring butterflies.



In the pink beds of *Cardamine pentaphylla* in parks and gardens across Britain are now in full bloom; inset, detail of the flowers

Trifoliate bittercress (*Cardamine trifolia*), another little known but desirable member of the Cardamine clan, has dark, three-lobed, evergreen leaves, which are ly-shaped and tinged with purple beneath. Its early summer flowers are smaller (and in some forms slightly frilly) white versions of lady's smock, though never much taller than 6in/15cm, and it makes an attractive edging plant for

shaded conditions. Washfield Nursery in Hawkhurst, Kent (0580 752522), and Beth Chant's Unusual Plants of Elmstead Market, near Colchester, Essex (0206 822007), stock *trifolia*.

Unfortunately, no nursery holds a complete range of these spring-flowering Cardamine species, but if someone would take them on as a National Collection I feel these attractive, easily grown plants could

become great British favourites. There are, however, members of this genus which are only too much in evidence. If you regularly buy container-grown plants, the odds are you have imported the rosetted, hairy bittercress (*Cardamine hirsuta*), which is one of our most irritating weeds, because it grows quickly and spills its seeds so liberally. It is commonly spread from garden centre or nursery

plants and once established it is extremely difficult to get rid of, because the seeds are flung explosively over a long distance. It has a perennial relative, wavy bittercress, characterised by its 25-28cm stem and seed pods, held lower than the buds and flowers—but never let it reach this stage. Keep a sharp eye out for the rosettes and remove them before the white flowers go to seed.

BEST BUY

AS LAWNMOWERS, hedgecutters, shredders and other electrical tools are taken out for use, it is wise to ensure that you have power sockets with a residual current device (RCD), which will protect you from a severe shock, or even death, if the cable is severed. The best-selling PowerBreaker makes simple adapters (£21.99), integral safety plugs (£24.99) and wall sockets (£38.99). For long, narrow gardens, a waterproof connector is a sensible precaution (£7.99). All available from main high street DIY stores.



Refreshment break: feed crocus bulbs when they finish flowering

WEEKEND TIPS

- Fill in hollows on lawns: level humps and re-seed where necessary.
- Cover seed beds and newly planted seedlings with a layer of spun fleece or clear polythene to give protection from the weather and birds.
- Feed spring-flowering bulbs such as crocuses after the blooms have faded.
- Begin to feed houseplants.
- Feed fruit trees and roses with an all-round fertiliser, if not already done.

MY PERFECT WEEKEND

We ask people in the public eye to reveal the private fantasies that would turn a weekend into 48 hours of pure magic

PRUE LEITH

Restaurateur and writer

Where would you go? I have a fantasy about riding through the Atlas mountains on a white Arab horse, seeing the dawn over the desert and sleeping in a tribesman's tent.

How would you get there? I would fly first class to Marrakesh. I fly an awful lot and always spend the time working. It would be such a luxury to leave my briefcase behind and read a novel by Trollope. I read almost nothing but Trollope. He wrote 47 novels and I just read them in succession. My favourite is *The Warden*. From Marrakesh, it would take about five hours by car to reach the mountains.

Where would you stay? Different places: at the end of each day, Berber or Moroccan tribesmen would magically appear to set up camp and provide hot water for a shower. Who would be your perfect companions? Imaginary people: real ones might get saddle-sores or moan about sleeping on the floor.

What essential piece of clothing would you take? A Lawrence of Arabia-style jellabah, complete with huge white shawl to keep the wind out of my eyes.

What medicines would accompany you? Alcohol—rub for weary bones. What would you have to eat? Couscous and lamb stew cooked in clay over an open fire, and I'd walk through the orange groves and eat fruit off the trees.

What would you have to drink? Since this is a Muslim country I would drink Moroccan mint tea most of the time, but there'd be a hidden bottle of claret in my saddlebag for supper-time.

What would you take to read? Quentin Crewe's book about his desert exploration, *In Search of the Sahara*.

What music would you listen to? None. Walkmans would be banned.

What would you watch on television? Nothing.



Would you play any games or sports? Backgammon with the Berbers.

What luxury would you take? Perfumed West Ones for mopping my sweaty brow, and a blow-up camping mattress.

What piece of art would you like to have there? An elaborate, antique, Moroccan silver necklace.

Who would be your least welcome guest? A desert rat.

What three things would you most like to do? See the sun rise over the desert, the moon rise over the mountains, and gallop flat out across the sands.

Whom would you send a postcard to? My secretary, who travels the world via her armchair and *National Geographic* magazine.

What souvenir would you bring home? Saddle sores and blisters.

What would you like to find when you get home? That my husband had learnt where the tea towels live and how to load the washing machine.

Interview by Rosanna Greenstreet

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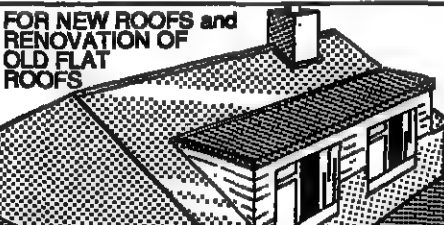
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Taking French leave turns sour

The recession means there are property bargains in France, Rachel Kelly writes — but beware the three candles

It was the story waiting to happen. After years of headlines delighting in the joys of *gites* in the Garonne and the fact that an Englishman's home was fast becoming his *château*, comes news of empty dreams in foreign lands. The Brits are selling up in France — if they can.

Many can't. The same agents who waxed lyrical about the joys of snapping up property at those oh-so-quiet French prices now talk equally smoothly of the "different time-scale" needed when it comes to selling in France.

"French people are used to having their home on the market for a year or maybe two," Miles Barber of the Fulham estate agents says. "It's never been as fast moving as the British market. Psychologically, the French aren't geared up for it. They take a much more relaxed attitude."

The same is not true of their English counterparts faced with escalating mortgage payments and a farmhouse which they cannot shift for love or French francs.

"Yes, I can see that if you are desperate for money it is a problem," Mr Barber concedes. "People just have to cut their prices."

Paul Parsons has done just that. He first put his traditional stone farmhouse overlooking the Lot valley on the market for £125,000 nine months ago. For all its ten hectares of land, newly established orchard and *potager*, not to mention its swimming pool and spa bath, he has not been able to sell. It is now on the market at £85,000, and that is negotiable.

Mr Parsons has not yet resorted to sale by auction. As in Britain, recessionary France has meant home repossessions. They are advertised in French newspapers for auction by the courts. In the Pas de Calais, where speculators mistakenly gambled on property prices soaring because of the Channel tunnel, there are five such courts. Each auction is roughly ten repossessed properties twice a month.

Typical examples of properties auctioned in the Pas de Calais area recently included a modern three-bedroom bungalow in the country-

side near St Omer, about 25 minutes' drive inland of Calais, at £5,000, and a three-bedroom terrace cottage on the outskirts of Lille at £7,000.

An old house in the centre of a village near the Channel tunnel entrance, in good condition, with four bedrooms on three floors and a large garden, sold for £10,000 at a court in St Omer last month — the reserve price was £7,000. And a two-bedroom flat went for £8,000 in Lille, £2,000 more than its reserve.

To a British eye the auction procedure seems worthy of Balzac. Instead of three knocks of the auctioneer's gavel signalling that a sale is going, going, gone, three candles are burnt at 15-second intervals. Each 15-second pause is a chance for a higher bid.

The *huissier*, or bailiff, lights the first candle, announces the reserve price of the property and invites bids. Once the bidding has stopped, a second taper is lit. If there is no response, the ceremony is concluded with the lighting of the "candle of adjudication". All three candles must be lit and extinguished without further bids for another British dream of sipping a *pastis* on one's very own terrace to be born.

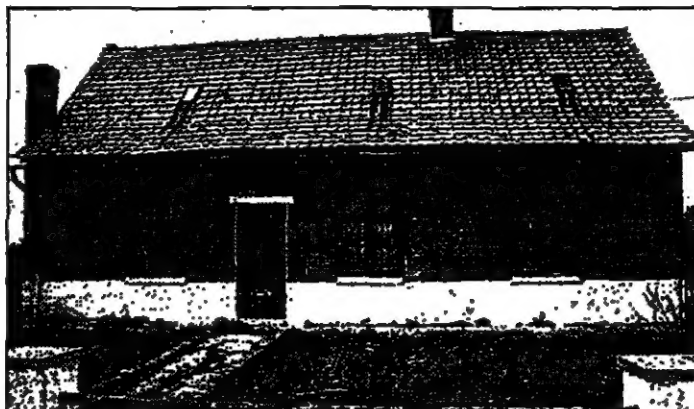
Even then the dream can be dashed. French law allows for ten nail-biting days in which the seller is legally allowed to sell at a higher price if a higher bid is made in writing to the court through a barrister. The offer is known as a *surrenchère* and must be at least 10 per cent higher than the auctioned price.

Bargains are plentiful, but agents advise caution to eager buyers in the face of those flickering candles. Buyers must legally complete a sale once it is agreed, so the readings should be in place. It is impossible to make a bid conditional on a survey, for example.

Sellers should avoid auctioning their property if they possibly can. "We would never push a client to sell by auction. They always lose some money. We always advise



Auction action: this nine-bedroom, mini-château south of Lille went under the gavel for £46,000



Hammered: a three-bedroom cottage at St Omer sold for £15,000

people to put their home on the market via an agent, if possible," Elizabeth de Maldent, senior manager in charge of lending to foreigners from Credit Agricole in London, says.

Some cannot afford to take Ms de Maldent's advice. Though Mr Parsons is not facing repossession, others are not so lucky. Mr Parsons says those worst hit are the ones

who moved lock, stock and with *les enfants* in tow and who have become disillusioned with the French idyll.

"France is a great place to live," he says. "And the normal French people are fine. But the problem comes when you want to set up a business and earn a living. And you can't do that in France, despite all that is said about 1992."

Those trying to earn a living are the ones in trouble now, rather than the holiday homers, Mr Parsons says. "On the whole, those buying holiday homes, if they had their heads screwed on, did not buy a mega-investment. They bought something for £20,000 to £30,000 and may not have got a mortgage in the first place. The people with their backs against the wall are those who bought more expensively to live."

The holiday homers have an escape hatch: letting. David Clancy, from the property company 1992 (071-622 3975), says anyone in trouble with their mortgage should get in touch with him. "My advice to anyone buying in France," he says, "is to build a swimming pool and let the property for a high rental to help them with their mortgages."

The danger is that the horror stories will become as exaggerated as the original hype, Mr Clancy warns. "Journalists have written France up," he says. "Now they are writing France down." The answer, as always, probably lies somewhere in between.

GETTING A GRIP ON THE GAVEL

With prices anything from 25 to 50 per cent below market value, auctions in France are one way in which people can buy a holiday home very cheaply.

Information about forthcoming auction sales can be obtained from the French courts and barristers a few days before the sale. More advance notice of sales cannot be relied upon, because under French law the debtor has until the day before the auction to repay the amount he owes.

Apart from advertisements in French newspapers, little is done to publicise sales. However, any publication of auction sales — under the heading *Vente Sur Saisie Immobilière* — must include the date, time and place, a description of the property, its reserve price and the name and address of the notary dealing with the sale.

For further information about a property, interested buyers can consult the *cahier des charges*, a log book or register kept at the court clerk's office where the auction is to take place.

The buyer must be present at a court auction — accompanied by his French barrister, who will bid for the property on his behalf.

The buyer must sign a document authorising him to do so, stating the maximum amount he is allowed to bid, and pay a deposit of around 10 per cent of the reserve price, which will be refunded if the bid is not successful.

Those intrigued by the low prices should remember to allow 10 per cent on top of the auctioned price to cover legal fees and court costs. As with any property purchase in France, there are still conveyancing costs to pay, so your final bill is likely to be at least 20 per cent higher.

As a consequence of the repossessions, French banks are being more cautious. Alan Guyatt, British mortgage manager for Credit Lyonnais, said French banks are more cautious these days about lending money to British people who want to buy second homes in France.

The maximum loan is usually 80 per cent of value, and the bank will carry out a valuation of the property, he says. Anglo-French agents Ard'Immo.

based in the Pas de Calais (681 Avenue de Calais, Arras, 010 33 21362626), offers a "hand-holding" service to those wanting to buy a property at auction in France, particularly those who are unsure how to go about it and do not speak the language.

It will provide prospective purchasers with particulars of repossessions sales and brief details of the properties, including the price, what the location is like and the condition of the property, the address of the lawyer or notary, and the deadline.

The fee for this service — paid by the purchaser, at 10 per cent of the sale price — includes guiding prospective purchasers through

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Notice of a repossession sale

the auction process, meeting them at the ferry port and taking them to view selected properties prior to auction, accompanying them on the day of the sale and helping them through the court formalities.

The same agents also take on repossessed properties for sale at reduced prices and will send lists on request.

On its books is a restored three-bedroom terrace cottage in Lille at £10,000, and a modern four-bedroom house with half an acre, plus double-glazing and central heating, at £28,000, close to the Channel tunnel entrance.

CHERYL TAYLOR

Poetic justice done

Home from home:

Mary Henderson

The original letter in which William Wordsworth wrote: "I often ask myself what will become of Rydal Mount after our day", is framed and hung in the hall of his family home in the Lake District.

The present owner is Mrs Mary Henderson, great-great-granddaughter of the poet laureate, who in 1969 bought the house which Wordsworth rented for 37 years.

As two of the poet's other homes — Dove Cottage, where he lived for nine years, and Wordsworth House, Cockermouth, his home for 12 years — were both open to the public, Mrs Henderson felt Rydal Mount should not be overlooked.

"When my husband and I saw the house it was an absolute shambles and bitterly cold," she says. Today, however, it is a family home first, and open to visitors second.

Mrs Henderson says the conversion was not a "wholly philanthropic" venture. She received the keys on December 16, 1969, less than four months before the bicentenary of Wordsworth's birth, for which many celebrations were planned.

"It made a difference if we could open on April 7, when there were terrible high jinks in the Lake District," she says. "But before then there was so much to be done. Almost the day before there were still ladders up the front of the house, paint brushes inside."

The roof was replaced, the house rewired, the plumbing modernised to accommodate central heating and washbasins in the bedrooms and internal alterations made to create a curator's flat. They spent at least as much again as the £18,000 purchase price on essential repairs.

Many of the fine pictures and some of the furniture now in the house belonged to Wordsworth, and had been passed down through generations to Mrs Henderson, her sister and two brothers. They include a portrait of Wordsworth after he was made poet laureate, painted by the American artist Henry Inman in 1844, and the only portrait ever painted of his sister Dorothy, done in 1833. Both hang in the elegant drawing-room, which has views over the garden and Windermere.

Upstairs, one of three first-floor bedrooms open to the public has portraits of Queen Victoria and the Prince of Wales, presented to Wordsworth by the Queen. His study was created in one of the attics.

"I like to think he would be pleased with the house," Mrs Henderson says. "A visitor once said there would never have been washbasins in the bedrooms, but I like to think if Wordsworth had been here today, it's exactly the sort of thing he would have done."



Poetic heritage: Mary Henderson, Wordsworth's great-great-granddaughter, outside Rydal Mount

She is happy about the visitors, too, who have increased from 10,000 to 45,000 annually, which each year include new nationalities.

This Tuesday around 50 specially-invited guests will attend a birthday commemoration evening at Rydal Mount, including readings of the poet's work.

Queen Adelaide, widow of William IV, visited the house in July 1840 and the young Wordsworths enjoyed visits from the children of Samuel Coleridge and Thomas Arnold, of whom Matthew Arnold was to be the most celebrated.

The house is a major venture and is a great deal of hard work, Mrs

Henderson says. Although she has a competent staff of curators and guides, she writes the guide book and chooses the books and mementoes to be sold in the house. When she is at Rydal, she also gives visitors an introductory talk and regales them with anecdotes.

Mrs Henderson thinks of Rydal Mount as her second home — she has a private kitchen, living-room, sitting-room and bedroom in the house — and as a project.

Although she is a keen gardener at her home in Winchester, East Sussex, the four and a half acres at Rydal Mount are kept much as they were in Wordsworth's day.

Only the lawns are no longer in pristine condition, and a typed note pinned to the front door apologises for the state. The garden has attracted a colony of badgers who, in foraging for food, have damaged the grass.

Her two daughters and four grandchildren, who all live in the south, visit regularly and often spend Christmas at Rydal Mount.

"They all love Rydal Mount. We never look on the visitors as an intrusion, but on the odd occasion when it's just family, it's absolute heaven."

LYNNE GREENWOOD

Where salmon leap

HOUSE HUNTER
The Store House
Snowdonia

If every angler's secret dream is to have a salmon river at the bottom of his garden, the Store House, standing in a cusp of the magnificent Mawddach estuary in Snowdonia, will make it come true.

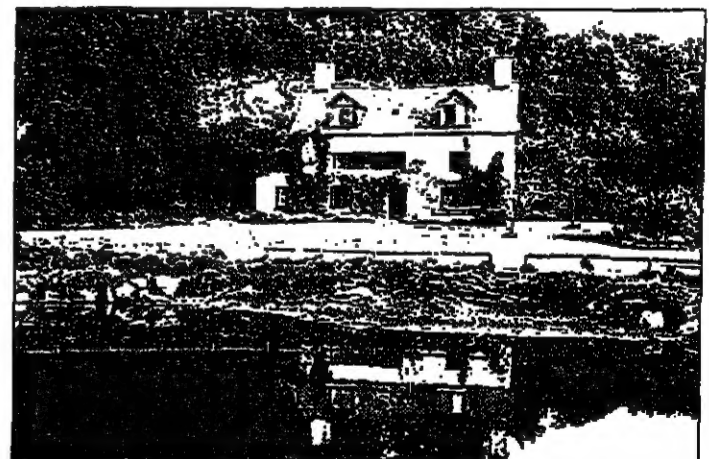
The Wnion flows just a few yards from the back door of this stone-built house, which dates back to the 1600s. Just across the lawn lies a 25ft deep holding pool where the fish, journeying upstream, take a rest, packing as closely as the Sunday morning congregations in this still staunchly chapel part of Wales.

The sale of the Store House offers salmon, sea trout and trout fishing rights, which rarely come on the market in the Snowdonia National Park area.

Serious eccentrics abound in the tall tales of salmon fishing. A holidaying High Court judge wearing only pyjamas once caught a record fish before breakfast at the Store House. It is entirely possible to sit up in bed, look out of the window, glimpse the broad back of a fish and catch it.

This is why several stout fishing rods, always tucked up with line, fly and spinners, are customarily stored on the oak beams of the main living-room.

Those black beams, picked with age into a granite hardness, have



Fish tales: Store House has one and a half miles of prime fishing

been there since the Store House was part of a busy shipping industry served by the navigable Wnion.

Although local archives reveal that the Store House used to be the cramped home of two large families, it has recently been modernised. It is one mile from the market town of Dolgellau.

The low-beamed main living-room has a stone fireplace with a large picture window overlooking the garden and the river. The similarly beamed dining-room/kitchen is fully-fitted with custom-built pine units. There is a door, concealed by fitted shelves, that leads to a prospective first-floor extension. A study has recently been fitted out for computer equipment.

The main bedroom also overlooks the Mawddach estuary and its surrounding mountains. This has an en suite shower-room. The

second bedroom shares the same stunning view from a window seat. There is also a self-contained, double-bedroom holiday flat on the rear garden level, which brings in a steady income during the fishing season.

The large slate patio outside the back door leads on to more than an acre of herbaceous plants, rockeries and decorative trees. A lovely garden, which has been designed to give year-round colour and an abundance of fruit and vegetables, includes a paddock, duck pond, dovecote and a four-berth caravan... all on 200 metres fronting the Wnion.

The owner admits the dovecote and its brief occupation by some fantails was, with hindsight, a bit of a mistake. For there are ten peregrine falcon nests in the locality. The doves were methodically taken by the peregrines within a couple of days.

So whoever buys the Store House will have to make do with its more or less resident fish and fowl. Last year a pair of kingfishers, which nest on the opposite bank, had three clutches. Eighteen herons nest on the other side of the house; they, too, are keen on fish.

With such an abundance of skilful competition, it is a wonder how human anglers have any success at all. But they do: the testament to this are in the outlines of huge salmon and trout etched into the slate slabs which make up a garden barbecue area.

When this graphic idea of recording prize catches first began, the minimum weight of a qualifying fish was 10lb. But this has had to be increased, as the slate was being used up too quickly.

The Store House's owner has taken a 25lb salmon from the holding pool at the bottom of his garden. His best sea trout was a mere 18.25lb.

GARETH PARRY

● *Sturt and Parker's Chester Office* (0244 320747) expects the Store House with its two-red (mostly double-bank) fishing rights on more than one and a half miles of the Wnion to attract offers in the region of £165,000.

Too many slates short of a decent roof

Heap of the week: Stinsford, Dorset

DORSET manors have long been the beau ideal of the English country house, so the present condition of Stinsford is tragic. The main front consists of no more than a tall *piano nobile* over a low basement, rather like a Portuguese *quinha*.

Until about six years ago Stinsford was a school. But is now in the hands of a bank and the agents are looking for offers.

Planning permission has been granted both for a hotel and for seven residential units in the house. Further planning permission to build four houses in the grounds has expired, but West Dorset District Council would probably resurrect it to aid a reasonable scheme.

The house is in what should be an idyllic position. The front looks south over a formal garden descending in terraces and enclosed by walls presumably the original layout of around 1700. Walk through a garden door to the east and you are immediately in the graveyard of the fine medieval parish church with a headstone to Thomas Hardy.

The entrance front looks west along a fine avenue... and, unfortunately, the new Dorchester by-pass.

Though the chief constable lives just 50 yards away, large areas of the roof slates have been stripped and the floors are sodden with damp. At one time squatters occupied it.

It has been suggested that the tall main floor was rebuilt after a fire in the early 19th century, as the long sash windows are set above stone basement mullions. But inside, at least one of the rooms has the remains of narrow,

fielded panelling of 1700 character, so it could be all of a piece.

The house has about six acres, and if you imagine a few cascades of rambling roses and some neat box hedges, it is easy to visualise what a romantic place it could become. Restored it could either be one large house, or the individual wings could be adapted as self-contained family houses. The extended H-plan ensures these need not overlook one another.

Stinsford is tucked away from the road through the village and behind a farm, and marches with magnificent baroque Kingston Maurward, with its superb grounds now tended by the Dorset College of Agriculture.

MARCUS BINNEY

● Full information: Goodstyle and Harding (0202 299300).



Wrecked: squatters and thieves made the house uninhabitable

Where the has-beens still are



The housewives' lunchtime companion, *Non è la Rai*: "the mores of Italian television are still those of the 1960s: women are invariably treated as dollybirds"

To anyone wondering why Italy's pop singers and politicians alike have the longest shelf life in Europe (most of the former have been around since the 1960s, the latter since the war), the answer can be gleaned from television. The entire Italian status quo floats beatifically from one cozy, uncritical tele-opportunity to another. Far from being exasperated by the slow repetitiveness of it, viewers remain entranced. Not for them the cruel turnover of British public life: they like their VIPs (pronounced veeps) preserved for eternity, like saints' relics, on constant televised display. Which is why Italian pop looks and sounds as though it is trapped in an early 1960s time warp.

Not only did the four-day Sanremo Song Festival, transmitted live in its entirety at the end of February, benefit from a two-month post-Christmas build-up, but most of its mummified castlist will be dominating TV variety shows with their sentimental ballads and digests, until well into autumn. Sanremo is a national institution in Italy and has been televised almost ever since television broadcasting was set up in 1954. Watching it is even fashionable among intellectuals, who love to feel simultaneously amused and appalled.

Now viewers are struggling through the general election campaign, leading up to Ballot Day tomorrow. Never a people to deprive themselves of choice, the Italians have some 15 national channels and about 1,000 local channels on which to view the antics of the 13 major parties and 300 minor ones taking part.

Strict broadcasting regulations contrive to create a television Lent for politicians, to match the religious one: during the electoral campaign they have to give up the comfortable chatshow sofas and jolly panel games, and stick to the party political broadcasts. This is even more painful for the pop

William Ward extols the delights of Italian television and argues that its much-criticised programmes are simply a true reflection of the society that produces and watches them

singers, actresses and footballers standing as candidates.

However, due to the plethora of parties, and the convoluted, long-winded nature of Italian political discourse (the "sound bite" is a concept untranslatable into Italian), there seems to be little room for anything except for party political broadcasts at the moment. After the elections, the ubiquitous Giulio Andreotti (Christian Democrat) will resume his sardonic chatshow quips, comical actor Nino Manfredi (Radicals) his coffee ad for Lavazza, and pornodiva Moana Pozzi (Partito d'amore), will once again be mercilessly pilloried by the alternative comedians on *Avanzi* (RAI 3).

For foreigners used to sharply edited and scripted half-hour programmes, the early Warhol movie-style longeurs of Italian television can be quite a shock. Veteran Pippo Baudo's *Domenica In* (RAI 1) rambles on for up to six hours: public broadcaster RAI's gala variety shows often last the entire evening. The American-favoured contents of Silvio Berlusconi's RTI channels tend to be pithier.

Since so much is live, there is usually little time for editing or rehearsing. Like their politicians, the Italians are naturally prolix: on television they are unstoppable. It is possible to zap one's way through 30 channels, and still find the same guest on the excellent late-night Maurizio Costanzo Show wrestling with the same thought when you come back to Canale 5.

But to condemn Italian television on the basis of timing and production values alone is to miss the point: at its best, it exhibits a raw, live energy comparable to a rock concert. There isn't an elegant

period costume drama in sight: this nation of gifted natural performers is so self-absorbed that its television is modelled almost entirely around contemporary life, leaving precious little time for tasteful reconstructions of the past.

Nouveau riche television has long taken over from neo-realist cinema as the best mirror of contemporary Italy's soul. The crude black and white images that were the perfect vehicle for Anna Magnani and Aldo Fabrizi's struggle against poverty and oppression have no useful place today.

They have been superseded by the rich, glittering colour of the variety/game shows presented by Gianfranco Funari (Italia 1) and Raffaella Carrà (RAI 1/2). Mummified media stars expect up to £20,000 just for an appearance. Gianni Minoli, RAI 2 executive and presenter of the news magazine *Mixer* calculates that the costs incurred by Italian primetime exceed those of all other European channels put together.

The Italian Catholic church, horrified by the sheer consumerist vulgarity of game show extravaganzas, has now learned from detailed surveys that viewers mostly watch televised masses "for the sumptuousness of the spectacle", and rarely "for the religious content".

Advertising is ubiquitous — not just in the breaks, but during many programmes as well, in the form of sponsorship. On the local channels, the adverts are themselves programmes — four-hour sales pitches by crazed shop assistants for quick cosmetics, cheap fur coats, and trashy jewellery.

Foreigners often unfairly criticise

Italian television for not attempting to occupy the moral high ground with endless hand-wringing documentaries of the kind common in Britain.

Far from being sordid, there is something curiously innocent, even surreal, about all the acres of naked flesh prancing across Italian screens. The human equivalent of radio jingles, their presence punctuates the visual pauses in everything from the housewives' lunchtime companion *Non è la Rai* (Canale 5) through the adolescents' fast-moving satire *Striscia la notizia* (Canale 5) to the husbands' late-night strip show, the internationally notorious *Colpo Grosso* (Italia 1).

Italian television is as politically incorrect as the society it so faithfully reflects: its mores are resolutely those of the 1960s. Women are invariably treated as dollybirds, blacks, the handicapped and the elderly are patronised furiously and children spoil rotten, particularly on the Catholic RAI 1.

The dominant trend of the last few years has been *televisione* — where ordinary people offer up the often unappealing minutiae of their private lives for public scrutiny. It was pioneered by school-marmish Donatella Raffai's *Chi l'ha visto?* (RAI 3), in which Southern peasants recount how some family member has disappeared, while viewers phone in with implausible sightings that sometimes lead to televised mawkish reunions and by *Fra mezzogiorno e mezzogiorno* (RAI 3), where matinee idol Luca Laurenti goes disgruntled married couples into violent domestic arguments. Its self-explanatory prequel *Agencia matrimoniale* (Canale 5) is tamer.

RAI 2's *Il coniglio di vivere*

turns the private anguish of concealing AIDS victims and drug addicts into public spectacle. Memorable recent variations on a theme are the charming *Scene da un matrimonio* (Canale 5) in which the sly camp Davide Mengacci visits young-to-be-weds in the provinces as they prepare for their Big Day; and the runaway success of the season, *Scherzi a parte* (Italia 1), which combines the formulae of Candid Camera and chaffow, by subjecting the rich and famous to complicated hoaxes, secretly filmed on location, followed by ritual apologies in studio. Established stars have threatened legal action, but for truly desperate has-beens, these satirical trouncings represent the precious oxygen of publicity.

Also much in vogue is *la tv delle risse* — televised rows — where the chattering classes are actively encouraged to raise their voices — and their fists. On *Littratoria* (Italia 1), the 130 kilo neo-conservative presenter Giuliano Ferrara whips his guests into a state of hysteria, while his Jacobin-radical rival Michele Santoro has just had his megaphone programme *Samarcanda* (RAI 3) suppressed until after the elections for being too controversial. The youthful art critic Vittorio Sgarbi has become a major national figure (and Liberal party candidate) thanks to his violent arguments — and punch-ups — on shows such as Ferrara's and Costanzo's.

The sheer all-encompassing vivaciousness of Italian television, portraying glamour and squalor with the same sadistic detail, doesn't just fascinate the Italians. For their millions of followers throughout the Eastern Mediterranean, RAI and RTI have made Italy into a beacon of hope, rather as BBC radio was for occupied Europe during the war.

Satellite TV listings, page 17

ARTS AND ENTERTAINMENT

AMSTERDAM

LIFE WITH AN IDIOT: World premiere of Russian composer Alfreid Schnittke's black-comedy opera, produced by Boris A. Pokrovsky, conducted by Mstislav Rostropovich and with a libretto by Viktor Erofeev. The main roles are sung by Dale Duesing, Teresa Ringholz, Howard Heskin, Leonid Zimenko and Robin Leggate. De Nederlandse Opera, Waterlooplein 22. Tel: (31 20) 6256465. Apr 13, 16, 19, 21, 23, 26, 28, 30.

ANTWERP

AMERICA — BRIDGE OF THE SUN: Exhibition examining 500 years of the interaction between European culture in the Low Countries and the Indian culture of America which bore fruit in the arts and sciences as well as in the daily life of the two civilisations. Koninklijk Museum voor Schone Kunsten, Leopold de Waelplein. Tel: (32 3) 47424118. Until May 31.

BERLIN

AVANT-GARDE DANCE: This programme offers the German premiere of a revised version of Michael Clark's *BIG 3.0*, and the world premiere of *Laytime* by Stephen Petronio and *Die Öffnung* (The Opening) by Samuel Chorochoy. Staatstheater Kammerspiele, Richard-Wagner-Strasse 10. Tel: (49 30) 3310400. Apr 5, 7, 30, May 27, June 18, 24.

FRANKFURT

THE GROSSE UTOPIE: A fascinating exploration of the Russian Avant-Garde period (1915-1932), this exhibition boasts more than 800 exhibits, two-thirds of them from museum and private collections in the Soviet Union. Schirn Kunsthalle, Am Römerberg (Tel: 49 69) 2996820. Until May 10.

HAMBURG

EMILIA GALOTTE: Gothoid Ephraim Lessing's tragedy dealing with contemporary concepts of honour and betrayal, directed by Peter Löscher. Marjan Dielhorst, Mathias Fuchs, Ingo Hölmann and

Roland Kende head the cast. Deutsches Schauspielhaus, Kichenallee. Tel: (49 20) 248770. Apr 7, 17, 19, 26.

THE GINGER MAN: Michail Bogdanov directs the play, based on J.P. Donlevy's famous and outrageous novel set in Ireland and London. Marjan Dielhorst, Marjan Dielhorst, Hans-Joachim Müller and Martin Pawlowsky head the cast. Deutsches Schauspielhaus (as above). Apr 12, 19, 21.

HELSINKI

ELINA: New opera by young composer Jukka Linkola, based on a 14th-century Finnish fable, and with libretto by Pentti Saarikallio. The story follows the wooing of Elina, a 15-year-old woodman's daughter, by a brutal and onerous judge. Finnish National Opera, Bulevardi 23-27. Tel: (359 0) 128255. Apr 7, 11, 21, 24.

LAUSANNE

15TH INTERNATIONAL LAUSANNE BIENNIAL — CONTEMPORARY TEXTILE ART: A diverse range of textiles using traditional weaving and experimental techniques. This year's show indicates a new environmental sensitivity with a trend towards using natural and recycled materials. Palais de Rumine, place de la Republique. Tel: (41 21) 230757. Opens today until June 25.

PARIS

ANDROMAQUE: Marc Camille's staging of Racine's tragedy dealing with the foibles of love and war, with Art Nouveau-inspired costumes by Carlo Tommasi. Théâtre National de Chaillot, 1 place du Trocadéro. Tel: (33 1) 4728115. Until Apr 25.

TOULOUSE-LAUTREC: From prancing horses to dancing girls, Toulouse-Lautrec captured French life with unrivalled veracity. This dynamic retrospective, featuring 200 works, demonstrates a more diverse range of styles than had previously been thought. Galerie Nationale du Grand Palais, avenue des Champs-Élysées. Tel: (33 1) 4643885. Until June 1.

WORLD SERVICE RADIO

SATURDAY APRIL 4: 8.00am World News, 8.30am World News, 9.00am World News, 9.30am World News, 10.00am World News, 10.30am World News, 11.00am World News, 11.30am World News, 12.00pm World News, 12.30pm World News, 1.00pm World News, 1.30pm World News, 2.00pm World News, 2.30pm World News, 3.00pm World News, 3.30pm World News, 4.00pm World News, 4.30pm World News, 5.00pm World News, 5.30pm World News, 6.00pm World News, 6.30pm World News, 7.00pm World News, 7.30pm World News, 8.00pm World News, 8.30pm World News, 9.00pm World News, 9.30pm World News, 10.00pm World News, 10.30pm World News, 11.00pm World News, 11.30pm World News, 12.00am World News, 12.30am World News, 1.00am World News, 1.30am World News, 2.00am World News, 2.30am World News, 3.00am World News, 3.30am World News, 4.00am World News, 4.30am World News, 5.00am World News, 5.30am World News, 6.00am World News, 6.30am World News, 7.00am World News, 7.30am World News, 8.00am World News, 8.30am World News, 9.00am World News, 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